

Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Conifers, & Climbing Plants, &c.



Rhododendrons in a Lancashire Garden

Clibrans

Clibrans,

Altrincham,
Manchester,
& Bramhall.

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SEED, BULB AND FLORAL
DEPOTS:

10 and 12, Market Street, Manchester.
13, Stamford New Road, Altrincham.

SEED AND BULB TRIAL GROUNDS: BRAMHALL, CHESHIRE.

BUSINESS TERMS:

Remittances.—Accounts due Quarterly and Half-Yearly, strictly nett; 2½ per cent. discount allowed off Plants, Trees, &c., and 5 per cent. off Seeds and Bulbs for cash within 14 days after the receipt of invoice; Cut Flowers, Wreaths, Bonquets, &c., are all sold for prompt cash, and not subject to discount. Small amounts may be remitted in stamps. No receipt sent for sums under 2/6, unless stamp is sent to cover postage.

Occasional Customers.—In cases of small orders, customers are respectfully requested to send remittances in prepayment.

Despatch of Goods.—All orders will be treated in rotation, and the utmost despatch exercised, but in the busy season delay in forwarding is sometimes unavoidable.

Nomenclature.—Every care is taken to supply goods true to name, but mistakes may occur. We shall be glad if our patrons will communicate with us immediately an error is discovered, and we will then return the amount paid or replace with the true variety if in stock; but we cannot take further responsibility. **Please Note**, goods are supplied on this condition only.

Packages.—Crates, Baskets, and Mats are invariably charged at less than cost of material, and in no case when returned can the full amount charged be allowed, as value is depreciated by the journey. We allow their intrinsic value when received here, and in no case will this exceed two-thirds of invoice price. **Please Note**, material used in the packing of bundles is not returnable. Sender's name and address should be attached to packages when returned, and an advice sent by post.

Carriage of Goods.—Bulbs and Seeds are sent carriage paid. Plants, Trees, and

heavy Garden Sundries, if ordered in cart or hury loads will be delivered free any reasonable distance from the Nurseries, or if a railway truck load is ordered, we will make special carriage arrangements according to amount, distance, &c., but in no other cases can we pay carriage on these unless we charge it in invoice; extra Plants, however, are always added to compensate in part for carriage when not delivered free.

Please Note.—In consequence of the Railway Companies having intimated that they will pay no claim for damage or delay of goods sent at "Owner's Risk," we wish to point out to our customers that our responsibility ceases when goods are delivered to the Railway Company, and that we supply goods on this condition only. In the event of any of our customers desiring to have goods forwarded at "Company's Risk," we shall be happy to do so upon receipt of instructions; otherwise we shall continue to despatch goods at "Owner's Risk" thus effecting a saving of about 15 per cent.

Plants in Stock.—All orders are received subject to the Plants being in stock at the time. When not in stock no substitution will be made unless the customer desires.

Late Orders.—In cases of failure when Plants are ordered out of season, we cannot take any responsibility, as such arise through causes beyond our control.

Accuracy of Description.—The descriptions of many varieties of Plants are those of the raiser, for which we cannot take any responsibility, but every care is taken to trithfully describe.

Complaints respecting damage in transit, or relating to goods supplied, must be made immediately on receipt or cannot be entertained.

Telegrams:
CLIBRANS, Hale, Altrincham;
or
CLIBRANS, Market Street, Manchester.

Telephones:
No. 16 Altrincham, for Nursery.
No. 3x Altrincham, For Seed, Bulb, and
No. 170 Manchester,) Floral Depots.

ORDER SHEET. (List No. 269.)

CLIBRANS,

**NURSERYMEN, SEED AND BULB
MERCHANTS, LANDSCAPE
GARDENERS, FLORISTS, Etc.,**

Are requested to forward Goods as under,
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Chief Office and
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HALE, ALTRINCHAM.

Seed, Bulb, and
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10 end 12, Market Street,
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13, Stamford New Road,
ALTRINCHAM.
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Acre Lane, **BRAMHALL**

Acre Lene, BRAMHALL.

Name

Address

Post Town

Railway Station.....

Signature of Person Ordering.....

Date.....190

FOR BUSINESS TERMS, SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER.

All Letters to be addressed to, and P. O. Orders and Cheques made payable at, ALTRINCHAM.

Amount carried forward ..

BE SURE YOU FILL IN NAME AND ADDRESS

Quantity.

DESCRIPTION.

£ s. d.

Amount brought forward ...

TOTAL **E**

CLIBRANS'

Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Conifers, Climbers, &c.

THE charming effects that can be obtained by the judicious selection and planting of the many ornamental trees and shrubs are apparently without limit. The great diversity in form and outline of growth, the variation in colouration of the flowers and the seasons when they are produced, the many beautiful berries by which so many of them are succeeded, the evergreen and deciduous character of the foliage, all form an illimitable source of beauty from which the loveliest pictures can be evolved.

Though the value of these beautiful subjects is certainly better appreciated than formerly, there is every reason to believe that their popularity will still further extend.

This is as it should be, and nothing can give the true lover of nature more satisfaction than to see the lovely forms of trees and shrubs she so bountifully provides, appreciated at their proper value.

It is continually our aim and desire to make our collection of these subjects as complete and comprehensive of all that is beautiful and best, as is possible.

In the following pages will be found the best and most ornamental representatives of the many families; there are others that we do not include, owing perhaps to some weakness of constitution or other character that renders them unsuitable for general cultivation. Our purpose has been to bring together all those that are most desirable and can be relied upon to thrive well, if given ordinary care and attention.

Our stock of Trees, Shrubs, and Hardy Woody Plants in general, have never been in better condition than they are now. Perfect development, well ripened, and splendidly rooted, correctly named, free from all pests and disease, they are in an ideal condition for removal and cannot fail, if given ordinary care and attention, to give complete satisfaction to our customers. The fact that our open ground nurseries cover 350 acres, and that our sales are annually increasing, is proof that our efforts to supply the highest quality in Trees, Shrubs, and allied plants, at moderate prices, has met, and continues to meet with the best of all appreciations, viz., "repeat orders."

We have always made it a point, and shall continue to do so, to give every facility to our customers or prospective customers, if they so desire, *to inspect our stocks*. In our opinion, nothing is so satisfactory or so convincing to the purchaser as having the opportunity of inspecting the goods before buying. *We welcome inspection*, and shall at all times be pleased to send a conveyance either to Hale or Altrincham Station to meet any of our friends, upon receiving intimation a few posts in advance of their arrival.

NOTE.

An Index of all the plants included in this List will be found at the end. Many species and varieties not included can be supplied. We invite enquiries for any plants that may not be found herein.

Extra size specimens of Trees and Shrubs can be supplied. Prices and full particulars will be gladly furnished on receipt of notification of subjects desired.

CONIFERÆ.

The great variety of form and colour to be found among Coniferæ, and their general hardiness in this country, render them extremely valuable for ornamental planting. They make striking objects either planted singly or in groups, and if judiciously associated with deciduous and ornamental trees, wonderful effects may be produced.

In the following list we have aimed at offering only the most popular and most useful coniferous trees; there are many other rare and beautiful kinds, but a large number of them are somewhat tender, and only suitable for planting in sheltered and well-protected situations.

All have been recently transplanted, are excellently rooted and well-furnished, special care having been taken in planting, so as to ensure safety in removal, also that each specimen may be as perfect as possible.

**Conifers, in a variety of sizes, suitable for Timber Production will be found listed in our
Foresters' Guide—Post Free on request.**



Photo]

ABIES PUNGENS GLAUCA (the Blue Spruce).
Growing in our Nurseries.

Of this lovely Conifer we have a splendid stock. As a specimen it makes a beautiful subject.

[Clibrans

CONIFERÆ—continued.

Many sorts can be supplied cheaper if ordered in quantity. Special prices will be quoted on application. We shall also be pleased to quote sizes and prices of any Conifers not included in this list upon application.

ABIES

- 6 **Albertiana** (*Tsuga mertensiana*). Similar to *A. canadensis*, but of more vigorous and upright growth, and more gracefully pendulous. 2 to 3 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 15/- to 24/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 4 to 5 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; 5 to 6 feet, 5/- to 7/6 each.
- 9 **Alcockiana** (*Picea Alcockiana*). A fine species for planting as an isolated specimen, 2/6, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 12 **Arizonica var. argentea** (*White Cork Silver Fir*). This new, distinct, and most lovely Conifer is destined to become very popular; it was discovered growing at a high altitude in Arizona, and as a consequence is perfectly hardy in any situation. The foliage is of a beautiful silvery colour, and is very attractive; the most remarkable feature, however, is its bark, which is of a thick corky character, and of a pretty cream colour, making it quite distinct from any other Conifer. Small plants, 10/6, 15/- to 21/- each.
- 14 **canadensis** (*Tsuga canadensis*) (*The Hemlock Spruce*), compact pendulous habit, very graceful. 2 to 2½ feet, 1/-, 1/6 and 2/- each; 2½ to 3 feet, 1/6, 2/- and 2/6 each; 3 to 4 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each; larger, 3/6, 5/- to 10/6 each.
- 18 **Douglasii** (*Pseudotsuga Douglasii*) (*The Douglas Fir*), noble, vigorous, perfectly hardy, and of rapid growth. 2 to 3 feet, 6d. each, 5/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 1/- to 1/3 each, 9/- to 12/- per doz. 4 to 5 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each, 18/- to 24/- per doz.; larger, 3/6 to 7/6 each.
- 19 —— **glaucia** (*True Colorado* variety). 2 to 3 feet, 9d. each, 6/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 15/- to 24/- per doz.
- 29 **excelsa** (*Picea excelsa*) (*Norway Spruce*). Selected plants, 1½ to 2 feet, 6d. each, 4/- per doz., 25/- per 100; 2 to 2½ feet, 1/- to 1/6 each, 9/- to 12/- per doz., 50/- to 60/- per 100; extra transplanted, and grown singly. (For smaller sizes see Special List of Forest Trees).
- 40 **Hookeriana** (*Tsuga pattoniana*), handsome species of neat habit; foliage of a beautiful glaucous hue. 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 47 **Menziesii** (*Picea sitchensis*), beautiful silvery species of noble appearance. 2 to 3 feet, 9d. to 1/- each, 6/- to 9/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; larger, 5/- to 10/6 each.
- 48 **Morinda** (*Syn. Smithiana* and *Picea morinda*), an elegant ornamental species with somewhat pendulous branches. Small plants only, 1/- to 1/6 each; larger, 5/- to 7/6 each.
- 50 **nigra** (*Picea nigra*) (*Black American Spruce*), 6d., 9d. and 1/- each.
- 54 **orientalis** (*Picea orientalis*), neat habit and excellent appearance. 1 to 2 feet, 6/- to 9/- per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 12/- to 18/- per doz.
- 58 **pungens** (*Picea pungens*) (*syn. Parryana*). 1½ to 2 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 9/- to 12/- per doz.; 2 to 3 feet, 1/6 and 2/6 each.
- 60 —— **glaucia** (see illustration on opposite page). The finest of all blue Conifers. Its remarkable colour and symmetrical form render it one of the best for the lawn. 6 to 9 inches, 15/- per 100, 125/- per 1,000; 1 to 1½ feet, 2/- to 3/6 each, 21/- to 36/- per doz. Extra transplanted, perfect specimens: 1½ to 2 feet, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz., 150/- per 100; 2 to 2½ feet, 3/6 each, 36/- per doz., 250/- per 100; 2½ to 3 feet, 5/- each, 48/- per doz., 350/- per 100; 3 to 3½ feet, 7/6 each, 72/- per doz., 500/- per 100.
- 62 —— —— **Kosteril**, intense blue, of good form and habit, distinct and attractive, strong vigorous plants, 3/6, 5/-, 7/6 to 21/- each.

ARAUCARIA

- 65 **imbricata** (*Monkey Puzzle*). The greatest ornament among Conifers. 1 to 1½ feet, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.; 1½ to 2 feet, 2/6 each, 21/- per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 3/6 each, 36/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 5/- each, 48/- per doz.; larger sizes, 10/6 and 21/- each.

BIOTA (*Chinese Arborvitæ*). The *Biotas* are now classed as *Thuyas*. The following are varieties of *Thuya orientalis* :—

- 70 **orientalis**, a pyramidal habited Conifer, with bright green foliage. 1 to 2 feet, 1/- each, 9/- per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 1/6 each, 12/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 2/- each, 18/- per doz.
- 72 —— **aurea** (*Golden Arborvitæ*), beautiful golden-tipped branchlets, forms a globular-shaped bush. 2/- to 5/- each.
- 74 —— **elegantissima**, young shoots golden yellow during summer and autumn, conical habit. 1½ to 2 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each; 2 to 2½ feet, 2/- to 2/6 each; 2½ to 3 feet, 2/6 and 3/- each; larger sizes, 3/6 and 5/- each.
- 76 —— **semper aurescens**, desirable form, retains its bright golden hue throughout the year, dense habit, 1/6 to 3/6.
- 80 —— **tararica**, bright green foliage, compact habit, forms grand specimens. 2 to 2½ feet, 1/- to 1/6 each, 9/- to 15/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each, 18/- to 24/- per doz.

CEDRUS (*Cedar*).

- 85 **atlantica** (*The Atlas Cedar*), very hardy and of rapid growth, leaves have a glaucous or silvery hue. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/- to 2/6 each; 2 to 3 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 3 to 4 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; larger specimens, 7/6 to 21/- each.
- 86 — **aurea** (F.C.C., R.H.S.), an exact counterpart of *Cedrus atlantica argentea* except in colour, the young growth being of a rich golden-yellow passing in the second year to the normal green; a splendid subject for a lawn, and a pleasing and effective contrast to the green and silver forms. 5/- to 21/-
- 93 — **glaucia**, distinct glaucous foliage, very handsome. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 2/- to 3/6 each, 2 to 3 feet, 3/6 each; 3 to 4 feet, 5/- each; 4 to 5 feet, 7/6 each; larger, 10/6 to 21/- each.
- 97 **Deodara** (*Deodar*), desirable species of graceful pendulous appearance. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/6 each; 2 to 3 feet, 2/- to 3/- each; 3 to 4 feet, 3/- to 5/- each; 4 to 5 feet, 5/- to 7/6 each; 5 to 6 feet, 7/6 each; larger, 12/6 to 21/- each.
- 100 **Libani** (*The Cedar of Lebanon*). $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 2/6 each; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 3/6 each; 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet, 5/- each; 3 to 4 feet, 7/6 each.

CEPHALOTAXUS (*Chinese Yew*).

- 105 **drupacea** (*Cluster-Flowered Yew*). Very distinct and handsome. 2/6 to 10/6 each.
- 108 **Fortunei**. A distinct species from northern China. 1/6 each, 12/- per dozen.
- 110 **pedunculata fastigata** (*Taxus japonica*) dark glossy green leaves, upright habit. 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

CHAMAECYPARIS

- 119 **sphaeroidea variegata** (*Cupressus Thyoides variegata*), a handsome golden variegated variety. 1/6 to 3/6 each.

CRYPTOMERIA (*Japanese Cedar*).

- 125 **japonica**, of rapid growth and pyramidal outline. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each; 10/6 to 15/- per doz.; 2 to 3 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each, 21/- and 24/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 3/- and 3/6 each, 30/- and 36/- per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 3/6 to 4/- each, 36/- and 48/- per doz.; larger, 5/6 to 10/6 each.
- 129 — **elegans**, foliage bronzy-crimson throughout the winter, a most beautiful tree when well-grown. 1/- to 3/6 each.
- 135 — **pyramidalis compacta**, a very pretty dense growing form. 2/6 to 5/- each.

CUPRESSUS (*Cypress*).

- 140 **funebris** (*pendula*), a very ornamental half-hardy Chinese species, fine feathery foliage, useful for greenhouse and indoor decoration. In pots, 9d. to 5/- each.
- 144 **Lawsoniana** (*The Lawson Cypress*), hardy and quick growing, forms handsome specimens. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 4d. each, 3/- per doz., 20/- per 100; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 6d. each, 5/- per doz.; 25/- and 30/- per 100; 2 to 3 feet, 9d. to 1/- each, 6/- and 9/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each, larger specimens, 7/6 to 10/6 each.
- 150 — **albo spica**, young foliage elegantly tipped with white, 1/-, 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 155 — **albo-variegata**, foliage deep green, with white variegation. 1/-, 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 165 — **Allumii**, pretty and distinct, glaucous varicity. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 9d. to 1/- each, 7/6 to 9/- per doz.; 2 to 3 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each; 3 to 4 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each; 4 to 5 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 5 to 6 feet, 3/6 each; larger specimens, 5/- to 7/6 each.



CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA "TRIOMPHE DE BOSKOOP." (See page 5).
A vigorous growing variety of a pleasing blue colour.
From a photo taken in our Nurseries.

Cupressus (*Cypress*)—continued.

- 170 — **Lawsoniana argentea** (*Smithii*), foliage of almost silvery whiteness. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each, 9/- to 15/- per doz.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each, 18/- to 24/- per doz.; larger specimens, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 175 — — **aurea variegata**, pyramidal habit; the young branches are coloured bright yellow; an attractive variety. 1/-, 1/6, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 180 — — **Dicksoni**, bright green form, of dense and compact habit. 1/-, 1/6 and 2/6 each.
- 185 — — **erecta Fraseri**, a robust variety, growing erect, bushy and green. 1 to 2 feet, 6d. and 9d. each; 2 to 3 feet, 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each; 3 to 4 feet, 1/6, 2/- to 2/6 each; 4 to 5 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 190 — — — **viridis**, compact growing variety with bright green foliage. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 6d., 9d. and 1/- each, 5/-, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/-, 1/3 to 1/6 each, 10/6, 12/- to 15/- per doz.; 2 to 3 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 12/-, 18/- to 24/- per doz.; larger, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 195 — — — **albo variegata**, pretty silver variegated form of preceding. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 197 — — — **aureus**, a striking and effective variety. In habit, growth, vigour, &c., it is the counterpart of *viridis*, but is of a beautiful golden colour that is retained throughout the year. It is perfectly hardy. 3/6 and 5/- each.
- 200 — — **filifera glauca**, very distinct and most graceful variety, branches tinged with blue, 1/6, 2/6 to 5/- each.
- 205 — — **glauca Veltchli**, glaucous-tinted foliage, erect habit. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 1/- to 1/6 each, 9/- to 15/- per doz.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 15/- to 24/- per doz.; larger plants, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 210 — — **gracilis**, graceful pendulous habit. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 7/6, 9/- to 15/- per doz.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 10/6, 15/- to 24/- per doz.; larger plants, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 211 — — **aurea**, pretty golden variety; pendulous habit. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 213 — — **Intertexta**, a strong grower, of pendulous habit. 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 215 — — **lutea**, handsome golden foliage, very hardy. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 9d., 1/- to 1/3 each, 7/6, 10/6 and 12/- per doz.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/6, 2/- to 2/6 each; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet, 2/6, 3/6 to 5/- each; larger plants, 7/6 to 21/- each.
- 220 — — **Milford Blue Jacket**, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 1/- each, 9/- per doz.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each; larger, 5/- to 7/6 each.
- 225 — — **nana**, dwarf, compact habit. 1/-, 1/6 to 3/6 each.
- 227 — — — **glauca**, dwarf, compact habit, bluish foliage. 1/- to 2/6 each.
- 231 — — **Olbrichi**, a very distinct form of compact habit, fine bluish foliage. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 1/- to 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 2/- and 2/6 each; larger plants, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 236 — — **patula**, very distinct variety of spreading habit, foliage long and thread-like. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 1/- to 1/6 each, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 239 — — **prostrata**, distinct, of a prostrate rambling habit, 1/- to 2/6 each.
- 247 — — **Shawii**, graceful, feathery foliage, dense, compact habit. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 9d., and 1/- each, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each; larger, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 252 — — **Silver Queen**, handsome and hardy Conifer, with silver foliage. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 1/-, 1/3 to 1/6 each; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 2/- to 2/6 each; larger, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 257 — — **stricta Backhousiana**, beautiful and vigorous form, fine silvery appearance, pyramidal habit. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/- each; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 1/6, 2/- to 2/6 each; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 262 — — **Triomphe de Boskoop**, vigorous grower, one of the finest blue Conifers in cultivation, see illustration on page 4. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 1/3 to 1/6 each; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each; 2 to 3 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each, 21/- and 24/- doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 3/6 each; 4 to 5 feet, 5/- each; 5 to 6 feet, 7/6 each; larger, 10/6 to 15/- each.
- 266 — — **versicolor**, foliage variegated with gold and silver, graceful pendulous habit. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 1/- each, 9/- per doz.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; larger, 5/- to 7/6 each.
- 269 — — **Westermannii**, very distinct kind, with golden wood, bearing yellowish foliage. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/6 and 2/6 each 15/- to 24/- per doz.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 3/6 each.
- 271 — — **Wisselli**, a distinct variety of close pyramidal habit, with a glaucous tint. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

Six pretty and distinct varieties of *C. Lawsoniana*, our selection for 4/6, 6/-, 9/-, 12/- and 15/-

Cupressus (*Cypress*)—continued.**JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS AUREA.**

A charming bush Conifer with bright golden foliage, in some districts it attains a tree-like form.

From a photo taken in our Nurseries.

- 327 **communis**, forms a low, dense, somewhat spreading bush. 1/- to 2/6 each.
- 333 —— **hibernica**, (*Irish Juniper*), upright growing variety, handsome and ornamental. 1½ to 2 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 2/- to 2/6 each, 18/- to 24/- per doz.; larger plants, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 336 **excelsa stricta**, a neat growing pyramidal form, glaucous tint. 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 340 **japonica aurea**, a pretty golden variegated form. 1/6, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 344 **Sabina** (*Savin*), a well-known hardy species. 1½ to 2 feet, 6d. and 9d. each; 2 to 2½ feet, 9d. to 1/- each; 2½ to 3 feet, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.
- 347 —— **tamariscifolia**, an elegant prostrate shrub, for banks and rockwork. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 351 —— **variegata**, silvery variegated form of the type. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 356 **virginiana** (*The Red Cedar*), forms a straight stemmed tree with reddish brown bark; ornamental and effective. 6d., 9d., 1/- to 2/6 each.
- 360 —— **glaucia** (*argentea*), fine habit, glaucous foliage. 1½ to 2 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 and 15/- per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 2/- and 2/6 each, 21/- and 24/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 25/- to 36/- per doz.; larger, 5/- to 7/6 each.
- 364 —— **Schottii**, bright green foliage, pyramidal habit. 2 to 2½ feet, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.; larger, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

290 **Macrocarpa**, rapid grower, desirable for planting near the sea. In pots, 1/-, 1/6 and 2/6 each.

292 —— **lutea**, a very graceful form of the above, with bright golden foliage, particularly adapted to warm localities. In pots, 9 to 12 inches, 9d. to 1/- each, 6/- to 9/- per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.

295 **Nootkatensis**, (*Thuyaopsis borealis*), very pretty, and one of the best Conifers grown. 1½ to 2 feet, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 7/6, 9/- to 15/- per doz.; 2 to 3 feet, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/- each, 10/6, 15/- to 21/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 4 to 5 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; larger specimens, 7/6 to 10/6 each.

299 —— **albo-variegata**, a charming variegated form, 1/-, 1/6 to 3/6 each.

302 —— **aurea-variegata**, pretty golden variegated variety, 1/6 to 5/- each.

306 —— **compacta**, dense growing variety. 1/6 to 3/6 each.

312 **Sempervirens**, an ornamental species of upright habit, hardy in the south and south-west of England. In pots, 1/- to 1/6 each.

GINGKO

biloba (*see Salisburia adiantifolia*).

JUNIPERUS (*Juniper*).

316 **chinensis**, forms a beautiful bush of bright green foliage. 1½ to 2 feet, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 2/- to 2/6 each, 18/- to 24/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 3/- to 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz.; larger plants, 5/- to 7/6 each.

320 **Chinensis albo-variegata**, a pretty white variegated form. 1 to 1½ feet, 1/6 each; 1½ to 2 feet, 2/6 each; larger, 3/6 to 5/- each.

324 —— **aurea** (*Young's*), bright golden foliage, very attractive. *See illustration.* 1 to 1½ feet, 2/- to 2/6 each; 1½ to 2 feet, 3/- to 3/6 each; larger, 5/- to 7/6 each.

LARIX (*Larch*).

- 370 **europaea**, 3 to 4 feet, extra transplanted, grown singly, 4d. and 6d. each, 3/6 to 4/6 per doz.; 25/- and 30/- per 100.
- 376 **Kämpferi** (*Golden Larch*), a pretty species, with leaves of a beautiful bright green when young, becoming golden yellow in autumn. Small plants 2/6 each.
- 377 **leptolepis** (*Japanese Larch*), a very attractive species of rapid growth and handsome foliage. 3 to 4 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each. For smaller sizes of European and Japanese Larch, see our Special List of Forest Trees.

LIBOCEDRUS (*Incense Cedar*).

- 380 **decurrents**, handsome tree of compact growth. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

PICEA

- 385 **amabilis** (*Abies amabilis*), magnificent, very massive in appearance. 5/- to 7/6 each.
- 389 **balsamea** (*Balm of Gilead*), 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 394 **brachyphylla** (*Abies brachyphylla*), very handsome, one of the hardiest. 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 399 **cephalonica** (*Abies cephalonica*), distinct and beautiful. 1/6 to 5/- each.
- 406 **concolor** (*Abies concolor*), a very handsome species. 2/6 to 7/6 each.
- 409 — **violacea**, glaucous form of above, very pretty. 3/6 to 7/6 each.
- 413 **firma** (*Abies firma*), an ornamental variety, requiring a sunny position. Very distinct. 3/6 to 7/6 each.
- 418 **grandis** (*Abies Grandis*) (*The Great Silver Fir*), very rapid grower and forms a large specimen. 1/6 to 5/- each.
- 422 **lasiocarpa** (*Abies Lowiana*), symmetrical tree with long grey leaves. 2/6 to 10/6 each.
- 426 **magnifica** (*Abies magnifica*), a tall and stately species. 2/6 to 5/- each.
- 434 **nobilis** (*Abies nobilis*), majestic tree, strikingly distinct, 1½ to 2 feet, 2/6 to 3/- each; 2 to 2½ feet, 3/- to 3/6 each; 2½ to 3 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; larger, 7/6 to 21/- each.
- 435 — **glaucia**, glaucous form of above. 3/6 to 7/6 each.
- 439 **Nordmanniana** (*Abies nordmanniana*), noble species, worthy of general cultivation. 1 to 1½ feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 1½ to 2 feet, 2/6 to 3/- each, 24/- to 30/- per doz.; 2 to 3 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each, 36/- to 50/- per doz.
- 444 **pectinata** (*Abies pectinata*) (*Common Silver Fir*). 1/- to 2/6 each.
- 449 **pinsapo** (*Abies pinsapo*), handsome tree, very dense and distinct. 1 to 1½ feet, 2/6 to 3/- each; 1½ to 2 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; 2 to 2½ feet, 5/- to 7/6 each; 2½ to 3 feet, 7/6 to 10/6 each; larger, up to 21/- each.
- 457 **sub-alpina** (*Abies sub-alpina*), considered an improvement on *lasiocarpa*. 3/6 to 7/6 each.
- 458 **Veitchii** (*Abies Veitchii*), an ornamental species, forming a tree of slender habit. 3/6 to 7/6 each.

PINUS

- 464 **austriaca** (*laricio nigricans*) (*Austrian Pine*). This is one of the best for planting as shelter, and makes splendid specimens. Extra transplanted and very bushy. 1½ to 2 feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 4/- and 5/- per doz., 25/- to 35/- per 100; 2 to 3 feet, 1/- each, 9/- per doz., 50/- to 75/- per 100; 3 to 4 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each; 21/- and 24/- per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; larger specimens, 7/6, 10/6 and upwards each. For smaller sizes see our Special List of Forest Trees.
- 469 **Cembra** (*Stone Pine*), distinct species of conical growth, 1½ to 2 feet, 6d. and 9d. each; 5/- to 9/- per doz.; 2 to 3 feet, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each; 9/- to 15/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 1/6, 2/- and 2/6 each; 15/-, 21/- to 24/- per doz.; larger specimens, 3/- to 10/6 each.
- 472 **excelsa** (*The Bhotan Pine*), handsome tree, spreading habit, glaucous green foliage, 2 to 3 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each; 18 to 24/- per doz. 3 to 4 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 24/- to 36/- per doz.
- 477 **insignis** (*The Monterey Pine*), foliage grassy green, makes fine specimens in sheltered situations, 1/6 to 5/- each.
- 479 **Jeffreyi**, a Californian species attaining a great height, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 483 **Laricio** (*Corsican Pine*), a rapid growing pyramidal tree. 1/6 to 7/6 each.
For smaller sizes see our Special List of Forest Trees.
- 488 **macrocarpa** (*Coulteri*), a majestic tree, remarkable for the length of its leaves, and size of its cones. 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 494 **Massoniana** (*Thunbergii*) an ornamental Japanese pine. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 496 **Montana** (*Mountain Pine*). See Special List of Forest Trees.

Pinus—continued.**RETINOSPORA PLUMOSA AUREA.**

A charming variety either in a small or large stage, well adapted for window boxes, bedding tubs, or as a lawn or shrubbery plant. *See page 9.*

From a Photo taken in our Nursery.

- 521 **leptoclada**, handsome pyramidal growth, distinct. 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 526 **obtusa** (*Cupressus obtusa*), light shining green foliage, forms a beautiful specimen, very hardy. 1½ to 2 feet, 9d. and 1/- each; 2 to 3 feet, 1/- to 2/- each; 3 to 4 feet, 2/- to 3/6 each.
- 534 —— **compacta**, handsome variety of dwarf and compact habit, 12 to 15 in., 9d. each; 6/- per doz.; larger, 1/6 to 5/- each.
- 535 —— **Crippsi**, a beautiful Conifer of graceful and pyramidal habit, colour bright golden-yellow; a decided acquisition. 1/6, 2/6 to 7/6 each.
- 543 —— **pygmæa** (*nana*), a Japanese form of exceedingly slow growth, rarely exceeding 1 foot high. It spreads horizontally, forming a dense tuft of green sprays. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 548 **pisifera** (*Cupressus pisifera*), splendid quick growing variety, with long feathery branches. 2 to 3 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each, 9/- to 12/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/-, 18/- to 21/- per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz.; larger, 5/- to 21/- each.
- 552 —— **aurea**, habit like preceding, but with bright golden foliage. 1½ to 2 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each; 2 to 2½ feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each; 2½ to 3 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 3 to 4 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; larger plants 7/6 to 15/- each.
- 560 **plumosa** (*Cupressus pisifera plumosa*) this and its varieties are extremely beautiful dwarf shrubs. The first two sizes are admirably adapted for window boxes, &c., &c. 1 to 1½ feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 4/6 and 6/- per doz., 35/- to 45/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 10/6 per doz., 50/- per 100; 2 to 2½ feet, 1/- each, 10/6 per doz.; 75/- per 100; 2½ to 3 feet, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each; 4 to 5 feet, 3/6 each; larger, 5/- to 10/6 each.

497 **Monticola**, a handsome tree of erect pyramidal habit. 1/6 each.

498a **Pinaster** (*Maritima*), an excellent tree for planting on land exposed to sea breezes. 1/- to 2/6 each.

500 **rigidus** (*Pitch Pine*). *See Special List of Forest Trees.*

502 **Strobos** (*Weymouth Pine*). 6d., 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each; 4/-, 6/-, 9/- and 12/- per doz., larger specimens, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

506 **syvestris** (*Scotch Fir*), extra transplanted, grown singly, 3 to 3½ feet, 9d. to 1/- each; 7/6 to 9/- per doz.; 3½ to 4 feet, 1/3 to 1/6 each; 12/- to 15/- per doz.

For smaller sizes see our Special List of Forest Trees.

RETINOSPORA.

512 **ericoides**, a dwarf compact bush of conical form, 1/- and 1/6 each, 9/- and 12/- per doz.

515 **fillera** (*Thuya orientalis pendula*) graceful thread-like branchlets, elegant habit, 1½ to 2 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each; larger, 2/6 to 7/6 each.

517 —— **aurea**, habit like preceding, but foliage of a beautiful golden shade; undoubtedly a valuable acquisition, 1/6, 2/6 to 5/- each.

Retinospora—continued.

- 564 **plumosa albo-variegata** (*Cupressus pisifera plumosa argentea*), pretty silver variegated form. 1/6, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 568 — **aurea** (*Cupressus pisifera plumosa aurea*), bright golden colour, retained throughout the year, splendid plant for winter bedding, or growing in pots or window boxes. 6 to 9 inches, 6d. each, 5/- per doz., 35/- per 100; 9 to 12 inches, 9d. each, 7/6 per doz., 50/- per 100; 12 to 15 inches, 1/- each, 10/6 per doz.; 15 to 18 inches, 1/- and 1/6 each, 12/- and 15/- per doz.; 1½ to 2 feet, 1/6 each, 18/- per doz., 120/- per 100; 2 to 2½ feet, 2/- each, 21/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz.; larger, 5/- to 21/- each. See illustration, page 8.
- 570 — **Sanderi**, a new blue Conifer. The habit of the plant is distinct from all other *Retinosporas*, being dwarf, dense, cushion-like and semi-globular in shape, of a glaucous blue colour. This, together with its close symmetrical form, gives it a most distinct and charming appearance. It is spoken of as being thoroughly hardy and standing the most severe winters. 1/6 and 2/6 each.
- 572 **squarrosa** (*Cupressus pisifera squarrosa*), distinct and pretty foliage of a pleasing glaucous hue. 1/-, 1/6 and 2/6 each.

Six pretty and distinct varieties of *Retinosporas*, our selection, for 4/6, 6/-, 9/- or 12/-.

SALISBURIA

- 580 **adiantifolia** (*syn. Gingko biloba*). The Maidenhair Tree; distinct deciduous Conifer, with large fan-shaped leaves. 1/-, 1/6 to 5/- each.

SEQUOIA

- gigantea** (*see Wellingtonia gigantea*).

- 590 **sempervirens** (*Californian red-wood*), 2/6 to 3/6 each.

TAXODIUM

- 596 **distichum** (*Deciduous Cypress*), exceedingly ornamental. Prune closely when transplanting. Thrives exceedingly well when planted with its roots in close proximity to water. 1/6, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.

TAXUS (*Yew*).

- 602 **baccata** (*English Yew*). 1 to 1½ feet, 4/- per doz., 25/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 6d. to 9d. each, 5/- per doz., 40/- per 100; 2 to 2½ feet, 1/- each, 10/6 per doz., 60/- to 75/- per 100; 2½ to 3 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 15/- to 21/- per doz., 120/- to 150/- per 100; 3 to 3½ feet, 2/- to 3/6 each, 30/- to 36/- per doz.; 3½ to 4 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each, 36/- to 42/- per doz.; larger specimens, 7/6 to 21/- each.

- 607 — **adpressa**. Shining dark green foliage, very beautiful. 1½ to 2 feet, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.; larger, 5/- to 10/6 each.

- 608 — — **aurea var.**, a pretty golden form of the preceding. 1 to 1½ feet, 1/6 each. 15/- per doz.

- 609 — — **aurea variegata** (*Golden English Yew*), foliage bright golden-yellow. See illustration on page 10. 1½ to 2 feet, 2/- each, 21/- per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 3/6 each, 36/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; 3 to 3½ feet, 7/6 each.

- 614 — — **Dovastonii** (*Weeping Yew*), graceful weeping habit, dark green foliage. 1½ to 2 feet, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.; 2 to 3 feet, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 4 to 5 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; 5 to 6 feet, 7/6 to 10/6 each; 6 to 7 feet, 10/6 to 15/- each.

- 620 — — **elegantissima**, showy variety, with pale yellow leaves. 1 to 1½ feet, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.; 1½ to 2 feet, 2/- each, 21/- per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 3/6 each, 36/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 5/- each; 3 to 3½ feet, 7/6 each; 3½ to 4 feet, 10/6 each; 4 to 4½ feet, 12/6 each; larger specimens, 15/- to 63/- each.

- 625 — — **fastigiatum** (*Irish Yew*), upright column habit of growth, fine for terraces, &c. 12 to 18 inches, 9d. each, 7/6 per doz.; 18 to 24 inches, 1/- each, 10/6 per doz.; 2 to 3 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each, 36/- to 50/- per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 5/- to 7/6 each, 50/- to 75/- per doz.; 6 to 7 feet, 7/6 to 10/6 each; larger specimens, 15/- to 21/- each.

- 631 — — **fastigiata aurea** (*Standishii*), beautiful golden variety of preceding. 1½ to 2 feet, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.; 2 to 3 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; 3 to 4 feet, 5/- to 7/6 each; 4 to 5 feet, 7/6 to 10/6 each.

- 636 — — **aureo-variegata**, foliage beautifully striped with gold. 1 to 1½ feet, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.; 1½ to 2 feet, 2/- each, 18/- per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.; 2 to 3 feet, 3/6 each; 3 to 4 feet, 5/- each; larger sizes, 7/6 to 21/- each.

- 639 — — **fructu-luteo** (*yellow-berryed*). 2 to 2½ feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

TAXUS (*Yew*)—continued.

- 640 **baccata lutea nova**, bright golden foliage. 1/6 each.
japonica (see *Cephalotaxus pedunculata fastigiata*).
642 **Washingtonii** (*Golden American Yew*), 2 to 2½ feet, 2/- and 2/6 each, 21/- and 24/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; larger, 7/6 to 10/6 each.



TAXUS BACCATA AUREA VARIEGATA.
(*Golden English Yew*).

A lovely variety with bright golden foliage. See page 9.
From a photo taken in our Nursery.

- 693 **dolabrata**, noble tree when fully developed; shining foliage, deep green above and silvery white beneath; very bushy and hardy, suitable for potting and winter bedding. 1/6 each, 12/- per doz.; larger specimens, 2/6 to 10/6 each.
- 697 —— **variegata**, variegated form of above, and adapted for same purposes. 1/6 each. 12/- per doz.; larger specimens, 2/6 to 10/6 each.

WELLINGTONIA

- 706 **gigantea** (*syn. Sequoia gigantea*). The "Mammoth Tree" of California; it attains to immense proportions in favourable districts. 1½ to 2 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each; 2 to 2½ feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 2½ to 3 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; larger, 7/6 to 10/6 each.

We hold large stocks of Bushy, Dwarf, shapely Conifers, suitable for potting for Conservatory or Table Decoration, Window Boxes or Winter Bedding. They vary in height from 6 to 18 inches, and, being well furnished, are admirably adapted for any decorative purpose. Our selection of 12 fine varieties for Boxes or Beds, &c., 4/-; larger, 6/-, 9/- and 12/-; 100 in 4 varieties for Winter Bedding, 25/-, 30/-, 40/- and 70/-.

THUYA (*Arborvitae*). For other varieties see *Biota*.

- 650 **Lobbii** (*Menziesii*). A graceful, erect and rapid growing tree; very hardy, beautiful and useful. 1½ to 2 feet, 6d. each, 4/6 per doz.; 2 to 3 feet, 9d. each, 6/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 1/- each, 10/6 per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 660 **occidentalis** (*American Arborvitae*), compact, upright habit, very hardy; grand hedge plant. 1½ to 2 feet, 4d. each, 3/6 per doz.; 35/- per 100; 2 to 3 feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 5/- and 7/6 per doz., 35/- and 55/- per 100; 3 to 4 feet, 1/- each, 10/6 per doz.; larger sizes, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 669 —— **Ellwangeriana**. Compact form of preceding. 1 to 1½ feet, 1/- each, 9/- per doz.; 1½ to 2 feet, 1/6 each, 12/- per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 2/- to 2/6 each, 18/- to 24/- per doz.
- 673 —— **globosa**, globular in shape, dense and dwarf in growth; fine for window boxes, winter bedding, &c. 12 to 15 inches, 1/- to 1/6 each, 9/- to 15/- per doz.; 15 to 18 inches, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 15/- to 24/- per doz.; larger, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 677 **occidentalis Hoveyi**, compact growing variety. 1/- to 1/6 each, 9/- to 12/- per doz.
- 681 —— **lutea**, (*Golden American Arborvitae*), a nice golden self-coloured variety. 2/6 to 7/6 each.
- 684 **Vervaeneana**, beautiful golden-tinted variety, with slender branches. 1/6 to 5/- each.

THUYOPSIS

- borealis** (see *Cupressus Nootkensis*).

ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS and FLOWERING TREES.

THIS Section includes the loveliest and most charming trees for the adornment of the Garden, Pleasure Grounds and Park. Many of them are remarkable for their graceful form and outline, others for their flowers, others again for the highly ornamental effect produced by their colour, whilst others give glorious effects in spring and autumn by the lovely and diversified colouring of their foliage.

No pains are spared to ensure the trees being of the best possible quality, carefully tended, pruned and staked when necessary, regularly transplanted to ensure the production of an abundance of root, and grown at a high altitude, they cannot fail to give complete satisfaction to purchasers. We are at all times pleased to welcome visitors who desire to inspect the plants when growing.

Species and varieties not included in this List can be supplied. Special prices quoted for large quantities.



A PRETTY SCENE IN A CHESHIRE GARDEN.

Photo]

[Clibrans

ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING TREES—continued.

ACACIA, see *Robinia*.ACER (*Maple*).

- 6 **campestre** (*English Maple*). 4 to 5 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 and 12/- per doz.; larger, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 8 **Carpinifolium**. The *Hornbeam* foliaged Acer. 2 to 3 feet, 1/- to 2/- each.
- 9 **circinatum**, beautiful cut foliage, bright scarlet colour in Autumn; a slow grower. 2 to 3 feet, 9d. and 1/- each; 3 to 4 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each; 4 to 5 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each; 5 to 6 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each.
- 12 **colchicum rubrum** (*pictum rubrum*), young leaves bright pink purple. 3 to 4 feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 5/- and 6/- per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 10/6 per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 and 15/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each, 15/- and 21/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each, 21/- and 24/- per doz.; 10 to 12 feet, 2/6 and 3/6 each, 30/- and 36/- per doz.
- 14 — **tricolor**, a very showy variegated form of the preceding variety, 4 to 5 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each; 5 to 6 feet, 2/6 and 3/6 each. Larger, 5/- each.
- 16 **dasycarpum** (*eriocarpum*) (*Silver-leaved Maple*), of graceful habit and quick growth; foliage dark green above, silver below. 4 to 5 feet, 6d. each, 4/6 per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.; 6 to 7 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each; 7 to 8 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each; 8 to 10 feet, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 18/- to 36/- per doz.; larger, 5/- to 7/6 each.
- 17 — **albo folio variegata**, very pretty variegated form. 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each; 6 to 8 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 8 to 10 feet, 3/6 and 5/- each.
- 18 — **heterophyllum laciniatum** (*Cut-leaved Silver Maple*). 4 to 5 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each; 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each; 6 to 7 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each; 9 to 10 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; 10 to 12 feet, 5/- to 7/6 each.
- 19 — **pulverulentum**, leaves spotted or splashed with silver; dense habit. 4 to 5 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each; 5 to 6 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each; 6 to 7 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 7 to 8 feet, 3/6 and 5/- each; larger, 7/6 each.
- 20 — **Wierli laciniatum**, foliage deeply cut, silvery underneath, very beautiful. 4 to 5 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each; 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each; 6 to 7 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each; 7 to 8 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; larger, 5/- to 7/6 each.
- 23 **Ginnala**, slender and graceful with pretty cut foliage; brilliant ruby-red in Autumn. 2 to 3 feet, 9d. each, 6/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 and 15/- per doz.; larger, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- Negundo**, see *Negundo aceroides*.
- palmatum**, see *Japanese Maples*.
- 29 **pennsylvanicum** (*striatum*) (*Snake Barked Maple*), fine large leaves; young bark of great beauty, light green, striped with white and very dark green. 3 to 4 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 6/- and 9/- per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 9/- and 12/- per doz.; 6 to 7 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each; 7 to 8 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 32 **platanoides** (*Norway Maple*), one of the most ornamental; practically never disfigured by insects. 5 to 6 feet, 6d. to 9d. each, 5/- to 7/6 per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 9d. to 1/- each, 7/6 to 10/6 per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.; 10 to 12 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each, 18/- to 24/- per doz.; larger specimens, 5/- to 10/6 each.
- 35 — **cucullatum** (*Eagle's Claw Maple*). 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 37 — **follus pictus**. 1/6 to 3/6 each.
- 38 — **laciniatum** (*Hawk's Claw Maple*). 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.; 6 to 7 feet, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.; 7 to 8 feet, 3/6 each.
- 40 — **palmatum** (*Lorbergii*). 4 to 5 feet, 2/- each; 6 to 8 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 41 — **purpureum** (*Reitenbachii*), rich purple-red in autumn. 5 to 6 feet, 9d. each, 7/6 per doz.; 6 to 7 feet, 1/- each, 10/6 per doz.; 7 to 8 feet, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.; larger, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 44 — **Schwedleri**, a vigorous grower, leaves bronzy-purple, becoming as they mature a purplish-green. 5 to 6 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 9/- and 15/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each, 18/- to 24/- per doz.; larger, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 48 **pseudo-platanus** (*Sycamore*). 5 to 6 feet, 6d. each, 4/- per doz.; 6 to 7 feet, 1/- each, 9/- per doz.; 7 to 8 feet, 1/3 each, 12/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.; 10 to 12 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each, 18/- to 24/- per doz. Larger specimens, 3/6, 5/- to 25/- each. Thinner trees of same height, 3/- to 7/6 each.
- 51 — **albo-variegata**. 4 to 5 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 1/- and 1/3 each, 9/- and 12/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each, 21/- to 24/- per doz.; larger, 5/- each.
- 54 — **atropurpureus**, leaves much darker in colour and finer than the ordinary variety. 4 to 5 feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 5/- to 7/6 per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 1/- and 1/3 each, 9/- to 12/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each; larger, 3/6 to 5/- each.

ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING TREES—continued.

ACER (*Maple*)—continued.

- 57 **pseudo-platanus brilliantissima**, a dwarf-growing variety with highly coloured leaves of a reddish-bronzy tint in spring. A very beautiful ornamental foliated *Acer*. One of the most distinct and striking Maples in cultivation. Standards, 4 to 6 feet stems, 2/6 to 3/6 each; larger specimens, 5/- each.
- 59 —— **Leopoldii**, leaves beautifully marked purple and flesh colour on a green ground. 4 to 5 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each, 15/- and 18/- per doz.; 6 to 7 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each, 21/- and 24/- per doz.; 7 to 8 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each, 36/- to 55/- per doz.; larger, 7/6 and 10/6 each.
- 62 —— **lutescens** (*Corstorphine Plane*), beautiful in the spring when coming into leaf, seeming in the sunshine to be one mass of gold. 4 to 5 feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 5/- and 7/6 per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 1/- and 1/3 each, 9/- and 12/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each, 21/- to 24/- per doz.; larger, 3/6 and 5/- each.
- 68 —— **Prinz Handjerle**, very ornamental foliage of a reddish bronze, the undersides of the leaves being purple. Standards, 4 to 5 feet stems, 2/- to 2/6 each; 5 to 6 feet stems, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 71 —— **Worleii** (*lutea*), leaves golden yellow, retains its colour the greater part of the summer. 5 to 6 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/- each, 10/6, 15/- to 21/- per doz.; 8 to 9 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each; 10 to 12 feet, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 74 **rubrum**, 6 to 8 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each; 8 to 10 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz.
- 77 **saccharinum** (*Sugar Maple*), a noble tree of great beauty both in form and foliage. 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 8 to 9 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each, 21/- and 24/- per doz.; 12 to 13 feet, 3/6 and 5/- each, 36/- and 55/- per doz.

For special cheap offer of *Acers*, see Collections Nos. 1 and 2, page 28.

ÆSCULUS

- 83 **hippocastanum** (*Horse Chestnut*), one of the noblest and handsomest of trees. 5 to 6 feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 5/- to 7/6 per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 1/- each, 9/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 10 to 12 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz.; larger specimens, 5/- to 21/- each.
- 86 —— **alba fl. pl.** (*Double White Chestnut*), flowers last much longer than the type. 4 to 5 feet, 1/- each, 10/6 per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 15/- to 24/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each. Larger specimens, 5/- to 10/6 each.
- 92 **rubicunda** (*carnea*) (*Scarlet Chestnut*), very handsome foliage, producing freely its rich scarlet flowers. 4 to 5 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 9/- to 15/- per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 and 1/9 each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 1/9 to 2/- each, 18/- to 21/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each, 36/- to 42/- per doz.; larger, 7/6 to 21/- each.
- 95 —— **Brüttli**. A deep red and early blooming variety of the well-known *Scarlet Chestnut*, on which it is a great improvement. 4 to 5 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each; 6 to 8 feet, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 8 to 10 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each, 36/- to 55/- per doz.
- 99 **turbinata** (*Chinensis*), a Japanese species with very large foliage. 4 to 5 feet, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/- each; 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 and 2/6 each; 6 to 8 feet, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

See special cheap offer of *Æsculus*, Collection No. 3, page 28.

AILANTHUS

- 101 **glandulosa** (*Tree of Heaven*), very fast growing and stately, with large pinnate leaves; a glorious sight when laden with its red-winged fruits. Should be cut back hard every year. 5 to 6 feet, 9d. and 1/- each; 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each; 8 to 10 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

ALDER, see *Alnus*.ALMOND, see *Amygdalus*.ALNUS (*Alder*). Grows best on deep moist soil; especially suitable for edges of streams.

- 105 **glutinosa** (*Common Alder*), 6 to 8 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 6/- and 9/- per doz. A few extra sizes, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.
- 110 —— **Imperialis**, beautiful cut-leaved variety. 4 to 6 feet, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each. Standards, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

AMELANCHIER.

- 113 **canadensis** (*Snowy Mespilus*). An exceedingly ornamental *Pyrus*; blooms freely in almost any soil. 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 and 2/6 each, 15/- to 24/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 2/- to 3/6 each, 21/- to 36/- per doz. Standards, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.

ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING TREES—continued.

AMYGDALUS (Almond).

- 122 **communis alba** fl. pl. Flowers double white, in early spring. Feathered Trees, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each. Standards, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 123 — **amara** (*Bitter Almond*). with abundant pale pink flowers. Standards, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 21/-, 24/- to 36/- per doz. Pyramids, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 10/6, 15/- to 24/- per doz.
- 136c — **flore roseo pleno** (double pink). Feathered trees, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each. Standards, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 128 — **macrocarpa**, large white flowers. 4 to 5 feet, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each. Standards, 1/6, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 131 **Davidiana alba**. } Two beautiful early flowering Almonds, flowers white and red
- 134 — **rubra**. } respectively, most attractive in early spring. Feathered Trees, 2/-, 2/6 and 3/6 each. Standards, 2/6, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 136 **persica purpurea** (*The Purple-leaved Peach*). Feathered Trees, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 10/6, 15/- to 24/- per doz.
- 136c — **rosea** fl. pl. A very beautiful, double pink-flowered form. Feathered Trees, 1/6 and 2/6 each. Standards, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

See special cheap offer of *Amygdalus*, Collection No. 4, page 28.

ARALIA

- 140 **sinensis** (*Dimorphanthus mandschuricus*) (*Hercules Club*), handsome tree, with fine large foliage. 1/-, 1/6 to 3/6 each.



Photo]

[Clibrans

BEECH, YOUNG'S WEEPING.

- 141 **sinensis alba marginata** (A.M., R.H.S.), similar in habit, growth, &c., to the type except that each leaflet is clearly margined with white; a distinct and striking variety that will undoubtedly become very popular. Strong plants, 5/-, 7/6 and 10/6 each.

- 142 — **aurea marginata**. This variety makes a charming companion to the preceding, the foliage in this case being prettily bordered with golden yellow; a most desirable and ornamental variety. Strong plants, 10/6, 15/- to 21/- each.

We have on hand a very fine stock of the above Aralias.

- 143 **Maximowiczii**, an elegant and distinct hardy species, with palmate leaves. It is an admirable subject for the sub-tropical garden and other situations where trees with handsome foliage are desirable. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

- 152 **spinosa**, a noble species, stems and shoots very prickly, leaves and flower trusses very large and striking. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

For other Aralias see page 37.

ASH, Common, see *Fraxinus*.ASH, Mountain, see *Pyrus*.BEECH, see *Fagus*.

BETULA (Birch).

- 278 **alba** (*Silver Birch*), prefers a sandy or loamy soil and abundance of atmospheric moisture; grows well even on shallow soils; can endure great cold, but must never be planted in shade. 5 to 6 feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 6/- and 7/6 per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 1/- and 1/3 each, 9/- to 12/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 10 to 12 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz.; larger specimens, 5/- to 21/- each.

- 284 — **laciniata** (*cut-leaved*), a beautiful cut-leaved weeping variety. 8 to 10 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each; larger, 3/6, 5/- to 7/6 each.

- 287 — — **Cunningham's var.**, a very distinct pendulous form. Feathered Trees, 1/6 to 2/6 each. Standards, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.

ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING TREES—continued.

Betula (*Birch*)—continued.

- 290 **aiba pendula** *Youngii* (*Young's Weeping*), see illustration, page 14, beautiful weeping variety, quite distinct, forming a perfect specimen. 7 to 8 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 8 to 10 feet, 5/- to 7/6 each.
- 293 —— **purpurea**, rich dark purple foliage, graceful pendulous habit, highly ornamental. 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each; 6 to 7 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 7 to 8 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each. Standards, 6 to 7 feet, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 295 —— **pyramidalis** (*fastigiata*), an erect-growing variety, 1/6, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 296 **Maximowiczii**. This is a remarkably beautiful species and very distinct; it attains a height of about 80 to 90 feet, with a trunk 2 to 3 feet in diameter, covered with a beautiful grey and orange bark; leaves 4 to 6 in, long and almost as broad, an excellent tree for the park or landscape. 6 to 7 feet, 2/6 and 3/6 each; 7 to 8 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; larger, 7/6 each.
- 299 **papyrifera** (*The Paper Birch*). 4 to 5 feet, 9d. and 1/- each; 6 to 8 feet, 1/-, 1/6 and 2/- each; 8 to 10 feet, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each; larger, 3/6, 5/- to 10/6 each. See special cheap offer of *Betula*, Collection No. 5, page 28.

BIRCH, see *Betula*.**CARAGANA**

- 350 **arborescens** (*Siberian Pea*), ornamental hardy shrub, yellow pea-like flowers. 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each, 18/- per doz.; 6 to 7 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each, 18/- to 24/- per doz.
- 351 —— **pendula**, a graceful weeping tree; very hardy. Standards, 2/6, 3/6 to 5/- each; half-standards, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 349 **Chamagu**, flowers yellow, passing to red, of shrubby habit. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each. Standards, 2/6, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 352 **frutescens**, a yellow-flowered species of dwarf shrubby habit. 2/6 to 3/6 each.

CARPINUS

- 356 **Betulus** (*Hornbeam*), a most useful tree for cold moist localities; it forms an excellent shelter for less hardy species; stands shade well, and prefers a North or East aspect. 5 to 6 feet, 6d. each, 5/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 to 10/6 per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 21/- per doz.

CASTANEA

- 371 **vesca** (*Spanish Chestnut*). 5 to 6 feet, 1/- each, 9/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 2/6 to 3/- each, 24/- to 30/- per doz.

CATALPA

- 368 **bignonioides** (*syringaeifolia*) (*Indian Bean*), with foliage and flowers of exceeding beauty. 3 to 4 feet, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 7/6, 9/- to 12/- per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 1/6, 2/- to 2/6 each; 5 to 6 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each; 6 to 7 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 369 —— **aureus**, foliage of a beautiful golden-yellow, very ornamental. Dwarfs, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each. Standards, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

CERASUS (*Cherry*).

- 373a **Avium fl. pl.** This variety produces semi-double flowers in great profusion. Flowers early in May. 1/- to 1/6 each. Standards, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz.
- 374 —— **multiplex** (*Small-leaved, double-blossomed Cherry*), one of the loveliest flowering trees, and quite hardy. Flowers middle of May. Standards, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz. Bush plants, 1/6 and 2/6 each.
- 376 **Juliana pendula**, a compact-growing, weeping variety. Standards, 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 377 **latifolia pendula**, a graceful weeping tree. Standards, 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 380 —— **iutea fl. pl.**, flowers faintly tinged with yellow. Flowers end of April. 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 each. Standards, 15/- per doz.
- 383 **Mahaleb pendula**, a fine weeping tree, with white flowers. Standards, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 386 **Padus** (*Bird Cherry*), with long showy erect racemes. 5 to 6 feet, 1/-, 1/3 and 1/6 each; 6 to 7 feet, 1/6 and 2/6 each, 15/- to 24/- per doz.; larger, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 388 **pseudo-cerasus "Jas. H. Welch,"** F.C.C., R.H.S. A charming and beautiful variety; the flowers are of large size and very double, of a delicate tone of rosy-pink; this, combined with the reddish bronze-tinted foliage, gives a charming effect. Flowers end of May. Dwarfs, 1/6 and 2/6 each. Standards, 2/6 and 3/6 each. Larger, 5/- each.
- 390 **serrulata aiba fl. pl.** (*Chinese or Japanese Cherry*), with drooping clusters of from five to eight large double flowers. Flowers end of April. Feathered trees, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 12/-, 15/-, to 24/- per doz. Standards, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz.
- 390a —— —— —— (**Spath's var.**), flowers middle of May. Standards, 1/6, 2/- to 3/6 each.

ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING TREES—continued.

Cerasus (*Cherry*)—continued.

- 391 **serrulata alba plena grandiflora**, flowers very large and extremely beautiful, opening salmon-pink and changing with age to a delicate blush-white; very double. One of the finest double-flowering Cherries yet introduced. Flowers middle of May. Dwarfs, 1/6 to 2/6 each; Standards, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 390b —— **rosea fl. pl.**, similar to above, with rose-coloured flowers. Middle of May. Standards, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 392 **sinensis rosea pendula**, most beautiful weeping tree of graceful habit; flowers rose-coloured, produced in great profusion, literally covering the branches. Standards, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 394 **Watereriana**, one of the most handsome flowering trees in cultivation, distinct and pretty when in bloom. Flowers white, prettily marked rose. Flowers end of April. Dwarfs, 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each. Standards, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

For special cheap offer of *Cerasus*, see Collection No. 6, page 28.

CERCIDYPHYLLUM

- 396 **japonicum**, leaves heart-shaped, of a reddish colour when in growth, like those of the *Judas Tree*; erect habit. A fine ornamental tree. 2/6 to 3/6 each.

CERCIS

- 395 **siliquastrum** (*Judas Tree*), leaves heart-shaped, of a bluish-green colour. Flowers early in spring. Feathered trees, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 397 —— **rubrum**, a dark flowered form of above, very ornamental when in flower. Feathered trees, 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

CHESTNUT, HORSE, see *Æsculus*.CHESTNUT, SPANISH, see *Castanea*.CHERRIES, FLOWERING, see *Cerasus*.

CLADRASTIS

- 419 **tinctoria** (*syn. Virgilia lutea*), a deciduous tree, producing white pea-like flowers in racemes at the ends of the branches. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

CORNUS (*Dogwood*).

- 449 **mascula** (*The Cornel Tree*), when full-grown makes as brilliant a display of bright yellow flowers in February and March as *Jasminum nudiflorum*; fruit $\frac{1}{2}$ in. long, brilliant red. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 452 —— **variegata**, this is little inferior in its white and green variegated foliage to the *Negundo*, and is much hardier. A remarkably handsome plant for contrast with masses of green foliage. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 458 **sibirica aurea** Spathill. See page 44.

CORYLUS (*Hazel*).

- 473 **Avellana aurea**, golden leaved form. Half-standards, 2/6, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 476 —— **pendula** (*Weeping Hazel*). Standards, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 479 —— **purpureus**. Standards and half-standards, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

For smaller sizes see page 44.

COTONEASTER

- 491 **frigida**, showy both in flower and in fruit; very hardy. 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 504 **pannosa**, a small tree, rarely exceeding 6 feet in height; small white flowers succeeded by bright red berries abundantly produced. Semi-evergreen. Small plants, 2/- each.

CRATÆGUS (*Hawthorn*).

- 516 **coccinea maxima**, large white flowers and brilliant scarlet fruit. Pyramids and Standards, 1/-, 1/6 and 2/6 each, 15/- to 24/- per doz.
- 519 **Crus-galli Carrieri**, bright foliage, with large white flowers turning to rose. Fruit as large as a cherry, and carries its foliage very late in the season. Pyramids, 1/-, 1/6 and 2/6 each, 10/6, 12/-, 18/- and 24/- per doz.
- 525 —— **prunifolia**, a splendid town tree, standing smoke well. Standards and Pyramids, 1/-, 1/6 and 2/6 each, 10/6, 15/- to 24/- per doz.
- 528 —— **salicifolia** (*syn. horizontalis*). This is very interesting, and deserves a place in every garden. The branches grow quite horizontally instead of upright, so as to form a broad flat head. 2/-, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 531 **Douglasii**, large glossy foliage. Pyramids, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 532 **orientalis**, peculiar hoary foliage and reddish-orange fruits. Pyramids and Standards, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING TREES—continued.

Crataegus (*Hawthorn*)—continued.

grandiflora, see *Mespilus grandiflora*.

- 533 **oxyacantha** (*Common Thorn or Quick*). Standards, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 534 —— **coccinea plena** (*Paul's Double Crimson*) Pyramids and Standards, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 10/6, 15/-, 18/- to 24/- per doz.]
- 537 —— **filicifolia**, a distinct and handsome fern-leaved variety. Standards and Pyramids, 1/-, 1/3 and 2/6 each.
- 541 —— **folius aureus**. Feathered plants, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 542 —— **Gumperl bicolor**. Feathered trees, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 543 —— **Korolkowi** (*The Yellow-berried Hawthorn*), a fine bushy shrub, with large finely-cut leaves; it blooms in spring, and is loaded in the autumn with handsome yellow fruit. Pyramids, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 10/6, 12/-, 15/-, 18/- to 24/- per doz.
- 546 —— **multiplex** (*White Double*). Pyramids, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 10/6, 18/- to 24/- per doz.
- 547 —— **præcox** (*Glastonbury Thorn*), a very early-flowered form. 4 to 5 feet, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 549 —— **punicea** (*Single Scarlet*). Standards and Pyramids, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 10/6, 15/- to 21/- per doz.
- 552 —— **fl. pl. (double pink)**. Standards and Pyramids, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 10/6, 15/- to 21/- per doz.
- 553 —— **Semperflorens**, a continuous flowering variety, of dwarf habit. 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 555 —— **stricta** (*pyramidalis*), an upright growing variety. Pyramids, 1/-, 1/6 and 2/- each; Standards, 1/-, 1/6 and 2/6 each.
- 570 **tanacetifolia**, very distinct, strongly cut whitish leaves, one of the latest to flower. Pyramids, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 10/6, 15/- to 24/- per doz.; Standards, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 571 —— **fructo albo**, a white fruited form of above. Standards, 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

For special cheap offer of *Crataegus*, see Collection No. 7, page 28.

All flowering Thorns are invaluable for shrubbery borders. With Laburnums, they make beautiful spots of colour in spring. Stand fairly well in smoky districts.

CRATÆGO MESPILUS.

Dardar, an interesting graft hybrid between *Crataegus oxyacantha* and *Mespilus Germanica*, producing umbels of 6 to 12 small flowers; fruit resembles the Medlar but is smaller; vigorous grower. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

M. Jules d'Asnieres, another interesting hybrid producing white flowers of larger size than the preceding, succeeded by large rich crimson fruit. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

CYTISUS.

618 **præcox**, a most beautiful variety, covering itself with lemon-coloured flowers. In pots, 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each. Standards, from ground, 2/-, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

CYTISUS, see *Laburnum*.

DAVIDIA.

687 **Involucrata**, a new and extremely rare introduction from China. The tree attains a height of from 30 to 80 feet and forms a most striking object. It produces multitudes of flowers that are enclosed within white bracts of large size. When in full flower the tree presents a remarkable aspect owing to the alternate white and green caused by the large bracts intermingling with the leaves. Small plants only, 7/6 and 10/6 each.

DIMORPHANTHUS, see *Aralla*, page 14.ELDER, see *Sambucus*, page 26.ELM, see *Ulmus*, page 26.

EUONYMUS.

- 778 **europæus** (*The Spindle Tree*). Very pretty in autumn; when the fruit is ripe the colour of the capsule is rose, and the seeds orange. 4 to 5 feet, 9d. each, 6/- per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 1/- each, 9/- per doz.; 6 to 7 feet, 1/6 each, 12/- per doz.
- 775 —— **atropurpureus** (*The Burning Bush*), foliage purple. 3 to 4 feet, 9d. to 1/6 each, 7/6, 10/6 and 15/- per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 21/- per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each; larger, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 779 —— **fructo albo**, a white fruited variety. 2 to 3 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 10/6 per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 1/6, 2/- to 2/6 each, 15/-, 18/- to 24/- per doz.

ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING TREES—continued.

Euonymus—continued.

- 781 *latifolius*, brilliant scarlet fruit; very attractive in autumn. 2 to 3 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each; 10/6 to 15/- per doz.



FAGUS SYLVATICA PURPUREA.

A superbly coloured Beech of the highest ornamental value. See opposite.

From a photo taken in our Nurseries.

FRAXINUS (Ash).

- 787 *Americana folius aurea marginata*, a variety with golden-yellow margined foliage. Standards, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 788 *Oregonia*, large handsome foliage, very distinct. Dwarfs and Standards, 1/6, 2/- and 3/6 each.
- 789 *excelsior* (Common), best for moist rich porous low-lying ground; impatient of shade except when young. 6 to 8 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 10/6 per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 10 to 12 feet, 2/6 and 3/6 each, 25/- and 30/- per doz.; 12 to 14 feet, 3/6 and 5/- each, 40/- and 50/- per doz.; 14 to 16 feet, 5/- and 7/6 each, 50/- and 60/- per doz. Larger sizes, 7/6 to 10/6 each. (See illustration on page 20.)
- 886 — *aucubæfolla*, a lovely variety, foliage spotted with golden-yellow.
- 888 — *aurea*, a variety with yellow bark.
- 889 — *Grippsii variegata*, foliage margined with silver.
- 890 — *monophylla*, distinct undivided foliage.
- 890a — — *purpurascens*, a variety of above with purplish-tinted wood.
- 892 — *pendula* (Weeping).

FAGUS (Beech).

- 823 *sylvatica* (Common). Stands more shade than any other native tree; dislikes a wet soil, but requires a moist air; sensitive to late spring frosts, requires pruning when moved. 5 to 6 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each; 9/- to 12/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each; 15/- to 21/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each; 21/- to 24/- per doz. Larger specimens, 3/6 to 7/6 each.
- 826 — *asplenifolia* (Fern leaved). 4 to 6 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each; 6 to 8 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 838 — *laciniata* (Cut leaved). 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 and 2/6 each; 15/- to 24/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 2/6 each; 8 to 10 feet, 3/6 each.
- 841 — *macrophylla* (Large leaved). 5 to 6 feet, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 844 — *pendula* (Weeping). 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.
- 847 — *Purpurea* (Purple). See illustration opposite. 3 to 4 feet, 9d. to 1/- each; 7/6 and 9/- per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each; 10/6 to 15/- per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each; 15/- to 21/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each; 21/- to 24/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 10 to 12 feet, 3/6, 5/- to 10/6 each; larger, 12/6 to 31/6 each.
- 850 — — *Handsworth*. 6 to 8 feet, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/- each; 12 to 14 feet, 3/6, 5/- and 7/6 each.
- 853 — — *Norwegian-Black*. 4 to 5 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 15/- and 18/- per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 2/- each; 21/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 2/6 each, 25/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; larger, 7/6 to 10/6 each.
- 862 — — *tricolor*, foliage beautifully marked in spring. 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.

Purple Beeches ought to be more freely planted. Planters content themselves with masses of green forest trees frequently, when the beauty of their gardens would be much enhanced by a mixture of other foliage and flowering trees.

See special cheap offer of *Fagus*, Collection No. 8, page 28.

ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING TREES—continued.

Fraxinus (*Ash*)—continued.

- 895 **excelsior pendula aurea** (*Golden-leaved Weeping*).
 896 — **Marginata alba**, a fine variegated form.
 896a **lenticifolia pendula**, a graceful weeping variety.
 897 **Marlesii**, a species from Northern China.
 898 **ornus** (*Flowering Ash*). 6 to 8 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each; 8 to 10 feet, 1/6 and 2/6 each; larger plants, 2/6 3/6 to 7/6 each.
 900 **rhynchophylla**, an effective decorative species recently introduced from Northern China.

Standards of above varieties can be supplied at 1/6, 2/6 and 3/6 each, larger well developed trees with fine heads, at 5/- and 7/6 each.

For special cheap offer of *Fraxinus*, see Collection No. 9, page 28.

GLEBITSCHIA

- 919 **trilacanthos** (*Honey Locust or Three-thorned Acacia*) foliage long, graceful, and ornamental; branches clothed with strong persistent three-pronged spines. 3 to 4 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each; 6 to 8 feet, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

GYMNOCLADUS

- 932 **canadensis** (*Kentucky Coffee*), a species of hardy ornamental deciduous tree. 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

HALESIA

- 934 **dipetala**, produces an abundance of white flowers. 1/6, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
 940 **tetrapetala** (*The Snowdrop Tree*), very ornamental species, hardy, and well deserves its name; flowers freely produced, in drooping fascicles, pure white, resembling a snowdrop. 1/6, 2/6 and 3/- each.

HORNBEAM, see **Carpinus Betulus**, page 15.

JUGLANS (*Walnut*).

- 1082 **regia** (*Common*). Standards, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

KOLREUTERIA

- 1100 **paniculata**, an exceedingly ornamental tree, a native of China, long elegant divided leaves, becoming rich yellow in the autumn; flowers yellow, in large clusters. Requires close pruning. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

LABURNUM.

- 1103 **alpinum** (*Scotch*). 5 to 6 feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 5/- and 7/6 per doz.; 6 to 7 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 10/6 per doz.; 7 to 8 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 and 15/- per doz.; 8 to 9 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each, 21/- and 24/- per doz.
 1104 — **aureum**, golden-foliage. 5 to 6 feet, 1/- each, 9/- per doz.; 6 to 7 feet, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.; 7 to 8 feet, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.
 1106 — **grandiflorum**. 4 to 6 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each, 15/- and 21/- per doz.; Standards, 1/6, 2/- to 2/6 each, 15/-, 18/- to 24/- per doz.
 1109 **vulgare** (*Common*). 6 to 8 feet, 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each, 6/-, 9/- to 15/- per doz. 8 to 10 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 15/- to 21/- per doz.; 10 to 12 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
 1112 — **Alschingeri**, produces very long racemes of flowers. 5 to 6 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each; 6 to 7 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each; 7 to 8 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each; larger, 3/6 to 5/- each.
 1118 — **autumnalis** (*Autumn Flowering*). 5 to 6 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each; 6 to 8 feet, 2/- each; 8 to 10 feet, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
 1120 — **monstrosum** (*Cristatum*). 5 to 6 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each; 6 to 7 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each.
 1121 — **Parksii** (*Park's yellow*), racemes of flowers 12 to 15 inches long. 5 to 6 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each; 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each; 8 to 10 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
 1124 — **pendulum** (*Weeping*). Standards, 2/-, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.
 1127 — **Adami** (*Purpurascens*). 5 to 6 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each; 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each; 8 to 10 feet, 2/6 to 3/- each.
 1130 — **quercilifolium** (*Oak-leaved*). 5 to 6 feet, 9d. and 1/- each; 6 to 7 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each; 7 to 8 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each; 8 to 10 feet, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
 1132 — **Vossii**, very long trusses of distinct yellow flowers, more floriferous than any other variety. 6 to 7 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each. 7 to 8 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each; 8 to 9 feet, 2/6 and 3/- each.
 1133 — **Watereri**, 5 to 6 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each; 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each, 8 to 10 feet 2/- and 2/6 each.

For special cheap offer of Laburnums, see Collection No. 10, page 28.

LIME or LINDEN TREE, see **Tilia**, page 26.

LIQUIDAMBER

- 1129 **styaciflora** (*Sweet Gum*), leaves fragrant, splendid reddish colour in autumn. It thrives in low, damp places, though it grows equally well on higher ground. Prime closely when transplanted. 1/6, 2/6 to 5/- each.

ORNAMENTAL AND DECIDUOUS FLOWERING TREES—continued.

LIRIODENDRON

- 1232 **tulipifera** (*Tulip Tree*). A noble tree with large unique saddle-shaped leaves of singular beauty. On mature trees the abundance of large brilliant yellow and green tulip-like flowers make a glorious display. Plant only in spring and prune closely. 4 to 5 feet, 1/6 each; 5 to 6 feet, 2/- each; 6 to 7 feet, 2/6 each; larger, 3/6 and 5/- each.

MAPLE, see *Acer*, page 12.

MESPILUS

- 1380 **grandiflora** (*Smithii*). This is undoubtedly one of the most beautiful flowering trees, producing large snow-white flowers during early summer. It is perfectly hardy, and should be planted extensively in towns and smoky districts.

Feathered Trees and Standards, 1/6 to 2/6 each; 15/-, 18/- and 24/- per doz.

Snowy, see *Amelanchier canadensis*, page 13.

MORUS (*Mulberry*).

- 1383 **alba** (*white*). A round-headed tree of good size, bearing pinkish-white fruit. Leaves used as food for silk-worms. 1/- and 1/6 each, 9/- and 12/- per doz.

- 1386 —— **pendula** (*White Weeping*), weeping form of preceding; very graceful and ornamental. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

- 1389 **nigra** (*Black*). Feathered trees, 3/6 to 5/- each. Standards, 7/6 and 10/6 each.

NEGUNDO (*Acer Negundo*).

- 1398 **aceroides** (*fraxinifolium*) maple-like in its seeds and ash-like in foliage; grows rapidly. 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each.



Photo] COMMON ASH (*Fraxinus Excelsior*). [Clibranks

- 1403 —— **aceroides californicum aureum** (*syn. Odessana*). This is undoubtedly one of the finest golden-leaved plants of recent introduction; the habit is strong and vigorous, and the leaves retain the colour all through the season. 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1404 —— **albo-variegata**, leaves handsomely variegated with white; very ornamental. Dwarfs 1/-, 1/6 to 2/- each. Feathered Trees, 2/-, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each. (See illustration, page 22).
- 1406 —— **foliis aureo marginatis elegans**, a splendid novelty, the foliage being of large size. The young leaves are of a golden hue, changing later to creamy-white, which forms a fine contrast, half of the leaf being yellow and the other half white. Dwarfs, 1/- and 1/6 each; Feathered Trees, 2/- and 2/6 each. Standards, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 1407 —— **marginatis aureis**, very ornamental variety, with golden variegation. Dwarfs 1/- and 1/6 each.

See special cheap offer of Negundo, Collection No. 11, page 29.

ORNAMENTAL AND DECIDUOUS FLOWERING TREES—*continued.*

OAK, *see* *Quercus*, page 23.
OSIER (*Willow*), *see* *Salix*, page 26.

PAULOWNIA

1458a **Imperialis**, foliage of immense size, especially in young trees, often measuring 1 foot in diameter. 2/6 to 5/- each.

PAVIA

1452 **flava**, spikes of cream-coloured chestnut-like flowers. 5 to 6 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.; 6 to 7 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 12/- and 15/- per doz.; 7 to 8 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

1455 **macrostachya** (*alba*), an extremely beautiful and altogether very desirable tree; flowers white with long projecting stamens, disposed in long racemes, and very fragrant. 1/-, 1/6, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

1458 **Whitleylii**, handsome foliage and red flowers. 5 to 6 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each; 6 to 8 feet, 2/6, 3/6 to 5/- each; 8 to 10 feet, 5/- and 7/6 each.

PLATANUS (*Plane*).

1524 **acerifolia** (*London Plane*), a splendid tree for street and avenue planting; near water a most rapid grower. 8 to 10 feet, 2/6 and 3/- each, 25/- and 30/- per doz.; 10 to 12 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; larger, 7/6 to 21/- each.

1527 **orientalis** (*Oriental Plane*), majestic and graceful. 6 to 7 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each; 7 to 9 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each, 21/- and 24/- per doz.; 9 to 10 feet, 2/6 and 3/-; larger, 5/- each.

POPULUS (*Poplar*).

We hold a large stock of *Specimen Poplars* grown in single rows, with 5 to 7 feet clean stems—circumference of the stems 4 feet from the ground, 4½ to 7 inches. They have splendidly furnished heads and are particularly suitable for street, Park, or Avenue planting, and will produce an immediate effect. *Special quotations for large quantities.*

1539 **alba argentea** (*Silver Poplar*). 5 to 6 feet, 1/- each; 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 each; 8 to 10 feet, 2/6 each.

1542 **alba pyramidalis** (*Bolleana*), white-leaved form, similar in growth to the *Lombardy Poplar*.

1546 —— **tricocarpa**, a variety of above, with long, oval dark green leaves; a vigorous grower.

1548 **canadensis** (*Black Italian or Necklace Poplar*).

1551 —— **nova**. Foliage large, a good variety for town planting.

1553 —— **aurea** (*Van Geertii*), the golden-leaved poplar, very effective. Standards only, 1/-, 1/6, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

1554 **candidans** (*Ontario*), leaf buds perfumed, young leaves yellow.

1557 **fastigata** (*Lombardy*), striking columnar form.

1559 —— **gigantea** (*New Giant Lombardy*).

1558 —— **Wilsonii** (*Blackley or Manchester Poplar*), a neat variety of Poplar with a compact pyramidal habit, more spreading than Lombardy.

NOTE.—Excepting where otherwise noted, all the varieties of Poplars can be supplied 5 to 6 feet at 6d. each, 5/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 9d. each, 6/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 1/- each, 9/- per doz.; 10 to 12 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 15/-, 21/- and 25/- per doz.; larger sizes of most of the varieties, 3/6, 5/- and 7/6 each. All are cheaper by the 100.

1556 **grandidentata**, Standards, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

1549 **tremuloides pendula**, a graceful weeping variety. Standards, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

1555 **Wobstii**, a species with dark green glossy leaves. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

PRUNUS

1572 **cerasifera rubra fl. pl.** (*double-flowered Mirobalana*). Feathered Trees, 3 to 4 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each.

1575 —— **atropurpurea** (*Pissardi*) (*Purple-leaved Plum*), deep reddish-purple foliage, lasting well into the autumn, and contrasts beautifully with other trees. By pruning well in the winter it makes strong and vigorous shoots. Pyramids, 9d., 1/-, 1/6 and 2/- each; Standards, 1/6 and 2/- each.

1577 —— —— **tricolor**, one of the most ornamental foliaged of all the *Prunus*. Dwarfs, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

1573 **divaricatus**, a small branching tree producing an abundance of white flowers in early spring. 3 to 4 feet, 1/6 and 2/6 each; 5 to 6 feet, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

1583a **spinosa fl. pl.**, a double flowered variety of the *Blackthorn*, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

1585 —— **purpurea**, a purple-leaved form, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

1584 —— **triloba**, double pink flowers, in great profusion, a shrub of exceptional beauty. Standards, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.

For Dwarf Bushes see page 67.

ORNAMENTAL AND DECIDUOUS FLOWERING TREES—*continued.*

PTELEA.

- 1587 *trifoliata* (*The Hop Tree*), leaves light green, elegant and graceful. 3 to 4 feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 4/6 and 6/- per doz.; 6 to 7 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each, 12/- to 18/- per doz.
- 1590 —— *aurea*, handsome golden foliage, retains its colour well throughout the summer. 1/-, 1/6 and 2/6 each.
- 1593 —— —— *variegata*, foliage beautifully spotted and mottled with bright yellow, bearing a striking resemblance to *Croton variegatus*. Well worthy of cultivation. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.



Photo] NEGUNDO ACEROIDES ALBO VAR. [Clibrans
(See page 20).

- 1611 *aria lutescens*, round yellowish foliage.
- 1613 —— *majestica*, a fine bold attractive variety. 4 to 5 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each; 6 to 7 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each.
- 1615 *Sorbus* (*Service Tree*). 5 to 6 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 9/- and 15/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 15/- to 24/- per doz.; 10 to 12 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz.; larger, 5/- to 10/6 each.
- 1616 *toringo*, 4 to 5 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each; 5 to 6 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each.
- 1617 *vestita* (*nepalensis*), leaves very large and covered with white down.

PTEROCARYA

- 1595 *caucasica* (*Caucasican Walnut*), hardy deciduous tree, very rare. 1/- and 1/6 each.

PYRUS

- 1599 *americana* (*American Mountain Ash*), clusters of showy orange berries. From 6 feet high.

- 1600 *angustifolia flore pleno* (*Sweet-scented Crab*), beautiful ornamental flowering tree, of vigorous growth and perfectly hardy, bearing delicate pink, rose-like, fragrant flowers. 4 to 5 feet, 1/6 each; 5 to 6 feet, 2/6 each; 6 to 7 feet, 3/6 each.

- 1602 *arbutilloides*, leaves change to a bright scarlet colour in autumn. Standards 2/-, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

- 1603 —— *erythrocarpa*, foliage turns a vivid scarlet in autumn. Standards, 2/-, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

- 1605 *aria* (*White Beam*), leaves bright green above, downy white on under side.

- 1607 —— *aurea et argentea*, foliage shaded white and yellow. Up to 10 feet only.

- 1608 —— *chrysophylla*, very large silver-grey woolly leaves.

- 1612 —— *latifolia*, an effective broad-leaved variety. 4 to 5 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each; 6 to 7 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each.

ORNAMENTAL AND DECIDUOUS FLOWERING TREES—continued.

Pyrus—continued.

- 1620 **aucuparia** (*Mountain Ash*), lovely red berries.
- 1623 —— **asplenifolia** (*Fern-leaved Mountain Ash*), a very distinct variety, foliage beautifully cut and fern-like. Only requires to be known to become a universal favourite. From 8 feet high.
- 1626 —— **aurea** (*Golden-leaved Mountain Ash*).
- 1628 —— **flieana**, pyramidal form, of vigorous growth, orange-coloured berries.
- 1629 —— **fructo-Jutea** (*Yellow-berried*), a fine contrast to mix among the red-berried varieties. From 8 feet in height.
- 1635 —— **pendula aurea** (*Golden-leaved Weeping Mountain Ash*). Standards only, 1/6, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.
- 1637 **Betulaefolia**, a distinct species from Northern China, forming a low tree 15 to 20 feet in height. The flowers, pure white, are produced in great profusion before the leaves expand. 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1638 **domestica**, foliage like *Americana*, but more serrated; large brown fruit. From 6 feet in height.
- 1644 **Malus pendula**, “*Elsie Rathke*” (*Weeping Apple*). Standards only, 2/-, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 1647 —— **floribunda**, flowers rose-coloured, borne in the greatest profusion. 4 to 5 feet, 1/- each; 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 each; 6 to 8 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each.
- 1648 —— —— **atrosanguinea**, a deep red form of above. 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 each; 6 to 8 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each.
- 1650 —— —— **Parkmanii flore pleno**, most beautiful ornamental Apple, flowers rich carmine, semi-double, produced the whole length of the previous season's wood. 4 to 5 feet, 1/6 each; 5 to 6 feet, 2/- each; 6 to 7 feet, 2/6 each; 7 to 8 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 8 to 10 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 1652 —— —— **Scheldeckerii**, more beautiful and vigorous than 1647. 4 to 5 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each; 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each; 6 to 8 feet, 2/- to 3/6 each.
- 1652b **Niedwietzkyana**, a species with a reddish coloned wood and bark, distinct and effective. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1658 **querclifolia** (*Oak-leaved Mountain Ash*). 8 to 10 feet, 2/6 to 3/- each. Larger, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 1653 **salicifolia pendula** (*Weeping Pear*), a graceful woolly-leaved tree. Standards and Half-standards, 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1615 **Sorbus** (*Service Tree*). 5 to 6 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 9/- and 15/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 15/- to 24/- per doz.; 10 to 12 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz.; larger, 5/- to 10/6 each.
- 1656 **spectabilis grandiflora flore pleno**. Up to 8 feet in height.
- 1654 **Thlanschanica**, an Asiatic species somewhat resembling *P. aucuparia*. 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1616 **torlno**, 4 to 5 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each; 5 to 6 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each.
- 1657 **Torminalis** (*Wild Service Tree*), a native species, varying in height from 10 feet upwards. 1/-, 1/6 and 2/6 each.
- 1617 **vestita** (*nepalensis*), leaves very large and covered with white down.

NOTE.—Few Nurseries in the Kingdom contain so fine a stock of the many beautiful species and varieties of *Pyrus* as we offer. We can supply most of the preceding varieties of the tall growers, excepting those otherwise priced, 5 to 6 feet, 1/- each, 10/6 per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each, 10/6 and 15/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 1/6, 2/- and 2/6 each, 15/-, 21/- and 24/- per doz.; 10 to 12 feet, 2/6 and 3/6 each, 24/- and 36/- per doz.

See special offer of *Pyrus*, Collection No. 12, page 29.

QUERCUS (*Oak*).

When transplanted they require considerable pruning, which will cause them to quickly recover and soon make good growth again.

- 1659 **acuta** (*Buergeri*), distinct evergreen species, with dark leathery leaves. 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 1662 **alba** (*American White Oak*), leaves turn scarlet in autumn. 2/6 to 5/- each.
- 1665 **cerris** (*Turkey Oak*), hardy and desirable species for planting near the sea; rapid grower. 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.; larger 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 1668 —— **argenteo-variegata**, a beautiful silver-margined variety of the *Turkey Oak*. 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.
- 1671 —— **Lucombeana**, an almost evergreen variety of *Turkey Oak*, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 1672 —— —— **crispa**, a sub-evergreen variety; foliage very distinct. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

ORNAMENTAL AND DECIDUOUS FLOWERING TREES—continued.

Quercus (Oak)—continued.

- 1674 **coccinea**, (Scarlet Oak), leaves rich scarlet in autumn. Perfectly hardy and handsome. Should be severely pruned when transplanted. 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 each; 6 to 8 feet, 2/- each; 8 to 10 feet, 3/6 each; 10 to 12 feet, 5/- each.
- 1677 **conferta**, (*pannonica*), remarkable for its dark green glossy leaves, beautifully shaped. 3/6 to 7/6 each.
- 1679 **falcata**, American "Spanish" Oak, an effective species attaining to a large size. 3/6 and 5/- each.
- 1680 **Ilex** (Evergreen or Holly Oak). **In pots**—1 to 1½ feet, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.; 1½ to 2 feet, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.; 2 to 3 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz.
- 1683 **Iusitanica** **fol. variegata**, leaves spotted and edged with gold in summer. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1686 **macrophylla** **Albertsli**, very large leaves of a reddish-green colour. 5/- to 10/6 each.
- 1689 **Mirbeckii**, distinct, sub-evergreen, bold foliage, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 1695 **Nobilis**, distinct, attractive foliage, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 1698 **palustris** (*Marsh'Oak*), a graceful cut-leaved form of the *Scarlet Oak*. 4 to 5 feet, 1/- to 1/3 each, 10/6 to 12/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.
- 1700 **phellos** (*salicifolia*) (*The Willow Oak*), a quite distinct variety. 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 1701 **pedunculata** (*English Oak*), 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each, 15/- and 18/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 24/- to 30/- per doz.; 10 to 12 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- For smaller sizes see our Foresters' Guide.*
- 1704 —— **concordia**, a very fine golden-leaved variety. Dwarfs, 3/6 to 5/- each; Standards, 7/6 to 10/6 each.
- 1707 **filicifolia** (*pectinata*), a graceful fern-leaved variety. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1713 **rubra** (*Champion or Red Oak*). 5 to 6 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each; 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each; 8 to 10 feet, 2/- to 3/- each, 21/- to 30/- per doz.
- 1716 **sessiliflora** **Louetii**, a noble species with large shining leaves. 5/- to 10/6 each.
- 1719 **Suber** (*Cork Oak*), evergreen species, furnishes the cork of commerce. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

For special offer of Oaks, see Collection No. 13, page 29.

RHAMNUS

frangula (*Black Dogwood*), see separate List of Forest Trees. Free on application.

RHUS (*Sumach*).

- 1740 **Coriaria**, a low-growing ornamental tree, leaves large, each with 11 to 15 leaflets of a deep reddish-purple hue in autumn. 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each; 6 to 8 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each.
- 1749 **glabra** (*The Smooth or Scarlet Sumach*), leaves glossy green above, whitish beneath. 4 to 5 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each; 5 to 6 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each; 7 to 8 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1752 —— **laciniata** (*Fern-leaved Sumach*), among the most beautiful of fine foliaged plants, 4 to 6 feet high, leaves very large and fern-like, richly coloured in autumn. **In pots**, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 1755 —— **mascula**, an effective decorative variety. 4 to 5 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each; 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each.
- 1761 **typhina** (*Stag's Horn Sumach*), a singularly handsome autumn shrub, with long gracefully cut leaves, and dense massive spikes of bright crimson seed clusters. 1½ to 2 feet, 6d. and 9d. each; 6 to 8 feet, 2/- to 3/- each; 8 to 10 feet, 3/- to 4/- each.

ROBINIA (*Acacia*).

- 1796 **hispida** (*Rose Acacia*), rose-coloured flowers in long pendulous racemes; does not attain to a very large size. 5 to 6 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each.
- 1797 —— **macrophylla**, a lovely ornamental pink flowered form. Flowers large, in long pendulous racemes, a magnificent variety. Prune well when transplanting. 5 to 6 feet, stems, 1/6 and 2/6 each, 18/- to 24/- per doz.; 6 to 7 feet, stems, 2/- and 2/6 each, 21/- and 24/- per doz.
- 1800 **pseud-acacia** (*Common Thorn Acacia*), (*Locust Tree*) with abundant racemes of white pea-shaped flowers; of quick growth, hardy and most accommodating. 5 to 6 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 6/- and 7/6 per doz. 6 to 8 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 and 15/- per doz.; larger specimens, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1803 —— **angustifolia**, a most beautiful narrow-leaved variety, of compact habit and graceful fernlike appearance. 5 to 6 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each. 6 to 8 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each.; larger, 5/- each.
- 1805 —— **aurea**, a conspicuous golden-leaved form. Standards, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1806 —— **Bessoniana**, a variety with light green foliage and thornless branches; forms a handsome dense persistent head; grand as a street tree. 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each; 8 to 10 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each; larger, 3/6 to 5/- each.

ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING TREES—*continued.***Robinia** (*Acacia*)—*continued.*

- 1809 **pseud-acacia coluteoides**, very distinct variety, of dense habit. 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 and 2/6 each; 6 to 8 feet, 3/- and 3/6 each. Standards, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1810 — **decalsneana**, bright rosy-pink flowers, a variety of extreme beauty. 5 to 7 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each; 7 to 9 feet, 2/- to 3/- each.
- 1812 — **Inermis** (*Mop-headed Acacia*), a magnificent variety, forms globular heads of handsome foliage; fine for planting as single specimens if protected from strong winds. Standards, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.
- 1813 — — **fol var.**, a fine variegated form of above, does not get burned by the sun. Standards, 3/- to 5/- each.
- 1815 — — **latifolia**, a large-leaved form of *Inermis*. Standards, 2/-, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 1818 — — **monophylla**, very distinct, the leaves being entire instead of pinnate, as in the other varieties. 5 to 6 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 and 15/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each, 21/- and 24/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz.
- 1821 — — **neo-mexicana**, a new variety of vigorous habit, flowers pea-shaped, pinkish-lilac, fragrant and freely produced. 5 to 6 feet, 1/- each; 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 and 2/6 each.
- 1821a — — **pendula**. Standards, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1822 — — **semperflorens**, a continuous blooming variety, with lovely bright green foliage. 5 to 6 feet, feathered, 1/- and 1/6 each. Standards, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1823 — — **tortuosa**, leaves curiously twisted and curled, clothing the shoot. Standards, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1824 **viscosa** (*Clammy Locust*), distinct species, elegant and beautiful, soft rose-pink flowers, branches viscid and clammy. 5 to 6 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.; 7 to 8 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each, 21/- and 24/- per doz.

For special offer of Thorn Acacias, see Collection No. 14, page 29.

Photo]

Willows (*Salix*).

[Clibranks

ORNAMENTAL AND DECIDUOUS FLOWERING TREES—continued.

SALIX (*Willow or Osier*).

- 1872 **alba argentea** (*White Willow*), one of the fastest growing of trees; leaves silky on both sides. 4 to 6 feet, 6d. each, 5/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 5/- and 7/6 per doz.; larger, 2/- and 2/6 each.
- 1873 **regalis** (*Royal Willow*), 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 1875 **vitellina** (*Yellow Osier*), twigs yellow or reddish. 4 to 5 feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 5/- and 7/6 per doz.; larger, 2/- and 2/6 each.
- 1878 **Britzensis**, branches bright red, very conspicuous. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 1881 **americana pendula** (*American Weeping Willow*). Prune closely when transplanting. Standards, 6 to 7 feet, stems, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each, 24/- to 55/- per doz.
- 1884 **babylonica** (*Babylonian Willow*), 1/-, 1/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1886 — **ramulus aureus**, a charming variety for planting on the banks of streams or lakes, branches having a tendency to spread over the surface of the water. Standards, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1887 **capraea** (*Common Sallow*). 6d., 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 1890 — **cineraria** (*Palm Willow*) very conspicuous when in flower. 4 to 6 feet, 6d. each, 5/- per doz.; 6 to 8 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.
- 1893 — **pendula** (*Kilmarnock Weeping Willow*). Standards, 2/-, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.
- 1895 — **tricolor**, a variegated variety of the above, very ornamental. 1/-, 1/6 and 2/6 each.
- 1898 **nigra** (*Black Barked*), 5 to 7 feet, 9d. and 1/- each; larger, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 1899 **pentandra** (*Bay Willow*), large bright, green leaves, 5 to 6 feet, 9d. and 1/- each; 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each.
- 1902 **purpurea** (*Purple Osier*). 6 to 8 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 9/- to 12/- per doz.
- 1905 **repens argentea** (*Wolseyana pendula*), a weeping variety, with silvery foliage. Standards, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1909 **rigida pendula**, a weeping variety, with medium-sized glossy green leaves. Standards, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1908 **rubra** (*atrosanguinea*), 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 1910 **Solomoni**, similar to *babylonica* but more robust in habit. 6 to 8 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 1911 **viminalis** (*Bitter or Green Osier*). 5 to 6 feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 5/- and 7/6 per doz.
See special offer of *Salix*, Collection No. 15, page 29.

SAMBUCUS (*Elder*), a fine plant for town planting in smoky districts.

- 1920 **nigra aurea** (*Golden-leaved*). Standards, 4 to 5 feet, stems, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
For prices of other varieties see page 70.

SIBERIAN CRAB, see separate List of Fruit Trees. Free on application.

SNOWY MESPILUS, see *Amelanchier canadensis*, page 13.SUMACH, see *Rhus*, page 24.TILIA (*Lime*).

- 2149 **alba** (*argentea*), a beautiful silver-leaved variety. 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each, 15/- to 21/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each; larger, 5/- and 7/6 each.
- 2152 — **pendula** (*petiolaris*) (*Silver-leaved Weeping Lime*). Standards, 2/6, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 2153 — **spectabilis**, a very fine foliated variety. 6 to 8 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each; 8 to 10 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; larger, 5/- each.
- 2155 **americana macrophylla**, leaves very large and ornamental. Standards, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 2158 **europaea**, red twigged, from layers, one of the finest trees for avenues, streets, parks, &c. 6 to 7 feet, 1/- and 1/3 each, 9/- and 12/- per doz.; 7 to 8 feet, 1/6 and 1/9 each, 15/- and 18/- per doz.; 8 to 9 feet, 1/9 and 2/- each, 18/- and 21/- per doz.; 9 to 10 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each, 21/- and 24/- per doz.; 10 to 12 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 30/- to 36/- per doz.; 12 to 14 feet, 5/- to 7/6 each; larger specimens, 10/6 to 21/- each.
- 2160 — **aurantia** (*Orange Barked*), 6 to 8 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each; 8 to 9 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 2161 — **obliqua** (*Beaumontii*), very graceful weeping form. Standards, 2/6, 3/6 to 7/6 each.
- 2164 — **laciniata** (*asplenifolia*), leaves curiously cut and twisted, plant not so tall a grower as the type. 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
See special offer of Limes, Collection No. 16, page 29.

THORNS, FLOWERING, see *Crataegus*.TULIP TREE, see *Liriodendron tulipifera*, page 20.ULMUS (*Elm*).

- 2176 **campestris** (*English Elm*), makes the grandest tree on a moist alluvial soil. 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 each, 12/- and 15/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 10 to 12 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; 12 to 14 feet, 5/- to 7/6 each.
- 2179 — **aurea Rosseelii**. Standards, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 2182 — **Damptieri aurea** (*Wreedi aurea*), leaves stem-clasping, of a bright golden yellow colour. 1/6 to 3/6 each.

ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING TREES—*continued.*

- Ulmus** (*Elm*)—*continued.*
- 2177 **campesiris latifolia**, a broad-leaved form. 8 to 10 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each; 10 to 12 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 2185 — **Louis van Houtte**, a quick-growing variety with yellow foliage. 8 to 10 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each, 21/- to 24/- per doz.; 10 to 12 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 2186 — **pendula** (*Weeping*). Standards, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 2187 — **picturata variegata**, a pretty variegated Elm; distinct. 5 to 6 feet, 2/- each; 6 to 8 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each. Larger, 5/- each.
- 2208 — **Pinnato-ramosa**, a new and rare species from Siberia, ovate-aeuminata, leaves about 3 inches in length with serrate margin; a good grower and exceptionally hardy, a distinct and beautiful addition to ornamental trees. Small plants, 2/6 and 3/6 each; larger, 5/- each.
- 2209 — **Wheatleyi**, a stately and compact vigorous-growing variety, suitable for street planting in favourable districts. 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 each, 12/- and 15/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each, 21/- to 24/- per doz.; 10 to 12 feet, 2/6, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 2193 **elliptica**, a free-growing species, well adapted for cultivation in or near towns. 6 to 7 feet, 1/6 each, 12/- per doz.; 7 to 9 feet, 2/- each; 9 to 10 feet, 2/6 and 3/6 each; larger, 5/- each.
- 2194 **glabra vegata** (*Giant Canadian or Huntingdon*). 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 each, 8 to 10 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 10 to 12 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; 12 to 14 feet, 5/- each.
- 2197 **montana** (*Wych or Scotch*), more accommodating than the Common Elm. 6 to 8 feet, 9d. to 1/- each, 7/6 to 10/6 per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 10 to 12 feet, 2/- to 3/- each, 21/- to 30/- per doz.; larger, 5/-, 7/6 and 10/6 each.
- 2191 — **Dovæi**, an upright vigorous-growing variety, with large leaves. 8 to 10 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each; 10 to 12 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 12 to 13 feet, 5/- each.
- 2202 — **macrophylla aurea**, rapid grower, having bright yellow leaves. 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 2203 — **pendula** (*Camperdown Weeping*). Standards, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each; extra large Standards, 7/6 to 21/- each.
- 2206 — **purpurea** (*Purple-leaved*). 6 to 8 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 21/- per doz.; 8 to 10 feet, 3/- each; 10 to 12 feet, 4/- each; 12 to 14 feet, 5/- to 7/6 each.

For special offer of Elms, see Collection No. 17, page 29.

WHITE BEAM, *see Pyrus aria*, page 22.

WILLOW, *see Salix*, page 26.

SPECIAL NOTE.—In addition to trees of ordinary sizes and prices, we have hundreds of fine extra sized specimens to produce immediate effect, to screen unsightly objects, or form fine clumps. In most cases these trees have quite straight stems, resulting from staking for years past, good roots because of regular removal, fine heads by having had sufficient space to develop; in short, they are, in most instances, *perfect trees* in good health, free from insect or fungoid pests.

The stock is too varied and large to enumerate singly, but we shall be pleased to send particulars on hearing our clients' requirements, but still more pleased to show the trees, knowing in the latter case, the trees will themselves do more to induce a client to purchase than anything we can write.



CLIBRANS'

Special Collections

OF

ORNAMENTAL, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING TREES.



We can only presume that the continued planting in ornamental grounds of Common Ash, Chestnut, and similar species, arises from the general ignorance of the wealth of form, foliage and colour which the labours of the collectors and hybridists have placed at our disposal. In many cases this common error results in strong vigorous growing trees, which can only display their full beauty when allowed natural development, being placed in positions where space is limited. In other instances the eye is not charmed by harmonious contrasts of colour and shade owing to the planters having used trees with green foliage only. To facilitate a change in these directions we offer collections as under at prices approximating much closer than hitherto to those of common Forest Trees. We hope our clients will avail themselves of an opportunity of greatly improving the appearance of their gardens and grounds at so moderate a cost, and also increase for themselves and all others who see the trees, lovely effects and a vastly increased knowledge and interest. Imagine the difference between planting a dozen Common Ash, all alike in growth, form and colour, and planting a dozen Ashes, or other lovely ornamental trees, of which no two are alike in habit of growth, shape, colour, or size of foliage.

- COLLECTION 1.—ACERS (Maples),** 10 pretty varieties, all named, In Dwarfs, from 3 to 6 feet high, 7/6
Standards from 6 feet upwards, 10/6, 15/- and 21/-
- " 2.—ACERS (Sycamores), 5 fine varieties, all named. Dwarfs, 3 to 6 feet high, 3/6
Standards, 6 feet and upwards, 6/-, 8/- and 10/-
- " 3.—ÆSCULUS (Horse Chestnuts), 4 pretty varieties. Dwarfs, 3/- and 5/- ; Standards, 5/-, 7/6 and 10/-
- " 4.—AMYGDALUS (Almonds), 5 lovely sorts. Dwarfs, 5/- and 7/6 ; Standards, 7/6 and 10/6
- " 5.—BETULA (Birches), 5 lovely sorts. Dwarfs, 5/- and 7/6 ; Standards, 7/6 and 10/6
- " 6.—CERASUS (Flowering Cherries). Call to mind descriptions of the beauty of Japanese landscapes at flowering Cherry time, and consider how well the Cherries bloom in our climate ; then further, why our landscapes are not also beautified. Generally the reply would have to be, Ignorance of the floral beauty available. 7 lovely sorts, all named, Dwarfs, 7/6 and 10/6. 10 lovely sorts, Standards, 15/- and 21/-
- " 7.—CRATÆGUS (Hawthorns), another fine class, remarkable for flowers and for ornamental fruit. 10 splendid sorts, Dwarfs, 7/6 and 10/- ; Standards, 10/-, 15/- and 21/-
- " 8.—FAGUS (Beeches), 5 fine varieties. Dwarfs, 5/- and 7/6 ; Standards, 7/6, 10/6, 15/- and 21/-
- " 9.—FRAXINUS (Ash), 6 fine varieties. Standards, 9/-, 12/- and 18/-
- " 10.—LABURNUMS, 10 beautiful varieties In Standards for 15/-

SPECIAL COLLECTIONS---continued.

- COLLECTION 11.**—**NEGUNDO** (*Acer Negundo*), 4 beautiful kinds giving a lovely contrast to the Beeches. Dwarfs, 4/- and 7/6; Standards, 7/6, 10/6 and 15/-
- " **12.**—**PYRUS.** This includes White Beams, Service Tree, a number of Mountain Ashes, Flowering Crabs and Apples. We offer collections of White Beams 4 sorts, Mountain Ashes 4 sorts, Flowering Apples (*Malus*), 4 sorts. The whole or any of them separate in Dwarfs at 9d. and 1/- each; Standards, 1/6, 2/6 and 3/6. Or the collection of 12 in Dwarfs, 8/- or 10/6; Standards, 18/-, 25/- and 36/-
- " **13.**—**QUERCUS** (*Oaks*). 6 fine sorts. Dwarfs, 6/-; Standards, 10/6, 15/- and 21/-
- " **14.**—**ROBINIA** (*Acacias*), flowers and foliage all beautiful. In Dwarfs, 6 fine kinds, 4/6 and 6/-; 10 sorts, Standards, 15/- and 21/-
- " **15.**—**SALIX** (*Willows*), Ornamental varieties, 10 pretty kinds, in Dwarfs, 5/- and 7/6; Standards, 7/6, 10/- and 15/-
- " **16.**—**TILIA** (*Limes*), 5 pretty sorts. Standards, 7/6, 10/6 and 15/-
- " **17.**—**ULMUS** (*Elms*), 10 lovely sorts. Dwarfs, 7/6 and 10/-; Standards, 15/- and 21/-
- " **18.**—To suit buyers requiring the utmost variety or smaller numbers of each, we shall be pleased to make selections from any of the foregoing Classes in Dwarfs at 9/- per doz.; Standards, 12/-, 15/-, 18/- and upwards per doz.

NOTE.—Half of any of the above Collections can be supplied at half-price. In the case of Collections that contain 3 or 5 varieties, we shall be pleased to supply 2 and 3 plants respectively at proportionate prices.

Special Collection, No. 19.

**100 Ornamental Trees in 100 distinct varieties for £5,
£7. 10s., £10 or £12. 10s.**

We shall be pleased to make the above selection for any of our friends who desire to have a thoroughly representative collection of trees at a low price. The selection will be carefully made so as to include as wide a range in foliage and bloom as possible. The price is varied according to the variety, size and general development of the trees selected.

50 Ornamental Trees in 50 distinct varieties will be supplied for one-half the above prices.

MONTAGUE HOUSE, ERDINGTON, May 13th, 1908.

"I am very pleased indeed with the new garden you have laid out for me at Four Oaks, Warwickshire.

The Shrubs and Trees are all of the best possible quality, and the prices most moderate. Everything is doing well after your careful planting and attention, and out of such a number (considerably over 2,000) I consider it more than satisfactory, especially as the weather was not at all favourable at the time. Your various representatives were most courteous and attentive, and very helpful at all times with advice. I think everything is done as far as possible this spring, but in the autumn I hope to be able to arrange with you for planting Fruit Trees, Roses, &c.

I shall have great pleasure in recommending you to any friends, indeed my garden is quite a sufficient recommendation in itself.

You are quite at liberty to make any use of this letter you think best.
Thanking you for your careful attention in carrying out all my wishes."

Yours truly, L. BURNETT.

SELECTED STANDARD . . . ORNAMENTAL TREES

FOR AVENUE, STREET, PARK, OR CEMETERY PLANTING.

For immediate effect, all are grown singly; they have clean, straight stems, and well developed, balanced heads; regularly transplanted, and thoroughly well rooted, ensuring safe removal to any situation. Our Stock is probably the Finest in the Kingdom.

See following pages.



Photo]

SPECIMEN LIMES (*Tilia Europaea*).

[Clibrans

The above illustration shows the system we follow of planting specimen trees in widely separated rows. By this means each tree attains the fullest and best development of root and branch. When they have reached the size shown in the above illustration they are again lifted and transplanted more thinly and wider apart.

Selected Standard Ornamental Trees.

		Feet.	Each.	Doz.
ACER , brilliantissima	...	4 to 5	2/6 & 3/6	24/- & 36/-
“ colchicum	rubrum	8 to 10	2/- & 2/6	21/- & 24/-
“	Dasycarpum	10 to 12	2/6 & 3/6	30/- & 36/-
“	negundo variegata, golden	8 to 10	2/6 & 3/6	24/- & 36/-
“	silver	—	3/6 to 5/-	36/- to 48/-
“	Schwedleri	8 to 10	2/6 to 3/6	24/- to 36/-
“	“	10 to 12	2/- & 2/6	21/- to 24/-
			3/6	36/-
ACACIA (<i>Robinia</i>), Common	...	8 to 10	1/6 & 2/-	15/- & 18/-
“	“	10 to 12	3/- & 3/6	30/- & 36/-
“	Inermis (Mop-headed) stems	5 to 7	2/- & 2/6	24/-
“	In variety	8 to 10	2/- to 2/6	21/- & 24/-
ALDER (<i>Alnus</i>), Common	...	10 to 12	1/6 to 2/-	15/- to 18/-
ALMOND (<i>Amygdalus</i>) (<i>Fruit-bearing</i>)		6 to 8	2/- to 2/6	21/- & 24/-
ASH (<i>Fraxinus</i>), in variety	...	8 to 10	1/6 & 2/6	15/- to 24/-
“ Common	...	8 to 10	1/6 to 2/6	15/- to 24/-
“	“	10 to 12	2/6 to 3/6	24/- to 36/-
“	“	12 to 14	3/6 to 5/-	40/- to 50/-
“	“	14 to 16	5/- to 7/6	50/- to 60/-
“ Mountain	...	8 to 10	1/6	15/-
“	“	10 to 12	2/- to 2/6	18/- to 24/-
“	“	12 to 14	2/6 to 3/6	24/- to 36/-
“	“	14 to 16	3/6 to 5/-	36/- to 48/-
BEECH (<i>Fagus</i>) Common	...	8 to 10	2/- to 2/6	21/- to 24/-
“	“	10 to 12	2/6 to 3/6	24/- to 36/-
“ Purple	...	8 to 10	2/6 to 3/6	27/- to 36/-
“	“	10 to 12	3/6 to 10/6	36/- to 100/-
BIRCH (<i>Betula</i>), Silver Weeping	...	8 to 10	1/6 to 2/-	15/- to 18/-
“	Laciniata pendula (Cut-leaved)	10 to 12	2/- to 3/6	21/- to 30/-
8 to 10			3/6	—
CHERRY (<i>Cerasus</i>) Double Flowering Standards	...	6 to 8	2/6 to 3/6	24/- to 36/-
CHESTNUT (<i>Aesculus</i>), Horse	...	8 to 10	1/6 to 2/-	15/- to 18/-
“	“	10 to 12	2/6 to 3/6	24/- to 36/-
“	Rubicunda (Scarlet)	12 to 14	3/6 to 5/-	36/- to 48/-
“	Double White	8 to 10	2/6 & 3/6	24/- to 36/-
“	“	8 to 10	2/6 to 3/6	24/- to 30/-
“	Spanish” (<i>Castanea Vesca</i>)	10 to 12	3/6 to 5/-	36/- to 48/-
“	“	8 to 10	2/- to 2/6	21/- to 24/-
“	“	10 to 12	2/6 to 3/6	30/-
ELM , English (<i>Ulmus Campestris</i>), from buds and grafts; of handsome erect growth...	...	8 to 10	2/- to 2/6	21/- to 24/-
“	“	10 to 12	2/6 to 3/6	24/- to 36/-
“	“	12 to 14	5/- to 7/6	—
“ Wych (or Scotch)	...	8 to 10	1/6 to 2/-	15/- to 18/-
“	“	10 to 12	2/- to 3/-	21/- to 30/-
“	“	12 to 14	3/6 to 5/-	36/- to 50/-
“ Dovœi	...	8 to 10	2/- to 2/6	21/- to 24/-
“	“	10 to 12	2/6 to 3/6	24/- to 36/-
“ Giant Canadian or Huntingdon from buds and grafts	...	8 to 10	2/- to 2/6	21/- to 24/-
“	“	10 to 12	2/6 to 3/6	24/- to 36/-
“ Louise Van Houtte, golden foliage	...	8 to 10	2/- to 2/6	21/- to 24/-
“	“	10 to 12	3/6	—
“ Wheatleyii, of erect habit	...	8 to 10	2/- to 2/6	21/- to 24/-
“	“	10 to 12	2/6 to 3/6	24/- to 36/-
“	“	12 to 14	5/- to 7/6	—
HORNBEAM (<i>Carpinus</i>)	...	8 to 10	1/6 to 2/-	15/- to 21/-
“	“	10 to 12	2/6 to 3/6	24/- to 36/-

SELECTED STANDARD ORNAMENTAL TREES—continued.

			Feet.		Each.		Doz.
LABURNUM , English	...	...	8 to 10	...	1/6 to 2/-	...	15/- to 21/-
"	Scotch	...	10 to 12	...	2/6 to 3/6	...	25/- to 30/-
"	"	...	8 to 10	...	2/- to 2/6	...	21/- to 24/-
LIME (<i>Tilia</i>)	...	...	10 to 12	...	2/6 to 3/6	...	24/- to 36/-
"	...	...	12 to 14	...	5/- to 7/6	...	48/- to 72/-
			Larger, extra fine specimens, 10/6 and 12/6 each.				
MAPLE , Norway	...	...	10 to 12	...	2/- to 2/6	...	18/- to 24/-
"	...	...	12 to 14	...	3/6 to 5/-	...	36/- to 48/-
OAK (<i>Quercus</i>), English	...	...	10 to 12	...	3/6 to 5/-	...	—
"	"	...	12 to 14	...	5/- to 7/6	...	—
PLANE (<i>Platanus acerifolia</i>), an excellent tree for smoky districts	...	...	8 to 10	...	2/6 to 3/-	...	24/- to 30/-
"	extra " specimens	...	10 to 12	...	3/6 to 5/-	...	36/- to 48/-
POPLAR (<i>Populus</i>)							
" Argentea	...	...	8 to 10	...	1/9	...	18/-
"	...	...	10 to 12	...	3/6	...	36/-
" Black Italian	...	...	10 to 12	...	1/6 to 2/6	...	15/- to 24/-
" canadensis nova	...	...	10 to 12	...	1/6 to 2/6	...	15/- to 24/-
" Lombardy	...	...	12 to 14	...	2/6 to 3/6	...	24/- to 36/-
"	...	...	10 to 12	...	1/6 to 2/6	...	15/- to 24/-
"	...	...	12 to 14	...	2/6 to 3/-	...	24/- to 30/-
" fastigiata Wilsonii (<i>Manchester Poplar</i>)	...	...	14 to 16	...	5/-	...	—
"			8 to 10	...	1/6 to 1/9	...	15/- to 18/-
"	"		10 to 12	...	1/6 to 2/6	...	15/- to 24/-
"	Ontario	...	12 to 14	...	2/6 to 3/6	...	24/- to 36/-
"	"	...	10 to 12	...	1/6 to 2/6	...	15/- to 18/-
"	"	...	12 to 14	...	2/6 to 3/-	...	24/- to 30/-
PRUNUS , Pissoardii (Purple Leaved Plum)	...	...	6 to 8	...	1/6 to 2/-	...	15/- to 18/-
SERVICE TREE (<i>Pyrus sorbus</i>)	...	...	8 to 10	...	1/6 to 2/6	...	15/- to 24/-
"	"	...	10 to 12	...	2/6 to 3/6	...	24/- to 36/-
SYCAMORE (<i>Acer pseudo-platanus</i>)	...	...	10 to 12	...	2/- to 2/6	...	18/- to 24/-
" purple-leaved"	...	...	12 to 14	...	2/6 to 5/-	...	30/- to 48/-
"	...	...	8 to 10	...	2/- to 2/6	...	18/- to 24/-
" silver-striped	...	...	10 to 12	...	3/6	...	36/-
"	...	...	8 to 10	...	2/- to 2/6	...	18/- to 24/-
"	...	...	10 to 12	...	3/6	...	36/-
THORNS (<i>Crataegus</i>), flowering of sorts, double white, scarlet, and pink, single scarlet, cockspur, &c.	...	...	7 to 8	...	2/6	...	24/-
WALNUT (<i>Juglans</i>)	...	...	8 to 10	...	2/6 to 3/6	...	24/- to 36/-
WHITE BEAM (<i>Pyrus aria</i>)	...	...	8 to 10	...	1/6 to 2/6	...	15/- to 24/-
"	"	...	10 to 12	...	2/6 to 3/6	...	24/- to 36/-

Extra Transplanted Ornamental and Flowering Trees.

For General Decorative Effect.

Many thousands of larger trees on hand of some of the following varieties. Sizes and prices on application.

			Feet.		Each.		Doz.		100.
ACACIA , Common	...	...	5 to 6	9d. & 1/-	6/- to 7/6	...	40/- to 50/-		
"	"	...	6 to 8	1/- & 1/6	10/6 to 15/-	...	75/- to 100/-		

EXTRA TRANSPLANTED ORNAMENTAL AND FLOWERING TREES—continued.

		Feet.	Each.	Doz.	100.
ACER, <i>colchicum</i> <i>rubrum</i>	...	5 to 6	1/- & 1/6	10/- to 15/-	—
"	<i>platanoides</i> <i>Schwedleri</i>	6 to 8	1/6 & 2/-	15/- to 21/-	—
"	<i>pseudo-platanus</i> <i>fol.</i> <i>var.</i>	5 to 6	1/- & 1/6	9/- to 15/-	—
"	"	6 to 8	1/6 & 2/-	15/- to 18/-	—
"	"	5 to 6	1/3	12/-	90/-
"	"	6 to 8	2/-	18/-	125/-
"	<i>lutescens</i>	5 to 6	1/3	12/-	—
"	"	6 to 8	2/-	18/-	—
"	<i>fol.</i> <i>purp.</i>	5 to 6	1/3	12/-	90/-
"	"	6 to 8	2/-	18/-	125/-
AILANTHUS GLANDULOSA	...	6 to 8	1/6 & 2/-	15/- to 18/-	—
ALDER, Common	...	6 to 8	9d.	7/6	40/-
" "	...	8 to 9	1/-	9/-	60/-
ASH, Common	...	5 to 6	6d & 9d.	5/-	25/-
" Mountain	...	6 to 8	9d. & 1/-	7/6	35/-
" "	...	5 to 6	6d.	4/-	25/-
" "	...	6 to 8	9d.	7/6	45/-
AUSTRIAN PINE	...	3 to 4	2/6	24/-	—
" "	...	4 to 5	3/6	36/-	—
BEECH, Common	...	5 to 6	1/- to 1/6	9/- to 12/-	70/- to 90/-
" Purple	...	6 to 8	1/6 & 2/-	15/- to 21/-	110/- to 150/-
" "	...	3 to 4	9d. & 1/-	7/6 to 9/-	55/- to 70/-
" "	...	4 to 5	1/- to 1/6	10/6 to 15/-	100/-
" "	...	5 to 6	1/6 to 2/-	15/- to 21/-	110/- to 150/-
" "	...	6 to 8	2/- & 2/6	21/- to 24/-	150/- to 175/-
BIRCH, Silver Weeping	...	5 to 6	6d. & 9d.	6/- to 7/6	40/- to 50/-
" "	...	6 to 8	1/- to 1/3	9/- to 12/-	60/- to 75/-
CHERRY, Dble. fld., white and rose	...	5 to 6	2/-	21/-	150/-
CHESTNUT, Horse	...	5 to 6	9d.	6/-	30/-
" dbl. white	...	6 to 8	1/-	9/-	50/-
" "	...	4 to 5	1/-	10/6	—
" "	...	5 to 6	1/6	15/-	—
" dbl. scarlet	...	6 to 8	2/-	21/-	—
" "	...	4 to 5	1/-	10/6	75/-
" "	...	5 to 6	1/6	15/-	100/-
" Spanish	...	6 to 8	2/-	21/-	125/-
" "	...	5 to 6	1/-	9/-	60/-
" "	...	6 to 8	1/6	15/-	90/-
ELM, Broad-leaved, English	...	4 to 5	1/-	9/-	60/-
" "	...	5 to 6	1/3	12/-	75/-
" Cornish	...	6 to 8	1/6	15/-	100/-
" "	...	4 to 5	1/-	9/-	60/-
" "	...	5 to 6	1/3	12/-	75/-
" Purple-leaved	...	6 to 8	1/6	15/-	100/-
" Wych or Scotch	...	5 to 6	6d. & 9d.	4/6 to 6/-	30/- to 35/-
" "	...	6 to 8	9d. & 1/-	7/6 to 10/6	50/- to 60/-
HORNBEAM	...	6 to 8	9d. & 1/-	7/6 to 10/6	—
LABURNUM	...	5 to 6	9d.	7/6	50/-
" purple-flowered	...	6 to 8	1/- & 1/6	9/- to 15/-	60/- to 75/-
" "	...	5 to 6	1/- & 1/6	12/- to 15/-	60/- to 100/-
" "	...	6 to 8	2/-	21/-	—
LIME, Red-twiggled, from layers	...	6 to 7	1/- & 1/3	9/- to 12/-	60/- to 90/-
" "	...	7 to 8	1/6 & 1/9	15/- to 18/-	100/- to 125/-
" "	...	8 to 9	1/9 & 2/-	18/- to 21/-	—
" "	...	9 to 10	2/- & 2/6	21/- to 24/-	—

EXTRA TRANSPLANTED ORNAMENTAL AND FLOWERING TREES—continued.

			Feet.	Each.	Doz.	100.
MAPLE , Norway	...	...	5 to 6	6d. & 9d.	5/- to 7/6	25/- to 30/-
"	"	...	6 to 8	9d. & 1/-	7/6 to 10/-	40/- to 60/-
"	"	...	8 to 10	1/- to 1/6	10/6 to 15/-	75/- to 100/-
MESPILUS , Snowy	...	...	5 to 6	1/6 to 2/6	15/- to 24/-	—
NEGUNDO , Silver striped, bush	...	—	—	1/-	9/- to 12/-	—
"	"	pyramids	—	—	9/- to 12/-	—
"	"	standards	—	2/6 to 3/6	—	—
OAK , American Scarlet...	...	...	4 to 5	9d. & 1/-	7/6	50/-
"	"	...	5 to 6	1/6	15/-	100/-
"	"	...	6 to 8	2/-	18/-	125/-
"	"	Marsh ...	...	1/3	12/-	—
"	"	...	5 to 6	1/6	15/-	—
"	"	...	6 to 8	2/6	24/-	—
"	English	...	5 to 6	1/- & 1/6	10/6 to 15/-	100/-
"	"	...	6 to 8	1/6 to 2/-	15/- & 18/-	140/-
"	Turkey	...	6 to 8	1/6	15/-	—
"	"	...	8 to 10	2/6	24/-	—
PLANE , London...	...	...	4 to 5	1/-	10/6	50/-
"	"	...	5 to 6	1/6	15/-	100/-
"	"	...	6 to 8	2/-	18/-	130/-
POPLAR , Black Italian	...	...	5 to 6	—	—	20/-
"	"	...	6 to 8	6d.	5/-	30/-
"	"	...	8 to 10	1/-	9/-	50/-
"	Canadian	...	5 to 6	—	—	20/-
"	"	...	6 to 8	9d.	6/-	40/-
"	"	...	8 to 10	1/-	9/-	50/-
"	Lombardy	...	5 to 6	—	—	20/-
"	"	...	6 to 8	9d.	6/-	35/-
"	"	...	8 to 10	1/-	9/-	60/-
"	Ontario	...	5 to 6	—	—	20/-
"	"	...	6 to 8	9d.	7/6	50/-
"	"	...	8 to 10	1/-	9/-	60/-
"	White or Abele	...	5 to 6	1/-	7/6	50/-
"	"	...	6 to 8	1/3	12/-	70/-
"	Wilsonii	...	5 to 6	6d.	5/-	30/-
"	"	...	6 to 8	9d.	7/6	50/-
"	"	...	8 to 10	1/3	12/-	75/-
PRUNUS , Pissardii (purple-leaved plum)	3 to 4	...	9d.	—	7/6	50/-
"	"	4 to 5	—	1/-	9/-	60/-
"	"	5 to 6	—	1/6	12/-	75/-
"	"	6 to 8	—	2/-	15/-	100/-
PYRUS , Malus floribunda	...	...	4 to 5	1/-	9/-	—
"	"	5 to 6	—	1/6	15/-	—
"	"	6 to 8	—	2/- & 2/6	21/- & 24/-	—
"	atrosanguinea	...	4 to 5	1/-	9/-	—
"	"	5 to 6	—	1/6	15/-	—
"	"	6 to 8	—	2/- & 2/6	21/- & 24/-	—
SERVICE TREE ...	...	...	5 to 6	9d. & 1/-	7/6 to 9/-	60/-
"	...	...	6 to 8	1/- & 1/6	9/- to 15/-	100/-
SYCAMORE , Common ...	...	...	5 to 6	6d.	4/-	25/-
"	"	6 to 7	—	1/-	7/6	45/-
"	"	7 to 8	—	1/3	12/-	70/-
"	"	8 to 10	—	1/6	15/-	100/-
THORNS , flowering sorts	...	...	4 to 5	1/-	9/-	65/-
"	"	5 to 6	—	1/9	15/- to 18/-	125/-
"	"	6 to 7	—	2/-	21/-	150/-

Extra sizes of many of the above can be supplied.

Particulars on application.

FOREST TREES.

Forest Trees and Hedge Plants constitute a special and important branch of our business. Forty acres of land are devoted to this department alone. For many years past we have supplied Trees and Plants to the largest Private Planters, Public Bodies and Corporations in the British Isles. A further note on this branch appears at foot of this and on the following page.



Photo]

SEED BEDS OF FOREST TREES IN OUR NURSERIES.

[Clibrans

This illustration gives a partial view of the immense area of ground we devote to the raising of Forest Trees from Seed.

FORESTERS' AND PLANTERS' GUIDE.

Everyone who has to deal with, or who is interested in the planting and tending of Woods, Plantations, Coverts, &c., should possess themselves of a copy of our Planters' Guide. The issue for season 1908-9, now ready, will be found of absorbing interest. Articles and statistics bearing upon Forestry in this and other countries, the Afforestation of Water Catchment Areas, and a variety of other subjects of equal interest, together with useful tables for Planters, are contained in its pages. A carefully compiled and priced list of all the best subjects for planting in a variety of sizes is also included. Printed on good paper, well illustrated, and handsomely bound, it is at once highly useful, attractive and convenient. We will gladly send a copy free on request. See also following page.

Clibrans'

Foresters' and Planters' Guide.

For 1908-9.

What it is, and What it contains.

MANY years have passed since, owing to the growth in the Forest Tree branch of our business, we decided to issue a Special List of Forest Trees, Covert and Hedge Plants, in place of their being incorporated, as was previously the case, with our General List of Trees and Shrubs.

It has been a matter of satisfaction to ourselves to note, year by year, the increased appreciation with which this departure has been received, whilst on our part we have constantly endeavoured to make each succeeding issue of greater interest and assistance to those engaged in, or interested in, Forestry.

The article on "State Forests" by Mr. Story, with the resulting correspondence, that appears in this issue, will we feel sure, be read with interest, as will also the short account of the Duke of Northumberland's Exhibit at the Royal Agricultural Society's Show at Newcastle. Several other articles and extracts of interest (see note at foot) will be found within its pages.

Our *Foresters' and Planters' Guide* appeals to all who own or manage land. It is handsomely produced, intensely interesting, and indispensable.

The summer of 1908 has been, from the Foresters' point of view, fairly favourable, all the Forest subjects, of which we have several millions, have made good growth, and there is every prospect of their ripening properly.

The revival of interest in Forestry, evidenced during recent years, has been maintained and still further developed during the season that has passed. Never have we experienced so great a demand for the various kinds of Forest Trees as during the last season. In spite of the fact that we held huge stocks, consisting of millions of all the leading kinds at the commencement of the season, the demand was so great that we were absolutely cleared out towards the end of the planting months of the stock set apart for sale last season.

A far larger acreage of our Nurseries is now devoted to the raising of Forest Trees than at any previous time.

Growing our stocks from the seed to the finished plant, we are able to recommend them to planters with every confidence.

A personal inspection of our plants by all who are interested is cordially invited. The vast extent of our stocks, from the seedling stage to plants some feet in height, cannot fail to be of interest to all who plant, or intend to do so.

We shall be pleased to send a conveyance to meet visitors at the Railway Station, upon receiving intimation of their proposed visit a few posts in advance.

For years past we have supplied the largest Private Planters, Corporations and Public Bodies with Forest Trees and Hedge Plants, and have invariably been favoured with repeat orders, the surest criterion of the satisfaction given by our plants.

Our Foresters' and Planters' Guide:

Some of the principal Contents.

AFFORESTATION IN WALES.

AFFORESTATION OF WATER CATCHMENT AREAS.

AREAS UNDER WOOD IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

DIAGRAMS FOR PLANTERS.

FORESTRY AT ROYAL AGRICULTURAL SHOW.

FORESTRY AND RURAL EMPLOYMENT.

FORESTS AND THE SUPPLY OF TIMBER.

FOREST TREES.

HEDGE AND COVERT PLANTS.

LAND AVAILABLE FOR AFFORESTATION IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

STATE FORESTS.

STREET AND AVENUE TREES.

TABLES OF MEASUREMENT.

TABLES OF CALCULATION.

WILLOW, FOR CRICKET BATS.

A Copy of above will be gladly forwarded Post Free on request.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS and FLOWERING SHRUBS.

Lovely effects may be attained by the judicious use of many of our evergreen, deciduous, ornamental flowering and fruiting Shrubs. Upon the various forms of Shrubs, perhaps more than any other class of plant, we are dependent for the beauty of our gardens and pleasure grounds. Why it should continue to be so common a practice of using such objects as common Privet, Laurels, &c., for the planting of gardens and pleasure grounds to the almost total exclusion of the many beautiful and highly ornamental Shrubs of other families is a mystery. Whatever effect may be required, either an evergreen appearance, floral beauty, spring or autumn tints, or plants producing ornamental fruits, can easily be obtained by the use of a careful and judicious selection of shrubs.

The following pages will be found to contain a select and comprehensive collection of all that is choicest and best in shrubs, many of them of great rarity; we commend their perusal to all lovers of Shrubs and admirers of natural beauty.

PRUNING OF SHRUBS.—To be successful, this operation requires a considerable amount of care and knowledge of the subjects to be dealt with.

Summer pruning can be carried out with advantage immediately the flowering season is over, on plants that produce flowers on wood of the previous year's growth. We refer to such subjects as *Philadelphus*, *Deutzias*, *Forsythias*, *Lilacs*, *Weigelas*, &c., in these cases pruning should be confined to the cutting away of old wood that has produced flowers and so admit light and air to throw increased strength into the growth that will produce flowers during the following season.

Winter pruning can be performed satisfactorily on Shrubs that flower on the current season's young growth, and also on other subjects if they have exceeded the space allotted them.

All marked () should be planted in Sheltered Situations.*

For Rhododendrons and other American Plants and Shrubs, see pages 82 to 92.

For Special Cheap Collection of Shrubs, see page 78.

ABELIA

*2 **rupestris**, a pretty white flowering shrub, very floriferous, suitable for walls, &c. 1/- and 1/6 each.

ABUTILON

*4 **vitifolium** (*Vine-leaved*), flowers porcelain-blue. In autumn the leaves are golden. This fine shrub is hardy in the South of England and Ireland, but should have protection from frost in the north. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 10/6, 15/- to 24/- per doz.

*5 —— **album**, a white flowered form of the preceding. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

ALTHAEA, see *Hibiscus syriacus*, page 52.

AMORPHA

119 **fruticosa**, a free-blooming shrub producing dark bluish-purple flowers in June. 1/- to 1/6 each.

AMPHIRAPIS

*120 **albescens**, pale violet-blue flowers. 1/6 and 2/- each.

AMYGDALUS

134a **Georgica**, an early-flowering shrub with deep rose flowers. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

ARALIA

*146 **pentaphylla**, highly ornamental species. 1/- to 1/6 each.

*149 —— **fol. variegata**, a remarkably handsome form of preceding, foliage variegated with silver. 1/- and 1/6 each.

* — **Sieboldii**, 6d., 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each } These are undoubtedly fine ornamental foliaged plants; in favourable districts they grow luxuriantly out of doors.
* — **variegata**, 1/6, 2/6 and 3/6 each }

For other Aralias see page 14.

ARBUTUS (*Strawberry Tree*).

*158 **Menziesii** (*Procera*), white flowers in panicles. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

*167 **Croomel**, scarlet flowers, very free, showy. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

*164 **Unedo**. Beautiful in late autumn when its dense mass of greenery is mingled with a profusion of flower clusters and large, scarlet, strawberry-like fruit. 9d., 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

AUCUBA (*Variegated Laurel*).

One of the best evergreens for towns, standing smoke well, and fine for any position, with its yellow foliage which contrasts with and brightens up masses of surrounding green.

F. signifies *Female*; M. *Male* varieties.

- 173 **japonica** (F.) *See illustration.* 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 5/- and 6/- per doz.; 40/- to 50/- per 100; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each, 9/-, 12/- and 15/- per doz., 60/-, 80/- and 100/- per 100; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 15/- to 25/- per doz.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each, 36/- to 48/- per doz.; 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 5/- to 7/6 each; 55/- to 75/- per doz.; $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 feet, 7/6 to 10/6 each, 80/- to 100/- per doz. The larger sizes are splendid bushes, suitable for planting as single specimens, in borders, &c., being as broad as they are high, and furnished with foliage almost to the bottom of the plants.



Photo]

AUCUBA JAPONICA.

[*Clibrans*

A well-known and exceedingly useful hardy ornamental Evergreen Shrub.

- 176 —— **Bruanti** (F.) Recommended for the unusual abundance of berries it produces, and the extremely brilliant foliage. 9 to 12 inches, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 7/6, 9/- to 15/- per doz.; 12 to 18 inches, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/- each, 10/6, 15/- to 21/- per doz.
- 177 —— **Bruanti** (M.) The male form of above. 9 to 12 inches, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.; 12 to 15 inches, 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6, 12/- and 15/- per doz.
- 178 —— **fructo-albo** (F.) Ornamental on account of its white berries. 12 to 18 inches, 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 and 15/- per doz.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 184 —— **limbata** (F.) Centre of leaf bright green, broadly margined with gold, very distinct and handsome, effective for bedding. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 187 —— **longifolia** (F.) Long narrow foliage, 9d., 1/- to 2/6 each.
- 190 —— —— **variegata** (F.) 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 193 —— **maculata** (M.) The variegated male *Aucuba*. 1/-, 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

Aucuba (*Variegated Laurel*)—continued.

- 196 **japonica maculata** (F.) The female form of *maculata*. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6.
 200 —— **robusta** (F.) A vigorous-growing broad-leaved form. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
 205 —— **suiphurea** (F.) Leaves prettily blotched with gold. 1/- to 1/6 each.
 212 —— **viridis** (M.) The green form of the male *Aucuba*. 1 to 1½ feet, 1/- to 1/6 each, 10/6, 12/- and 15/- per doz., 1½ to 2 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each, 18/- and 21/- per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; larger, 5/- to 7/6 each.
 215 —— **viridis** (F.) The green form of the female *Aucuba*, usually known as *japonica vera*. 1 to 1½ feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.; 1½ to 2 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 and 15/- per doz.; larger, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

Mixed green varieties of **Japonica**. 1 to 1½ feet, 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each; 1½ to 2 feet, 1/6 and 2/- each; 2 to 2½ feet, 2/- to 3/6 each; 2½ to 3 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; 3½ to 4 feet, 7/6, 10/6 to 12/6 each.

By intermixing a few of the male variety with the ordinary *Aucuba*, beautiful red berries will be produced.

For special cheap Collection of *Aucubas*, see page 78.

AZARA

- *218 **crassifolia**, (*Gilliesii*) medium-sized leaves, deeply cut. In pots, 9d. and 1/- each.
 *220 —— **integerrifolia**, charming half-hardy evergreen. In pots, 9d. and 1/- each.
 *221 —— **fol. variegata**, most beautiful plant, with drooping spikes of fragrant yellow flowers and well-defined, golden margined foliage. In pots, 2/- and 2/6 each.
 *224 **microphylla**, pretty small-leaved evergreen shrub, covered in autumn with small bright orange-red berries. In pots, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

BACCHARIS

- 227 **patagonica**, a distinct hardy shrub of free growth, with small deep green leaves and white flowers. In pots, 6d., 9d. and 1/- each.

BAMBOOS, including *Arundinaria* and *Phyllostachys*. The Bamboos are graceful, elegant, and of exquisite form, with jointed stems and charming foliage; prefer a rich soil, and are eminently adapted for growing on the margins of streams and in moist boggy places; should be sheltered from cold, cutting winds, and mulched every autumn with cow manure till thoroughly established. With suitable backgrounds these beautiful plants are capable of producing glorious effects.

- 3 **Arundinaria anceps** (6 to 10 feet), an attractive and graceful species; leaves are a brilliant green, and two or three inches in length. The stems when young are a pretty purple colour, changing with age to a greenish-brown tint. 2/-, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
 5 —— **auricoma** (*Fortunei aurea*) (3 feet), leaves 2 inches apart, striped bright yellow; broad and about 6 inches long; stems purplish-green. 6d. to 1/- each; extra strong clumps, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
 6 —— **falcata** (3 to 6 feet), narrow light green leaves; stems slender, deep green; a handsome species, somewhat tender. 2/- and 2/6 each.
 9 —— **Fortunei** (3 feet), leaves medium width, bright green striated white. 6d. to 1/-; extra strong clumps, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
 12 —— **Hindsii** (8 feet), very straight olive-green stems with branches in whorls; leaves long, thick dark green, exquisitely tessellated. 2/-, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
 13 —— **graminea** (6 feet), with yellow stems and longer leaves. 1/-, 1/6 and 2/6 each.
 15 —— **Japonica** (*syn. B. Metake*) (6 feet), stems much branched when mature, with abundant long persistent dark green sharply pointed leaves; makes a grand specimen. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
 44 —— **marmorea**, bright green leaves carried on purple stems 2 to 3 feet high, a very charming semi-dwarf species. 3/6 and 5/- each.
 19 —— **metallica**, a dwarf growing species, with pointed deep green leaves 6 to 9 inches in length and 1½ inches across, borne near the apex of stout stems carrying about 6 leaves. 1/6 to 2/6 each.
 20 —— **nitida** (6 to 10 feet), bright green leaves, 2 to 3 inches long; stems shortly branched; very hardy. 2/- and 2/6 each.
 21 —— **pygmæa** (6 to 12 inches), one of the dwarfest growing Bamboos in cultivation. The leaves are long, of a bright green colour; a vigorous and rampant grower, carpeting the ground wherever it is planted in a short space of time. 2/-, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
 22 —— **Simonii**, attains a height of 12 to 15 feet, broad tapering leaves 12 inches in length; a very handsome and ornamental species. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
 32 —— **Veitchii** (2 feet), with rounded stem and relatively small leaves, the edges of which wither in winter, giving the plant a variegated appearance. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

Bamboos—continued.

- 38 **Bambusa Arundinacea**, slender stems and long plumes of light green leaves. 6d. to 1/- each; extra strong, 1/6 and 2/6 each.
- 41 —— **disticha** (2 feet), a splendid little Bamboo for carpeting; zigzagged stems, small leaves. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 52 —— **palmata** (5 feet), leaves long and very broad, vivid green above, glaucous below; makes a bold and most effective group. 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 57 —— **quadrangularis**, stems square when matured; leaves of a fine deep green; runs freely at the root. 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 62 —— **tessellata** (2½ feet), the largest leaved of all the hardy Bamboos; tessellation minnute. 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 75 **Phyllostachys aurea**, stems yellow, very straight, erect, and free branching, growing close round the base; leaves handsome but variable. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 79 —— **fastuosa**, attains a height of 12 to 15 feet, sharply pointed leaves 5 to 7 inches long, ¾ to 1 inch broad, bright green above, glaucous below. 2/6 and 3/6 each.



Photo]

[Clibrans

BAMBOOS AND RHODODENDRONS IN A CHESHIRE GARDEN.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

Bamboos—continued.

- 80 **Phyllostachys flexuosa** (6 to 8 feet), a highly ornamental species, of neat, compact habit. 2/- and 2/6 each.
- 82 —— **Henonis**, one of the loveliest of Bamboos, with tall slender stems yellowing with age, and crowded with relatively small tapering leaves. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 84 —— **Kumasasa (ruscifolia)** (3 feet), a pretty little rare plant of unique appearance; curious arrangement of the leaves. 2/6, 3/6 and 5/-.
- 86 —— **mitis**, a beautiful tall species with golden stems and graceful habit. 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 89 —— **nigra**, stems glossy black after the first year; leaves green above, glaucous below. 2/-, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 96 —— **Quillot** (18 feet), a beautiful Bamboo, of notable appearance; rapid grower; young sheaths of a pinkish-brown mottled with purple spots, canes dark green, brilliantly polished; a most valuable and reliable Bamboo. 2/6, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 104 —— **violescens**, stems deep violet, almost black, changing to a brownish yellow, finely pointed lanceolate leaves 2 to 7 inches long, dark green above, glaucous below; height 13 or 14 feet; not quite hardy. 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 106 —— **Viridi glaucescens**, lanceolate finely pointed leaves, 3 to 4 inches long, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch broad; one of the handsomest of Bamboos, attaining a height of 16 to 18 feet, elegantly arched. 3/6 and 5/- each.

For Special Collection of Bamboos, see page 78.

BAY, SWEET, see **Laurus nobilis**.

BENTHAMIA.

- *230 **fragifera**, large white flowers and beautiful strawberry-like fruit. In pots, 9d. and 1/- each.

BERBERIS (Barberry).

- 232 **Angulosa**, an ornamental species attaining a height of about 4 feet; obovate lanceolate foliage, usually entire; large yellow flowers, succeeded by red fruit. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 233 **aquifolia (Mahonia)**. A fine evergreen, foliage and berries very ornamental. 6d. and 9d. each; 4/6 and 6/- per doz., 25/-, 30/- and 40/- per 100.
- 236 —— **rotundifolia Hervel**, a variety of erect growth, leaves large, round, very smooth, and without any spines; very hardy. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 239 **Darwinii**, a densely branched evergreen, in favourable districts reaching a height of 8 or 9 feet, with abundant racemes of bright orange flowers; the showiest of all. 6d., 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each, 4/6, 7/6, 10/6 and 15/- per doz., 30/-, 50/-, 75/- and 95/- per 100.
- 242 **dulcis (Buxifolia)**, graceful, slender, almost evergreen, shoots profusely hung with tiny golden flowers. 6d., 9d. to 1/6 each.
- 243 —— **nana**, a charming little compact growing variety of preceding, 9d. and 1/6 each, 6/- to 15/- per doz.
- 245 **empetrifolia**, an attractive trailing species, one of the parents of *stenophylla*. 1/- and 1/6 each, 9/- to 12/- per doz.
- 248 **fascicularis**, a pretty evergreen variety, with very prickly foliage. 1 to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 6d., 9d. and 1/- each, 5/-, 7/6 and 10/6 per doz.; 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 251 **Fremontii**, a very distinct species, with glaucous grey leaves. Small plants, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 254 **Hackodate**, a Japanese variety of upright growth, a very neat and effective shrub. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

Hookeri, see **Wallichiana**.

- 257 **japonica**, long slender racemes of bloom, and large compound leathery leaves a foot long; extremely ornamental and well deserving attention. 1 to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 9d. and 1/- each; 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each; larger, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 258 **Knightii**, foliage bright green, flowers large, golden-yellow. Small plants, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 263 **stenophylla**, the most graceful of all, with long pendulous branches clad in small evergreen leaves, and densely hung with bright yellow flowers; makes a lovely specimen. 1 to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 6d., 9d. and 1/- each, 5/-, 6/- and 9/- per doz.; 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.; larger, 2/- to 3/6 each.
- 266 **Thunbergi**. Pretty early blooming species, white flowers; leaves in autumn are tinted crimson. 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.; 2 to 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet, 1/- to 2/- each, 15/- to 21/- per doz.
- 269 **vulgaris**, the common fruit-bearing Barberry. 1 to 2 feet, 6d. each, 5/- per doz., 35/- per 100; larger, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 10/6 per doz.

ORNAMENTAL AND DECIDUOUS FLOWERING TREES—continued.

Berberis—continued.

- 275 **vulgaris purpurea**, purple-leaved form of preceding. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 10/6 per doz.; 2 to 3 feet, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/- each, 10/6, 15/- to 21/- per doz.
- 277 **Wallichiana** (*Hookeri*), beautiful evergreen shrub, with pale yellow flowers. 9d., 1/-, 1/6 and 2/- each.
- 280 **WILSONÆ**, a dwarf growing species with branched stems, covered with innumerable leaves about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch long, assuming a superb crimson colouring in autumn; the flowers are of a rich golden hue; a very fine decorative shrub. 7/6 each.

For special offer of *Berberis* see Collection No. 22, page 78.

BETULA

- 298 **nana**, a small growing compact plant, suitable for planting on rockeries, &c. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

BOX, see *Buxus*, page 43.

Edging, see *Buxus suffruticosa*.

BROOM

- | | | |
|---|---|----------|
| Bronze—see <i>Cytisus scoparius Andreanus</i> | } | page 46. |
| White—see <i>Cytisus albus</i> | | |
| Yellow—see <i>Cytisus scoparius</i> | | |
- Spanish—see *Spartium junceum*.

BUDDLEIA

- 300 **Albiflora**, pale mauve flowers, with an orange-yellow throat, produced in terminal spikes on the current season's growths. 1/6 and 2/6 each.
- *301 **Colvillei**, flowers rose coloured, with a white ring round the mouth of the corolla, of bell-shaped form, produced in long pendulous panicles. The loveliest of all Buddleias; not perfectly hardy, succeeds best in a south or south-west aspect. 2/- and 2/6 each.
- 302 **globosa** (*The Orange Ball Tree*), globular heads of bright orange-yellow fragrant flowers. 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.



ORNAMENTAL AND DECIDUOUS FLOWERING TREES—continued.

Buddleia—continued.

- 303 **Lindleyana**, purplish-red flowers, in terminal spikes, flowering during September. 9d. and 1/- each.
- *304a **Variabilis Veitchiana**, F.C.C., R.H.S., in foliage and habit this variety resembles the well-known *variabilis*, but it is much more robust, the flower spikes are much larger, more densely flowered, and more brilliantly coloured, frequently 15 inches or more in length, and 3 inches broad, forming dense pyramids of bright violet-mauve flowers, each with an orange-yellow centre, perfectly hardy (see illustration on page 42). 1/6 and 2/6 each.
- 304b —— **magnifica**, a remarkably fine variety, fully equal to *Veitchiana* in size and profusion of bloom, whilst the flowers appear a fortnight later and are of a much deeper shade of rose-purple. 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.

BUPLEURUM

- *305 **fruticosum**, desirable free growing evergreen shrub, foliage rich green; flowers bright yellow, produced in umbels. 1/- and 1/6 each.

BUXUS (Box)

- *308 **balearica**, a handsome species, large foliage, rather tender. 1/6 each.
- 311 **japonicus aureus**, beautiful golden variety, useful for winter bedding. 6d., 9d., 1/- to 2/6 each; small bushy plants, suitable for window boxes, 6 to 9 inches, 6/- per doz.
- 314 **sempervirens** (*Tree Box*), beautiful evergreen, foliage bright and distinct. 1 to 1½ feet, 3/- to 4/- per doz., 20/- to 27/6 per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 6/- to 7/6 per doz., 35/- to 50/- per 100; 2 to 2½ feet, 7/6 and 10/6 per doz., 50/- to 60/- per 100; 2½ to 3 feet 1/- and 1/6 each, 9/-, 12/- to 18/- per doz.
- 317 —— **argentea**, silvery leaved, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 320 —— **aurea variegata**, golden variegated form. 1/-, 1/6 and 2/6 each.
- 326 —— **Handsworthensis**, broad-leaved variety, compact habit. 1 to 1½ feet, 5/- and 6/- per doz., 25/- and 30/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 6/- and 9/- per doz., 40/- to 50/- per 100.
- 329 —— **marginata aureus**, gold margined. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 332 —— **myrtifolia**, small leaved, bushy. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 338 —— **suffruticosa** (*Dwarf Box* for edging). 6d. per nursery yard, sufficient to plant 2 to 3 yards thinly.
- 335 —— **thymæfolia**, thyme-like foliage. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

CÆSALPINIA

- 341 **japonica**, F.C.C., R.H.S., magnificent flowering shrub, of spreading habit, producing long racemes of rich canary-yellow flowers, with red filaments and anthers. Perfectly hardy. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

CALYCANTHUS (*The Allspice*). These handsome hardy shrubs thrive best on damp, somewhat shaded ground.

- *344 **floridus**, flowers purple, sweetly perfumed. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- *347 **occidentalis** (*macrophyllus*). Flowers maroon-crimson, deliciously fragrant; plant vigorous, dense, and shapely. 1 to 1½ feet, 9d. and 1/- each.

CARPENTERIA

- *353 **californica** (*The Tree Anemone*). Flowers pure white, three inches across, with a bold group of stamens of a lovely yellow. It thrives well in loamy soil well drained. It is hardy in the south of England. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each (See illustration, page 45.).

CARYOPTERIS

- *365 **Mastacanthus** (*Blue Spiraea*), rich violet flowers, produced in autumn. 9d. and 1/- each.

- *364 **candidus**, a charming white-flowered species. 9d. and 1/- each.

CASSINIA, see *Diplopappus*, page 48.

CHIMONANTHUS

- *395 **fragrans**, yellowish-white, delightfully fragrant flowers from December to February; to secure the largest possible supply of bloom from these much prized favourites, the shoots that have bloomed should be cut back to the main branches as soon as the flowers fall. 1/- to 1/6 each.

CHIONANTHUS

- 407 **virginicus** (*The Snow Flower or White Fringe*), a beautiful plant, ornamental in foliage and flower. The blossoms are pure white, very fragrant, and produced in great abundance. 1 to 1½ feet, 1/- to 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS.—*continued.*

CHOISYA

- *410 **ternata** (*The Mexican Orange Shrub*), lovely white, sweet, hawthorn-scented flowers, grand subject for a south wall or for forcing. 9d., 1/-, 1/6 to 2/- each, 7/6, 10/6, 15/- to 21/- per doz.

CISTUS

- *413 **ladaniferus** (*Gum Cistus*), a handsome shrub, 4 feet high, with smooth glossy leaves, covered beneath with a dense white wool, and very large white flowers, with a dark vinous blotch on each petal. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

CITRUS

- 416 **trifoliata** (*The Hardy Orange*), 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 7/6, 9/-, 12/- to 15/- per doz.

CLERODENDRON

- *421 **foetidum roseum** (*Bungei rosea*), large dark green leaves, and immense heads of bright rose-coloured flowers; blooms abundantly during summer, and is very ornamental. In pots, 1/- to 1/6 each.

- *422 **trichotomum**, handsome shrub, flowers white with purplish calyx, sweet-scented. In pots, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

COLLETTIA

- 433a **spinosa**, peculiar and interesting half-hardy shrub, branches remarkably spiny, flowers small. 9d. to 1/6 each.

COLUTEA

- 425 **arborescens** (*Bladder Senna*). With racemes of large yellow flowers, and curiously inflated seed pods of very distinctive character; of great value for dry sunny banks and poor hungry soils. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

CORCHORUS, *see Kerrla*, page 59.

CORIARIA

- *433 **myrtifolia** (*Myrtle-leaved*). Ornamental dwarf-growing shrub. In pots, 6d. and 9d. each.

CORNUS (*Dogwood*).

- 434 **brachypoda** (*Macrophylla*), large green foliage, very effective, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

- 437 —— **variegata**, a variegated form of the preceding. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

- 410 **florida** (*White-flowering Dogwood*). Justly admired for its large showy flowers in spring, its deep scarlet berries and handsome reddish-purple foliage in autumn. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

- 443 —— **flore rubro** (*Red-flowering Dogwood*), a beautiful form with large, deep rosy-pink flowers. It grows freely and is quite hardy. Magnificent acquisition. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

- 446 **Kousa**, F.C.C., R.H.S., fine ornamental subject, covered in summer with dainty globular clusters of minute flowers; fruit edible. In favourable districts this variety assumes the height of a small tree. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

Macrophylla, *see brachypoda*.

- 449 **mascula** (*The Cornel Tree*). *See page 16.*

- 455 **sibirica** (*The Red Twiggled Dogwood*), large foliage and clusters of fine white flowers; the brilliant red bark is lovely in winter. 2 to 3 feet, 6d. each, 4/- per doz., 20/- per 100.

- 458 —— **aurea Spathi**, one of the most handsome variegated foliaged plants ever sent out. The large oval leaves are of a rich pure golden colour, irregularly splashed with emerald green up the centre. Dwarfs, 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each, 7/6, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.

- 464 —— **variegata**, silver variegated. 1/- to 1/6 each.

For special cheap offer of Cornus, see Collection No. 23, page 78.

CORKIA

- *466 **Cotoneaster**, a low, rigid, spreading, much-branched shrub, with silvery leaves, and yellow, sweet-scented flowers in May. In pots, 9d. and 1/- each.

CORONILLA

- 467 **Emerus** (*Scorpion Senna*), yellow flowers produced in abundance, attains a height of 3 or 4 feet, an interesting and useful shrub. In pots, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

CORYLOPSIS

- 469 **spicata**, flowers pale yellow in early spring; slightly fragrant. 9d. to 1/6 each.

CORYLUS (*Nut*)

- 479 **Avellana purpurea** (*The Purple-leaved Filbert*); colour similar to the *Purple Beech*. A distinct and ornamental plant for shrubbery borders, cannot be too highly recommended. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 6/-, 9/-, 12/- and 15/- per doz. Standards, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

COTONEASTER

- 481 **angustifolia**, F.C.C., R.H.S. A beautiful interesting highly ornamental new species from China. The leaves are narrow and lanceolate, about 1 or 2 inches in length, shining green above and silvery beneath. The remarkable feature of this new species is the freedom with which it produces its berries, the branches are literally covered with clusters of clear orange-yellow berries, resembling in form and general appearance, but not in colour, the fruits of *Crataegus Lelandii*; the colour, clear orange-yellow, is quite new in *Cotoneasters*. 9d. and 1/- each, 6/- and 9/- per doz.
- 482 **buxifolia** (*Wheeleri*), this bears red berries similar to *microphylla*, but is a stronger grower and is furnished with larger leaves. 6d., 9d. and 1/- each.
- 485 **congesta** (*Microphylla glacialis*), pretty small-leaved species, carpets the ground thickly. 6d., 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 5/-, 7/6, 10/- to 15/- per doz.
- 486 **Franchettii**, an ornamental species with long arching branches, broad light green leaves, produces an abundance of orange-yellow berries. 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 487 **humifusa**, a creeping species with long trailing shoots clothed with dark green leaves, evergreen, produces bright scarlet fruit in autumn. 2/6 each.
- 488 **Multiflora** (*nummularia*), an elegant and distinct sub-evergreen species. 2 to 3 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 10/6 per doz.
- 497 **horizontalis**, branches flat and fan-like, rendering it suitable for growing on walls, rockwork, &c. In a south aspect the foliage assumes a bright crimson hue in autumn, and is strikingly beautiful. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 7/6, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.
- 500 **Lindleyi**, a pretty variety with deep green foliage; produces good crops of bright scarlet berries. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/- each.
- 503 **microphylla**. Fine for rockeries or walls. 6d., 9d. and 1/- each, 4/-, 6/- and 9/- per doz.

505 **rotundifolia**, a white-flowered evergreen species attaining a height of 3 to 4 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each.

506 **rupestris**, a pretty and ornamental species. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

507 **Simonsii**, produces quantities of bright scarlet berries. 6d. and 9d. each, 3/-, 4/- to 6/- per doz., 20/- and 25/- per 100. Larger plants, 1/- to 1/6 each; Standards, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

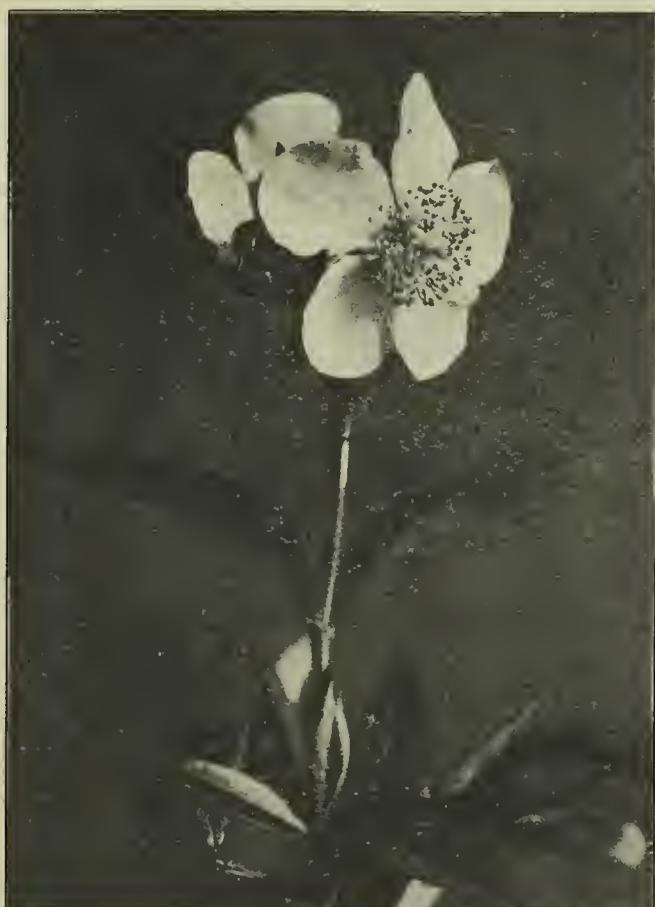
509 **thymæfolia**, a miniature form of *microphylla*, suitable for rockwork, &c. 9d. to 1/- each.

For special cheap offer of *Cotoneasters*, see Collection No. 24, page 78.

CRATAEGUS

561 **pyracantha** (*The Fiery Thorn*), handsome scarlet berries during winter, fine plant for shrub-berries, &c. In pots, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 9/-, 12/- to 15/- per doz., 60/-, 75/- to 100/- per 100.

564 — **fructo-lutea**, beautiful variety, with yellow berries, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.



EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

Crataegus—continued.

- 567 **pyracantha Lelandi**, produces its brilliant scarlet berries in greater profusion and on smaller plants than any other variety. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 7/6, 9/-, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.

CYDONIA (*Pyrus*) (*Quince*).

- 573 **japonica** (*Japan Quince*), bright scarlet, flowers early in spring. Forms a most imposing object on a wall or as a shrub in the border. In pots, 1/- to 1/6 each, 10/6, 15/- per doz.
- 576 —— **alba**, similar to above, but with white flowers. In pots, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 10/6, 15/-, 18/- to 21/- per doz.
- 579 —— **grandiflora plena**, a grand double white flowered-form. In pots, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/- each.
- 582 —— **cardinalis**, one of the finest of this handsome class; the flowers are large and of a rich salmon-red colour. In pots, 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 585 —— **nlvalls**, very large pure white flowers. In pots, 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 591 —— **Moerloesii**, a beautiful pink and white-flowered form of the *Japan Quince*, and a good spring-flowering shrub. Grand for a wall or as a shrub in the border. In pots, 1/- to 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.
- 594 —— **Simoni**, a splendid variety, with dark red flowers. In pots, 1/- to 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.
- 597 **Mauellii**, fine fruiting and dense growing variety, flowers produced so freely even on small plants that the shoots seem clothed with scarlet; these are succeeded by pretty fruits, useful for jam. In pots, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each; 7/6, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.
- 598 —— **alba**, a white-flowered form of the above, very effective. In pots, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/- each.
- 599 —— **atrosanguinea**, a richly coloured variety, 1/6 each.
- 600 —— **superba**, a splendid variety, with larger and deeper coloured flowers than *Mauellii*. In pots, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 10/6, 15/- to 24/- per doz.
- 601 —— **Sargentii**, a variety of dwarf growth from Japan, produces an abundance of bright red flowers. 1/6 each.

*For special offer of Cydonias, see Collection No. 25, page 78.***CYTISUS**

- 603 **albus** (*multiflorus*) (*White Portugal Broom*). Free-flowering and effective either in pots or the open ground. One of the finest and certainly the most graceful of early flowering shrubs. In pots, 6d., 9d. and 1/- each; ground plants, 3/- to 4/- per doz., 15/- to 20/- per 100.
- 609 **capitatus**, dwarf growing variety; numerous heads of yellow flowers. In pots, 6d., 9d. and 1/- each, 5/-, 7/6 and 10/6 per doz.; from ground, 2 to 3 feet, 9d. to 1/- each, 6/- to 9/- per doz.
- 612 **Dwarf Yellow**, a compact growing variety, suitable for rockwork. In pots, 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each, 7/6, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.
- 617 **Kewensis**, a cross between *Cytisus Ardonii* and *Albus*, a charming variety of dwarf prostrate habit producing an abundance of pale sulphur coloured flowers. An interesting cross admirably adapted for growing in a rockery or similar position. 2/6 each.
- 613 **Moonlight**, pale sulphur flowers, distinct, 1/6 each.
- 614 **nlrgicans**, bright yellow flowers, plant of dwarf habit, produces an abundance of bloom. In pots, 6d., 9d. and 1/- each, 5/-, 7/6 and 10/6 per doz. From ground, 2 to 3 feet, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 618 **præcox**, a most beautiful variety, covering itself with lemon-coloured flowers, forms a fine lawn plant for small beds. In pots, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each. Standards, in pots, or from ground, 3 to 4 feet stems, 2/6, 2/6 to 3/- each; 5 feet stems, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 622 **purpureus albus**, free-flowering, creeping bush, suitable for rockeries, &c. In pots, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 623 —— **incarnatus**, superior to the variety *purpureus* in colour, which is bright rose-purple. In pots, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 627 **Schipkaensis**, dwarf growing species produces an enormous quantity of pure white flowers. In pots, 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 630 **scoparius**, a well-known and effective free-flowering shrub. 6d. and 9d. each, 4/- to 6/- per doz., 15/- to 20/- per 100.
- 633 —— **Andreanus** (*The Bronze Broom*), the handsomest of the Broom family, invaluable alike for conservatory and for outside cultivation. It literally covers itself with its beautiful blossoms, even in a young state. The upper half of each flower is a bright golden yellow, while the two centre petals are deep reddish chestnut, forming a charming contrast. In pots, 1/-, 1/6, to 2/- each, 10/6, 15/- to 18/- per doz.
- 636 —— **grandiflora**, vigorous growing variety, producing large yellow flowers; very distinct. In pots, 1/- to 1/6 each, 9/- to 15/- per doz.

For special cheap offer of Cytisus, see Collection No. 26, page 78.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

DAPHNE

- 642 **Blagayana**, a beautiful dwarf Alpine evergreen, of straggling habit, with numerous dense terminal clusters of fragrant white flowers, a capital rockery plant. 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 645 **Cneorum** (*The Garland Flower*), a sweet little evergreen of trailing growth, forming dense cushion-like masses of dark green foliage, with dense terminal clusters of deliciously-perfumed deep pink flowers. 1/6 each.
- 648 — **majus**, a large-flowered form of preceding. 1/6 and 2/6 each.
- *651 **collina** (*sericea*), an evergreen about 2 feet high, with clustered fragrant pale pink flowers from January to June. In pots, 2/6 each.
- *654 **Genkwa**, large bright lilac fragrant flowers appearing before the leaves. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- *660 **hyemalis** (*Iaponiana*), pink, sweetly scented, like a small foliaged *collina*. In pots, 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 663 **laureola** (*Spurge Laurel*), a low bushy evergreen, with yellowish-green flowers. 6d., 9d. and 1/- each, 5/-, 7/6 and 10/6 per doz.



Photo]

ILEX AQUI ALTACLARENSIS (see page 55).

[Clibrans]

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS -continued.

Daphne—continued.

- 666 **Mezereum**, leafless branches wreathed in fragrant, reddish-purple flowers, very early. 6d., 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 5/-, 7/6, 9/- to 15/- per doz.
- 669 —— **album**, pure white, fragrant flowers. 9d., 1/- to 2/6 each.
- 678 **pontica**, yellowish flowers in upright clusters, fragrant. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

DAPHNIPHYLLUM

- *684 **glaucescens**, a beautiful hardy evergreen shrub of stately habit, furnished with large leathery leaves glaucous on the under side. The male form has green, the female red leaf stalks. This causes a considerable difference in their appearance. From open ground, 1½ to 2 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 21/- per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 2/- to 2/6 each, 21/- to 24/- per doz.

DESFONTAINEA

- 696 **spinosa**, a lovely evergreen shrub, somewhat resembling a holly; handsome, tubular, bright scarlet flowers tipped with yellow. In pots, 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

DESMODIUM

- *699 **penduliflorum** (*syn. Lespedeza bicolor*), rich violet coloured flowers, produced abundantly in long drooping racemes. A beautiful shrub, slender and graceful. In pots, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 7/6, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.

DEUTZIA

- 702 **crenata flore pleno**, beautiful rose-tinted flowers. 2 to 3 feet, 6d. each, 4/- per doz., 20/- per 100; 3 to 4 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 6/- and 9/- per doz., 35/- per 100.
- 705 —— **candidissima flore pleno**, pure white double flowers in long dense racemes, charming either cut or on the plants. 2 to 3 feet, 6d. each, 4/6 per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 6/- and 9/- per doz.
- 708 —— **"Pride of Rochester,"** a handsome double white flowering variety, useful for forcing. 2 to 3 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 6/- and 9/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.
- 711 —— **Watererii**, a fine variety, with single white flowers. 2 to 3 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.
- 714 —— **Wellsii**, double white flowers. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 6/-, 9/-, 12/- and 15/- per doz.
- 714a **discolor floribunda**, white flowers tinged with rose at the back of the petals, produced in compact panicles; in the bud state the colour is a charming rosy-pink; a lovely variety, remarkably free in bloom. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 715 —— **grandiflora**, produces long panicles of large white flowers, tinted rose; very free 1/6 to 2/- each.
- 716 —— **purpurascens**, a variety producing white flowers tinted rose, racemes 2 to 3 inches in length. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/- each.
- 717 **gracilis**, a well-known species with single white flowers, invaluable for forcing; quite hardy. 9d. and 1/- each; 7/6 to 10/6 per doz.
- 717c —— **eximea**, a pretty and charming variety. Before the flowers expand the buds are of a pretty rose-carmine tint, when fully expanded the petals are pure white on the inner side forming a charming contrast to the unopened buds; strong growing and free-flowering. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 717a —— **campanulata**, a distinct and pretty variety, flowers are produced in elongated panicles of large size, and are pure white of campanulate form. 1/6 to 2/- each.
- 717b —— **carminea**, clear rose flowers, of medium size, dark carmine buds. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 718b —— **Kalmiæflora**, flowers rosy-white, produced in large corymbs; free and vigorous; a charming addition to the *Deutzias*. 1/6 to 2/- each.
- 718 —— **rosea**, more vigorous in growth than *gracilis*, producing an abundance of rose-coloured flowers; erect habit. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 719 **Lemolnei**, most distinct and handsome addition to this family. The flowers are pure white, well opened, and produced in the greatest profusion. As a forcing plant we believe it will soon supersede the old favourite *gracilis*. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 721a —— **Boule-Rose**, flowers produced in clusters, rosy-white, margined pink, with pink reverse. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 720 **parviflora**, magnificent species, quite distinct from all others; flowers large, pure white and freely produced. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

For special cheap offer of Deutzias see Collection No. 27, page 78.

DIERVILLA, *see also Weigela*.

- 723 **sessilifolia** (*Mountain Bush Honeysuckle*), a handsome bush producing an abundance of yellow flowers in late summer; brightly tinted autumn foliage. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

DIPLOPAPPUS

- *726 **chrysophyllus** (*Cassinia fulvida*), upper surface of leaves bright green, under side golden yellow; flowers like white Michaelmas daisies, very free. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- *727 **leptophyllus**, under side of leaves silvery. In pots, 9d. and 1/- each.

DOGWOOD, *see* *Cornus*.ELÆANUS (*Wild Olive or Oleaster*).

All *Elæagnus* are free-growing ornamental shrubs; for planting near the sea they are invaluable.

- *732 **glaber** (*syn. reflexa*), leaves pale green above, covered with silvery scales beneath. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- *735 — **foliis variegatis**, a beautiful variegated form of the above, 1/- and 1/6 each.
- *736 — **Fredericki variegata**, a prettily variegated form from Japan; very ornamental and attractive. 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- *739 **japonicus variegatus**, the variegation of this variety is very bright and distinct. 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 741 **longipipes** (*syn. edulis crispa*), a desirable species furnished with reddish-brown shoots, and covered in autumn with clusters of orange-coloured fruit. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- *744 **macrophyllus**, leaves large, bright green above, covered with silvery white scales on under side. 1/6 and 2/6 each.
- *747 **pungens variegatus**, handsome variegated foliage. 1/6 and 2/6 each.
- *748 **Simonii**, firm leathery foliage beautifully marked deep yellow and green, with intermediate shades; very attractive. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

For special offer of *Elæagnus*, see Collection No. 28, page 78.

ELDER, *see* *Sambucus*.

EMBOTHRIUM

- *750 **coccineum**, a magnificent evergreen shrub, sometimes called *The Fire Bush*. Flowers brilliant scarlet, produced in large sprays. When in bloom it has a wonderful effect. The plants grow to a height of 20 to 30 feet, and do well outdoors in south Devon and parts of Wales and Ireland. 2/6, 3/6, to 5/- each.

ERIOBOTRYA

- *752 **japonica** (*Japan Medlar or Loquat Tree*). A handsome shrub or tree, producing edible fruit when grown indoors. Flowers white, in pendulous racemes; fruit about the size of a small apple; large downy leaves. The plant is not quite hardy and should be protected during winter. 1/- to 1/6 each.

ESCALLONIA

- *753 **macrantha**, beautiful evergreen shrub, with bright shining green leaves; flowers pinkish-red, freely produced. In pots, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each; 7/6, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.
- *754 — **alba**, a white-flowered variety of above. 9d. and 1/- each.
- *756 — **Ingrami**, clusters of pink flowers. In pots, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 7/6, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.
- 755 — **sanguinea**, a richly coloured form of above. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 757 **illinita**, white flowers, branching variety. In pots, 9d. and 1/- each.
- 758 **Langleyensis**, A.M., R.H.S., slender elongated branches, producing along their whole length numerous small branchlets, each bearing from 4 to 7 flowers of a bright rose-mauve colour; leaves oval, dark lustrous green. 1/-, 1/6 and 2/6 each.
- *759 **montevidensis** (*syn. floribunda*), flowers white, in bunches, very floriferous. 9d. and 1/- each.
- 762 **Phillippiana**, snow-white flowers in dense panicles; leaves small; very pretty and most distinct. In pots, 1/- to 1/6 each.
- *764 **rubra**, a beautiful red flowered species. In pots, 1/- to 1/6 each.

EUCALYPTUS

- ***globulus** (*Blue Gum Tree*), a highly ornamental tree, valuable for sub-tropical gardening and for growing in sheltered positions. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

EUCRYPTIA

- *766 **pinnatifolia**, F.C.C., R.H.S., a beautiful deciduous shrub. The flowers are produced in clusters on the upper parts of the young shoots, and their snowy whiteness, with the feathery tuft of yellow-tipped stamens, is very striking. It lasts a long time in flower, and comes into bloom late in August, when so few other hardy shrubs do. Very scarce, stock limited. 5/- and 7/6 each.

EUGENIA, *see* *Myrtus*, page 64.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

EUONYMUS

- *769 **alatus**, the branches are curiously winged with a corky substance giving the plant a most distinct appearance. 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each.
- *784 **japonicus**, handsome compactly clothed evergreen, with narrow oval shining dark green leaves; fine for seaside. 12 to 15 inches, 4/- per doz., 25/- per 100; 15 to 18 inches, 6/- per doz., 35/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 9/- per doz., 50/- per 100; larger, 1/6 to 7/6 each.
- *787 — **albo-marginatus**, like the type, but leaves very pale below, and with a shapely defined white margin.
- *790 — **aureo-marginatus**, leaves somewhat compressed, with a long golden flake up the centre; useful in small sizes for window boxes.
- *793 — **latifolius albus**, leaves more spreading than the type, bright green with a lovely broad margin, varying from ivory to sulphur.
- *796 — — **aureus**, broadly margined and flaked rich bright warm gold; splendid for a sheltered window box.

Dwarfs, 6d., 9d. and 1/- each.



Photo]

ILEX AQUI MADERENSIS.
Showing the roots enclosed in a mat for transport.

[Clibrans

- *800 **japonicus latifolius pulchellus var.**, a prettily variegated form, small plants, 6d. and 9d. each.
- *805 **microphyllus (buxifolias)**, leaves small and shining, very like Box but darker. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 811 **radicans variegatus**, very hardy, dwarf, creeping evergreen, admirably adapted for edgings to beds, borders, &c., and for training up walls. The foliage is small and prettily variegated with silver. 6d. each, 4/- per doz., 20/- to 25/- per 100.

For special cheap offer of Euonymus, see Collection No. 29, page 78.

EURYBIA, see **Olearia**, page 64.

EXOCHORDA

(The Pearl Bush).

- 817 **grandiflora**, a handsome flowering shrub, with abundant large snowy-white blossoms. As a wall plant it is a capital subject where its growth is not restricted. An open sunny spot suits it best. 1/- to 1/6 each.

FABIANA

- *820 **imbricata**, heath-like shrub of erect habit; fine plant for decoration of cool conservatory, flowers pure white, tubular shaped. In pots, 1/6 to 2/- each.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

FENDLERA

- 864 **rupicola**, a lovely shrub, covered in July with snow-white or silvery-rose deliciously perfumed flowers; requires a well-drained soil in good condition. In pots, 2/6 each.

FONTANESIA

- 864a **philliraoides**, flowers creamy-yellow, habit similar to Phillyreas. In pots, 6d. and 9d. each.

FORSYTHIA

- 865 **suspensa**, does well in a border, on rockwork, or trained against a wall; flowers bright yellow, produced early in spring. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 6/-, 9/- to 12/- per doz.
- 868 **Intermedia**, said to be a hybrid between *suspensa* and *viridissima*; flowers yellow, plant of shrubby habit. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 6/-, 9/- to 12/- per doz.
- 871 **viridissima**, beautiful yellow blossoms in early spring. 6d., 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each.

FREMONTIA

- *901 **californica**, a singularly handsome tall-growing wall shrub, with bright golden cup-shaped flowers two inches across, and large lobed heart-shaped deep green leaves. 3/6, 5/- and 7/6 each.

FUCHSIA—Hardy varieties, grown without protection the whole year round.

corallina, of tall somewhat slender growth; flowers large and showy; specially good for walls; vigorous and free.

Drame, semi-double lilac-violet corolla; a strong grower, good for walls.

Elysee, corolla lovely violet, sepals coral; a compact grower, makes a nice bush.

Enfant Prodigue, flowers fairly large, semi-double, corolla violet-blue; a good grower, with pretty flexible branches; makes an attractive bush.

gracilis elegans, slender graceful habit and small neat foliage; a rapid grower and most floriferous; makes a lovely shrub.

Riccartoni, of compact habit, with bright red flowers.

Telegraphe, sepals bright red, corolla purple-lilac; a strong rapid branching but somewhat straggly grower, with large leaves; very free-flowering; alike good for a bush or wall.

Plants of any of the above, in pots, 6d. each, 4/- per doz., 20/- per 100.

Open ground plants of *Riccartoni*, extra strong, 6d., 9d. and 1/- each; 6/- and 9/- per doz.

For special offer of Hardy Fuchsias, see Collection No. 30, page 78.

GARRYA

- *904 **elliptica**, handsome evergreen shrub; succeeds best against a wall, producing in mid-winter beautiful pendulous catkins in great profusion, which last well when cut. In pots, 1/- to 1/6 each.

- 907 **Thuretil**, more vigorous and hardy than *G. elliptica*. In pots, 1/6 to 2/- each.

GENISTA

- 909 **Germanica**, flowers produced in terminal racemes, a fine shrub for the rock garden, 1½ to 2 feet, 1/- each.
- 910 **hispanica** (*Spanish Gorse*), free-blooming, hardy furze-like shrub. In pots or from ground, 9d. and 1/- each, 6/- and 9/- per doz.
- 915 **Lobelii** (*Aethnensis*), flowers primrose-yellow. In pots, 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 916a **tinctoria elatior**, a free-flowering shrubby plant, which produces an abundance of yellow flowers during August and September. 1½ to 2 feet, 6d. each, 4/- per doz., 20/- per 100.
- 917 **virgata**, yellow flowers, silky foliage. In pots, 1/- to 1/6 each.

GLYCERIA

spectabilis foliis variegatus. This most effective decorative plant will become very popular, the long drooping silver-striped leaves making a very effective appearance. Damp position required. Strong clumps, 4d. each, 3/- per doz., 20/- per 100.

GORSE, FURZE, or WHIN, see Ulex.

GRISELINIA

- *928 **littoralis**, beautiful evergreen, suitable for planting near the sea or in sheltered localities. In pots, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- *931a **lucida**, bright green ovate foliage, rounded towards the apex; a pretty and attractive evergreen shrub. In pots, 1/6 to 2/- each.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

GUELDER ROSE, *see Viburnum opulus*.GUM CISTUS, *see Cistus ladaniferus*, page 44.

GYNERIUM

argenteum (*Pampas Grass*), ornamental grass, producing large feathery flower spikes.
9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 6/- to 15/- per doz.

HALIMODENDRON

942 **argenteum** (*Salt Tree*), very handsome on account of its elegant silky white foliage and early purple flowers. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

942a —— **fl. purpureo**, bright purplish-rose flowers. 1/6 each.

HAMAMELIS (*Witch Hazels*).

943 **arborea**, handsome, rare, and very hardy shrub, producing its beautiful golden-yellow and claret coloured flowers in mid-winter, long before the leaves appear. It thrives admirably in a sunny position. In pots, 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

948 **Japonica**, dwarfer in habit than *arborea*, with lemon-yellow flowers; a choice and desirable shrub. In pots, 2/6, 3/6 to 5/- each.

949 —— **Zuccariniana**, dwarfer in habit than the preceding, to which it affords a pleasing contrast. Flowers pale lemon-yellow, very distinct. In pots, 2/6, 3/6 to 5/- each.

948a **Mollis**, a distinct and very beautiful species of *Witch Hazel*, the leaves are large and bold, covered with a dense coating of fine hairs, flowers bright yellow, petals narrow and waved. This species is quite distinct both in foliage and flower from any other of the *Witch Hazels*. Highly ornamental and attractive, hardy. Plants in pots, 7/6 and 10/6 each.

950 **virginica**, flowers yellow, small and freely produced during winter. In pots, 1/- to 1/6 each.

HEDERA ARBOREA (*Tree Ivies*).

Beautiful evergreen shrubs, thriving well under trees and in town gardens, and when planted in beds, borders, or on rockwork, their handsome green, gold and silver variegated foliage produces a charming effect, not afforded by any other class of plants.

133 **arborea**, the green tree Ivy.

134 —— **aurea**, pretty golden variety, with ovate leaves.

139 —— **variegata**, golden variegated leaves of singular cupped form.

143 —— **Crippsii**, silver-white variegation.

144 —— **dentata**, leaves rich glossy green of enormous size.

147 —— **fructo-lutea**, yellow-berried.

150 —— **Glymii**, fine green-leaved variety.

152 —— **japonica**, the most golden form among the Tree Ivies; does not lose its colour.

154 —— **maculata**, foliage marble white.

159 —— **purpurea**, rich bronzy foliage.

160 —— **Rhomboides**, bronzy foliage.

161 —— **Røegneriana**, dark green broadly cordate foliage, probably the finest and most effective of all the Tree Ivies.

164 —— **Taurica**, small green-leaved variety.

All in pots, 1/- to 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.

For special cheap offer of Tree Ivies, see Collection No. 35, page 78.

HEDYSARUM

951 **Multijugum**, a remarkably handsome shrub, 5 to 6 feet high, branching well at the base, and literally covered with rich reddish-violet, pea-shaped flowers, which are disposed in clusters from 1 to 1½ feet in length, and remain on the plants from early spring until late autumn. Everyone should grow this grand novelty. 1/- and 1/6 each.

HIBISCUS (*Althea*).

*1 **syriacus**, a grand large-flowered autumn blooming shrub, the different varieties representing every tint from pure white to crimson, purple, and even blue; prefers a moist, deep, fairly rich soil. They make pretty flowering hedges; trim in winter, never in summer, as in the case of most other flowering shrubs.

3 —— **alba plena**, double white.

5 —— **rosea**, bluish white.

7 —— **Amaranthus**, dark green.

15 —— **coelestis**, single blue.

18 —— **cœrulea plena**, double blue.

20 —— **Carnation**, double white, striped red.

21 —— **Carnea plena**, flesh pink.

26 —— **elegantissima**.

6d., 9d. and 1/- each,
5/-, 7/6 and 10/6 per doz.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

Hibiscus—continued.

- | | | | |
|----|---|---|---|
| 31 | syriacus Jeanne d'Arc , double white. | } | 6d., 9d., and 1/- each,
5/-, 7/6 and 10/6 per doz. |
| 36 | — Lady Stanley , double white, tinged pink. | | |
| 37 | — monstrosa , flesh white, maroon-crimson spots. | | |
| 41 | — lutea plena , double sulphur-yellow. | | |
| 44 | — Pompon Rouge , bright red. | | |
| 53 | — rubis , pretty red flowers. | | |
| 50 | — Ranunculæ flora alba plena . | | |
| 56 | — rubra plena , double red. | | |
| 60 | — totus albus , single white. | | |
| 63 | — Violacea Semiplena , violet, semi-double. | | |
| 65 | — variegata . | | |
| 70 | Violet edged. | | |

For special cheap offer of Hibiscus, see Collection No. 31, page 78.

HIPPOPHAE

- 952 **rhamnoides** (*Sea Buckthorn*), especially useful for growing near the sea coast. It forms a handsome shrub of distinct appearance, and grows freely. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

HOLLIES, see *Ilex*, page 55.

HYDRANGEA

- 955 **arborescens**, flowers white, small, with a pleasant odour; leaves of medium size and coarsely toothed; a hardy species growing from 4 to 6 feet in height.



Photo]

ILEX AQUI LAURIFOLIA NOVA.

A fine variety, with smooth shining foliage. Makes excellent specimens. See page 57.

[Clibrans

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

Hydrangea—continued.

- arboreascens grandiflora alba**, an American introduction, described as the finest shrub put into commerce during recent years; the blooms in large panicles are of the largest size, pure snow-white, produced from early June until August, excellent habit, exceptionally hardy. 3/6 and 5/- each.
- *961 **hortensis (japonica)**, a grand shrub for planting in favourable districts, producing flowers in large corymbs, the colour varying from pink to pale blue, according to soil.
- 3 —— **cyanocladia**, blue; very attractive.
- 5 —— **Souvenir de Claire**, lovely white radiating flowers forming a marginal guard, central flowers like exquisitely-cut small blue stars.
- 15 —— **Jeanne d'Arc**, pure white flowers, produced in large heads; stems bright glossy black.
- 18 —— **nigra**, rose; immense trusses of large flowers, wood black.
- 21 —— **otaksa monstrosa**, pale rose, very large truss; exceedingly floriferous, even in a young state.
- 26 —— **sapphire**, azure blue, very large truss; vigorous and free.
- 30 —— **Thos Hogg**, pure white; a very valuable decorative plant.
- 33 —— **tricolor**, leaves prettily variegated white and yellow.
- 7 —— **variegata**, similar to *japonica*, but leaves are prettily variegated with white.
- 37 **Lindleyana**, a vigorous and floriferous variety; flowers rosy.
- 47 **ramulus coccinea**, "Red Branched," a novelty, of robust habit; red-coloured branches and deep rose-coloured flowers.
- 52 **stellata fimbriata**, flowers pure white with crimson spot in the centre.
- 56 —— **rubra plena**, flowers similar in appearance to a *Polyantha Rose*. The rosy-red blossoms almost cover the plant and remain in perfection much longer than the single ones.
- 964 **paniculata grandiflora**, quite hardy, enormous panicles of bloom opening greenish yellow, changing to pure white; splendid outdoor shrub. It should be pruned to the ground every winter, as it is undesirable to allow the plants to grow too tall. Half-standards on 2½ to 3½ feet, stems 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- Dwarfs** of any of the above varieties except where otherwise priced, 6d., 9d. and 1/- each, 4/-, 6/- and 9/- per doz.

For special cheap offer of Hydrangeas, see Collection No. 32, page 78.



EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

HYMENANTHERA

- *976 **crassifolia**, flowers yellowish, branches covered with pure white berries; very ornamental, suitable for rockery, &c. 6d. and 9d. each.
- HYPERICUM** (*St. John's Wort*). Mostly dwarf, almost creeping plants, and can be grown in shady spots or poor soil. It thrives almost anywhere. Blooms in summer until cut down by the frost.
- 978 **Androsœnum** (*Sweet Amber*) (*Common Tustan*). 6d., 9d. to 1/- each, 4/-, 6/- to 9/- per doz.
- 977 **calycinum** (*Rose of Sharon*) see illustration on opposite page, useful for covering banks, rockwork, &c. 6d. and 9d. each, 3/- to 6/- per doz., 18/- to 25/- per 100.
- *980 **Moserianum**, handsome evergreen, attaining a height of 3 to 5 feet, and very floriferous, being covered from May till late in the autumn with magnificent deep yellow flowers, 3 inches across. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 7/6, 9/- to 15/- per doz.
- *980a ——**tricolor**, a splendid sport from the handsome golden-flowered *H. Moserianum*, with which it is identical, excepting that the leaves are bordered with bright scarlet and creamy-white; prefers a sunny position; this variety is not quite hardy. 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each.
- *980b **nepalense**, pale yellow, of waxy consistency, very elegant and ornamental. In pots, 9d. to 1/6 each.
- 979 **oblongifolium** (*Hookerianum*), one of the hardiest of this family, with drooping yellow flowers; specially useful on banks and in a rock garden. 6d., 9d. and 1/- each, 4/-, 6/- to 9/- per doz.
- *980c **patulum**, large bright golden-yellow flowers, in clusters. 6d., 9d. and 1/- each.

IDESIA

- 981 **polycarpa**, leaves large and very ornamental. 1/- to 1/6 each.

ILEX (Hollies).

Without doubt, for all round purposes, the Holly is the hardiest, most effective and beautiful of all evergreens. Its peculiar adaptability for such a large number of uses, as forming hedges or specimens, render it unique in its way. Unlike many evergreens, it will stand severe cutting and pruning. This should, however, be done during April or September. Transplanting should be effected during the month of May or in early autumn, the latter for preference. We are desirous of drawing the attention of all lovers and admirers of evergreens to the splendid collection of Hollies that is contained in our Nurseries, ranging in height from small seedlings up to large beautifully-formed specimens 10 to 14 feet in height. To the growing and training of specimen Hollies we have devoted every care and attention for many years, with the result that we have what is probably the finest stock in the Kingdom. Large numbers of these are trained in pyramid form, possessing strong erect leaders, and clothed with fine healthy vigorous foliage from the apex to the ground line. In addition to these, we have a remarkably fine stock of large round bushes suitable for all situations and purposes. All our specimens have been carefully and regularly transplanted, thus ensuring them lifting with large balls of fibrous roots. We particularly invite inspection of these plants.

- 982 **aquifolium** (*Common Green*), excellent for hedge purposes, general planting, and specimens. 1 to 1½ feet, 4/- to 5/- per doz., 30/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 to 12/- per doz., 50/- to 60/- per 100; 2 to 2½ feet, 1/-, 1/6 to 1/9 each, 12/- to 15/- per doz., 90/- to 120/- per 100; 2½ to 3 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each, 21/- to 24/- per doz.; 3 to 3½ feet, 3/- each, 30/- per doz.; 3½ to 4 feet, 3/6 each, 36/- per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 5/- each, 50/- per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 7/6 each, 72/- per doz.; 6 to 7 feet, 10/6 each, 120/- per doz.; 7 to 8 feet, 15/- to 17/6 each, 160/- to 190/- per doz.; 8 to 9 feet, 17/6 each; 9 to 10 feet, 21/- each; 10 to 11 feet, 25/- each; 11 to 12 feet, 30/- each.
- 985 —— **altclarensis** (*Shepherdii*). Large oval, curiously leathery leaves, perfectly hardy and the best smoke-resisting variety in cultivation, growing excellently in the smokiest neighbourhoods. Of good habit; berries well and makes a very fine specimen. 1 to 1½ feet, 1/6 each, 12/- per doz., 75/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 2/6 each, 18/- per doz., 125/- per 100; 2 to 2½ feet, 3/- to 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 3/6 each, 36/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 5/- each; 4 to 5 feet, 7/6 to 10/6 each, 75/- to 100/- per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 15/- each; 6 to 7 feet, 21/- to 31/6 each; larger specimens, 42/- to 63/- each.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

Ilex—continued.

- 988 **aquifolium angustifolia aurea**, a narrow-leaved variety, centre pale green, margin deep gold. 3/6, 5/- to 42/- each.
- 991 — **argentea elegantissima** (*Narrow-leaved Silver*), leaves margined ivory and splashed silver; a slow dense grower. 4 to 5 feet, 7/6 to 10/6 each; 5 to 6 feet, 10/6 to 15/- each; 6 to 7 feet, 17/6 to 25/- each; larger specimens, 31/6 to 42/- each.
- 994 — — **marginata** (*Common Broad-leaved Silver*), habit and growth similar to the type; robust, and a good grower, margin of ivory white and silver; makes an excellent specimen; hardy and smoke-resisting. 1 to 1½ feet, 1/6 each, 12/- per doz., 75/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 2/- each, 18/- per doz., 125/- per 100; 2 to 2½ feet, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 3/6 each, 36/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 5/- to 7/6 each; 4 to 5 feet, 10/6 each; 5 to 6 feet, 15/- each; 6 to 7 feet, 21/- each; larger specimens, 31/6 to 63/- each.
- 1067 — — **pendula** (*Perry's Weeping*). 1 to 1½ feet, 1/6 each, 1½ to 2 feet, 2/6 each. 2 to 3 feet, 3/6 each.
- 997 — — **medio-picta** (*Silver Milkmaid Holly*), 2/6 to 3/6 each.



Photo]

ILEX AQUI HODGINSII.

[Clibrans

The above is but one of several hundred specimens growing in our Nurseries of this fine broad-leaved variety.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

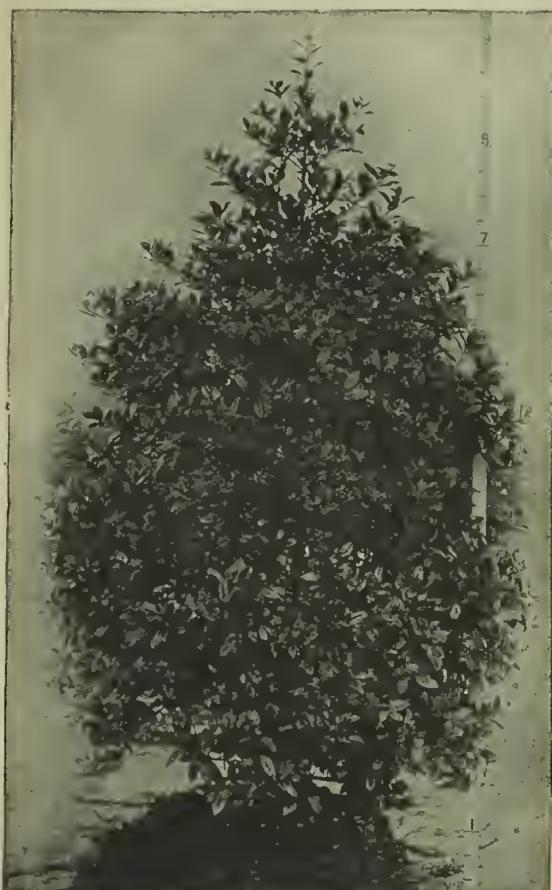
Index—continued.

- 1000 **aquifolium aureo-picta** (*Golden Milkmaid Holly*), 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1003 —— **aureo-pumila** (*Waterer's Gold*), oval leaves under medium size; margins entire and spineless, broadly margined gold; extremely dense and compact in habit. Forms a beautiful low round bush and a splendid standard; excellent for terraces. 1 to 1½ feet, 2/6 and 3/6 each; 1½ to 2 feet, 5/- each; larger specimens from 10/6 to 52/- each.
- 1005 —— **brevifolium aureo-pictum**, an ornamental variety, with golden blotched leaves. 2/6 to 5/- each.
- 1006 —— **Donningtonensis**, a distinct and neat growing ornamental variety of free pyramidal habit. 2/-, 2/6 to 5/- each.
- 1009 —— **ferox**, the *Hedgehog Holly*, rich dark green spinous leaves, the upper side of the leaf being covered with short spines in addition to those of the margin. 2/-, 2/6 to 5/- each.
- 1018 —— **fructo-lutea**, yellow-berried form of the type. 1½ to 2 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each; 2 to 3 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; larger, 5/- to 15/- each.
- 1019 —— **Golden King**, a very fine large-leaved variety, with a broad margin of rich gold. 7/6, 10/6 and 15/- each.
- 1078 —— **Golden Variegated** (*Scotch Gold*). 2/6 to 21/- each.
- 1021 —— **Handsworthense argentea** (*Handsworth Silver*), leaves longer than the type, slightly wavy; ivory white margin with very regular spines; not so fast a grower as *argentea marginata*; makes a beautiful specimen pyramid. 1½ to 2 feet, 2/6 each; 2 to 2½ feet, 3/6 each; 2½ to 3 feet, 5/- each; larger, 10/6 to 63/- each.
- 1024 —— **Hendersoni** (*scotica*), medium-sized thick leaves, with wavy but usually entire and spineless margins; a slow grower; makes an attractive bush. 2/6 to 21/- each.
- 1027 —— **heterophylla**, peculiar green foliage deeply serrated. 1 to 1½ feet, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.; 4 to 6 feet, 7/6 to 12/6 each.
- 1030 —— **Hodginsii**, very large and broad, typical wavy and spiny leaves; hardy, and an excellent smoke resister; fast grower; makes a singularly handsome bush. 1 to 1½ feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 9/- and 12/- per doz., 60/- to 75/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 2/- each, 18/- per doz., 125/- per 100; 2 to 2½ feet, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 3/6 each, 36/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 5/- each, 54/- per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 7/6 each, 84/- per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 12/6 to 15/- each, 140/- to 160/- per doz.; 6 to 7 feet, 21/- each, 180/- to 220/- per doz.; 7 to 8 feet, 21/- to 25/- each, 260/- to 280/- per doz.; larger specimens, 31/6 to 84/- each.
- 1033 —— **laurifolia** (*English camelliaefolia*), medium-sized thick clean-cut ovate leaves, usually spineless. This is the hardest of all, not in the least affected by smoke; a medium grower; makes a fine specimen. 2 to 2½ feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each, 36/- to 50/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 5/- to 7/6 each, 50/- to 75/- per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 7/6 to 10/6 each, 75/- to 120/- per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 10/6 to 15/- each, 120/- to 160/- per doz.; 6 to 7 feet, 15/- to 21/- each, 160/- to 240/- per doz.; 7 to 8 feet, 21/- to 31/6 each; larger specimens, 31/6 to 42/- each.
- 1036 —— **nova**, see illustration, page 53 (*camelliaefolia* of Continental growers), long, flat, very shining, regular leaves, with smooth, occasionally spiny margin; perfectly hardy, and not affected by smoke; robust habit; makes a splendid specimen; berries well; one of the finest varieties. 1 to 1½ feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each; 1½ to 2 feet, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 2 to 2½ feet, 3/6 to 5/- each; 2½ to 3 feet, 5/- to 7/6 each; 3 to 4 feet, 7/6 to 10/6 each; 4 to 5 feet, 10/6 to 15/- each; 5 to 6 feet, 17/6 to 21/- each.
- 1039 —— **Lawsoniana aurantiaca** (*Lawson's Bronze*), blotched yellow in centre of the leaf; a handsome and attractive variety. 2/6 to 21/- each.
- 1040 —— **aurea maculata**, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.
- 1042 —— **lucida** (*Silver Queen*), broad, nearly flat leaves, with regular spines, and an extensive ivory margin; leaf often splashed with silver; looks well both as a pyramid and as a dense bush; medium compact grower. 1½ to 2 feet, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 3/6 each; 2½ to 3 feet, 5/- each; 3 to 3½ feet, 7/6 each; 3½ to 4 feet, 10/6 each; larger, 15/- to 42/- each.
- **Mdme. Briot**, bold twisted spiny leaves, margined rich gold, highly effective ornamental variety. 5/-, 7/6 and 10/6 each.
- 1045 —— **maderensis**, see illustration, page 50, large, broadly ovate, regular, spiny leaves; a very rapid, upright grower; best in a border. 2 to 2½ feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 12/- to 15/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 2/- to 2/6 each, 21/- to 24/- per doz.; 7 to 8 feet, 15/- each, 120/- to 140/- per doz.; 8 to 9 feet, 21/- each, 140/- to 160/- per doz.; 9 to 10 feet, 25/- each, 160/- to 240/- per doz.; larger specimens, 31/6 to 42/- each.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

Ilex—continued.

- 1048 ***aquifolium maderensis, nigrescens***, after the style of *Hodginsii*, but larger in the leaf and stiffer in growth; a rapid grower; makes a superb specimen; perfectly hardy and smoke resisting. 2 to 2½ feet, 3/- each, 30/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 3½ each, 36/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 5/- to 7½ each; 4 to 5 feet, 7½ each; 6 to 7 feet, 21/- each; 7 to 8 feet, 25/- each; 8 to 9 feet, 25/- to 31½ each; larger specimens, 42/- to 63/- each.
- 1049 ——— ***hybrida***, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 1051 ——— ***Marnocki***, large, dark, glossy-green foliage. 3/6 to 10/6 each.
- 1054 ——— ***Minorca (balearica)***, a variety with ovate, flat, shining leaves; makes a very pretty plant. 5 to 6 feet, 12/6 each; 6 to 7 feet, 15/- each; 7 to 8 feet, 21/- each.
- 1055 ——— ***myrtifolia***, dark green, somewhat narrow leaves; not quite so hardy as some of the other varieties. 3/6, 5/- to 10/6 each.



Photo]

SPECIMEN HOLLY.

[Clibranks

Note the mass of fibrous roots.

- 1068 ***cornuta***, leaves dark green, almost always furnished with three strong spines at the end, which, in mature plants, assume the appearance of horns; berries large. Native of Northern China. 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 1070 ***crenata***, a dense-growing shrub, with a very small neatly cut foliage; perfectly hardy; resists smoke; makes a pretty small specimen on lawns or borders. 1/6 to 5/- each.
- 1076 ***monticola*** (*Deciduous Mountain Holly*), produces red berries in perfect rows along the stems in autumn and early winter. This symmetrical arrangement of bright-coloured fruit gives it the name of *Bead Bush*. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1075 ***opaca (American Holly)***, light green leathery leaves, with slightly wavy spiny margin; absolutely hardy and smoke-resisting; brilliant scarlet berries. 2/- and 2/6 each.
- 1077 ***perado***, a strong-growing, vigorous Holly, somewhat resembling *aquifolium maderensis*. 1½ to 2 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each; 4 to 5 feet, 5/- to 7/6 each.
- Wilsonii***, large dark green foliage, a most handsome variety, of robust habit and good form, fine for specimens. 7/6, 10/6 to 15/- each.

- 1056 ——— ***aquifolium platyphylla***, leaves large and typical; makes a very fine compact specimen; keeps itself in true pyramidal shape without the knife; quite hardy, not affected by smoke. 2/6 to 31/6 each.
- 1056a ——— ***senescens***, a variety which produces berries freely. 3/6, 5/- 10/6 to 15/- each.
- 1060 ——— ***speciosa (Golden Queen)***, leaves in form like the type, with a magnificent richly coloured margin of lemon gold; a sturdy grower; makes a grand specimen; undoubtedly the finest of all the golds in variegation, form, and growth. 1 to 1½ feet, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.; 1½ to 2 feet, 3/6 each, 36/- per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 5/- each, 55/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 7/6 each; 3 to 3½ feet, 10/6 each; 3½ to 4 feet, 12/6 to 15/- each; larger specimens, 21/- to 63/- each.
- 1063 ——— ***tortuosa (Screw-leaved)***, medium-sized thick leaves, with wavy angular and occasionally spiny margins; leaves singularly contorted; a slowish grower; makes an attractive bush. 1/6 to 21/- each.

Standard Golden Hollies and Silver Weeping can be supplied. 15/- to 31/6 each.

For special offer of Green-leaved and Variegated Hollies, see Collections Nos. 33 and 34, page 78.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

INDIGOFERA

- *1078 **Gerardiana** (*Dosua floribunda*), with graceful feathery foliage and dainty bright rose-coloured pea-like flowers in early autumn; likes a wall. Hardy on a well-drained soil. In pots, 1/- to 1/6 each, 9/-, 12/- to 15/- per doz.

IVY TREE, *see Hedera arborea*, page 52.

JAMESIA

- 1079 **americana**, very pretty hardy shrub of neat dwarf habit, whitish foliage, and clustered white flowers. In pots, 1 to 1½ feet, 1/6 to 2/- each.

JAPANESE MAPLES, *see Maples*, page 63.

KERRIA (*Corchorus*).

- 1091 **japonica** (the single-flowered *Kerria*), fine orange-yellow flowers. In pots, 6d., 9d. and 1/- each.

- 1094 —— **flore pleno**, flowers orange-yellow, double. In pots, 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

- 1097 —— **fol. variegata**, useful for front of borders, the foliage being variegated with white. In pots, 9d. and 1/- each, 6/- and 9/- per doz.

LAURESTINUS, *see Viburnum Tinus*.



Photo

LAUREL ROTUNDIFOLIA.

[*Clibrans*

A useful variety of the well-known Laurel. See page 60.

LAURUS (*The Laurel*).

- 1136 **cerasus lauro-cerasus** (*common*).

- 1139 —— **lauro-cerasus Bernardii**.

- 1142 —— —— — **caucasia** (*Caucasian*).

- 1145 —— —— — **colchica** (*Colchic*).

- 1148 —— —— — **latifolia** (*Broad-leaved*).

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

Laurus (*The Laurel*)—continued.

- 1151 **cerasus lauro-cerasus latifolia Bertini.**
 1154 —— **Otine**, fine broad-leaved variety. 1 to 1½ feet, 1½ to 2 feet and 2 to 3 feet only.
 1157 —— **rotundifolia** (*Round-leaved*).

See illustration of specimen plant of above on page 59.

Prices for the foregoing varieties of Laurel. 1 to 1½ feet, 2/6 per doz., 10/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 3/- per doz., 15/- per 100; 2 to 3 feet, 6/- per doz., 30/- per 100; 3 to 3½ feet, 9/- per doz., 50/- per 100; 3½ to 4 feet, 12/- per doz., 80/- per 100; 4 to 5 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz. Larger sizes, 2/6 to 5/- each.

- 1160 **lusitanica** (*Portugal*). 1 to 1½ feet, 4/- per doz., 25/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 6/- per doz., 40/- per 100; 2 to 2½ feet, 9/-, 12/- to 15/- per doz., 60/-, 80/- to 100/- per 100; 2½ to 3 feet, 1/6 to 2/6 each. Larger, 3/6 to 5/- each.
 *1163 —— **azorica**. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
 1166 —— **myrtifolia**, smaller in all its parts than the type; makes a lovely pyramid-formed evergreen shrub. 2 to 2½ feet, 1/- and 1/6 each 10/6 and 15/- per doz.
 *1169 **nobilis** (*Sweet Bay*), sweet-scented foliage. 1/6 to 2/6 each. Larger plants, 5/- and 7/6 each. Standards and pyramids, in tubs, 17/6 to 63/- each. *Particulars on application.*

For special offer of Laurels, see Collection No. 36, page 78.

LAVANDULA (*Lavender*).

- 1172 **spica.** 6d. each, 4/6 per doz.

- 1173 **Grappenhall Variety**, a variety of great merit, which will, without doubt, supersede the old-fashioned Lavender. It is more vigorous in growth, habit, and constitution, and more profuse and early-blooming than the type. The flowers are of large size, beautifully fragrant, and produced on stout spikes; a distinct acquisition. Strong plants, established in 3 inch pots, 4d. each, 3/- per doz.; extra strong plants in 5 inch pots, 6d. each, 4/6 per doz.

LEPTOSPERMUM

- *1175 **scoparium.** A neat Australian shrub of heath-like appearance, with reddish lilac flowers. In pots, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

LESPEDEZA, see **Desmodium penduliflorum**, page 48.**LEYCESTERIA**

- *1178 **formosa**, flowers white, with conspicuous leafy bracts of a rich vinous purple, succeeded by purple berries. 1/- and 1/6 each, 9/- to 12/- per doz.

LIGustrum (*Privet*).

- *1190 **japonicum**, large, shining green foliage. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
 1192 —— **elegans**, a distinct and highly ornamental form of *japonicum*. 1/- to 1/6 each.
 *1193 —— **variegatum** (*tricolor*), foliage beautifully shaded with red and white. 1/- to 1/6 each.
 *1195 **coriaceum**, most distinct and interesting species, of slow growth, leaves leathery and densely crowded on the short shoots. 9d. and 1/- each.
 *1199 **lucidum marginatum aureum**, a large-leaved form with golden margins. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 7/6, 9/6, 12/- and 15/- per doz.
 *1202 —— “**Triomphe de Bordeaux**,” vigorous growing variety, with large foliage. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
 1205 **ovalifolium** (*Oval-leaved Privet*), one of the finest shrubs for planting in towns, smoky districts, &c., or as a single specimen in shrubberies, &c., see page 67. We grow immense quantities of this plant and offer at very low rates.

		Per 100	Per 1000
1 to 1½ feet, transplanted	4/-
1½ to 2 feet,	”	...	5/-
2 to 3 feet, twice transplanted...	6/-
3 to 4 feet, ”	10/-
4 to 5 feet, ”	20/- to 25/-

Extra Bushy Plants.

		Per 100
2 to 2½ feet, extra transplanted	...	10/- to 12/6
2½ to 3 feet, ”	”	12/6 to 15/-
3 to 3½ feet, ”	”	20/- to 25/-
3½ to 4 feet, ”	”	50/-
4 to 5 feet, ”	”	12/- per doz.
5 to 6 feet, ”	”	15/- per doz.

Extra Fine Well-furnished Specimens, grown singly.

4 to 5 feet ...	...	2/- to 2/6 each.	18/- to 24/- per doz.
5 to 6 feet ...	...	3/- to 3/6 ”	30/- to 36/- ”
6 to 7 feet ...	...	3/6 to 5/- ”	36/- to 48/- ”
7 to 8 feet ...	...	5/- to 7/6 ”	54/- to 72/- ”

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

Ligustrum (*Privet*)—continued.

1207 **ovalifolium foliis aureis.** This will undoubtedly prove to be the finest golden hedge plant yet introduced. For specimens, window boxes and winter bedding, it cannot be surpassed. See illustration below.

		Per doz.	Per 100	Per 1000
1 to 1½ feet, twice transplanted	...	6/-	30/-	240/-
1½ to 1½ feet, "	...	9/-	40/-	310/-
1½ to 2 feet, "	...	10/6	60/-	450/-
2 to 2½ feet, "	...	12/-	80/-	600/-

Larger specimens, 2/6 to 10/6 each. Standards, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.



Photo] LIGUSTRUM OVAL FOL. AUREIS (The Golden-leaved Privet). [Clibrans

- 1211 **sinense floribundum**, a distinct variety with slender spreading branches, free-flowering. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- *1212 **Walkerli**, an attractive evergreen shrub, the margins of the leaves being beautifully undulated, or a bright dark green like those of the myrtle. 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 1214 **vulgare** (*common*), extra bushy plants, 4d., 6d., 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 1226 — **pendulum** (*Weeping Privet*). Plants on stems, 4 to 5 feet high. 2/6 to 5/- each.
- 1227 — **sempervirens**, largely used for covert planting.

		Per 100	Per 1000
1½ to 2 feet, transplanted	...	2/6	20/-
2 to 3 feet, "	...	4/-	30/-
3 to 4 feet, "	...	5/-	40/-

A most valuable Covert plant.

For special cheap offer of Ornamental Privets, see Collection No. 37, page 78.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

LILAC, see *Syringa*, page 74.

LONICERA (*Shrubby Honeysuckles*). For Climbing Varieties, see page 98.

- 1235 **fragrantissima**, flowers white, fragrant; commences to bloom in early spring before leaves appear; very desirable. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 1238 **Involuta** (*Ledebourii*), yellow, tinged with red; invaluable plant for smoky districts. 1½ to 2 feet, 6d. each, 4/6 per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 9d. each, 6/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- 1241 **Morrowii**, a fine Japanese species, of rapid growth and spreading habit. The great feature of this novelty lies in its bright crimson berries, which are produced in great abundance, and remain on the plants until winter; highly ornamental. 3 to 4 feet, 6d. each; 4 to 5 feet, 9d. and 1/- each.
- 1247 **Standishii**, fragrant white flowers, ovate oblong leaves. 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 1249 **tartarica rosea**, a shrubby variety, with rose-coloured flowers, succeeded by black fruit. 6d., 9d. and 1/- each.
- 1250 **xylosteum** (*Fly Honeysuckle*), an erect shrub, with cream-coloured flowers. 9d. to 1/- each.

LYCIUM



Photo]

MAGNOLIA SOULANGEANA.

[Clibrans

- 1251 **barbarum** (*Tea Tree*), a fast-growing, rambling shrub; fine for growing on trellis, arbours, &c. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 1252 — **ovatum**, differs from the above by the foliage being more ovate. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 1252a **europaeum**, a straggling plant, suitable for positions where few plants can live. 6d., 9d. and 1/- each.

MAGNOLIA. Magnolias should be severely pruned when transplanted, and, unless they have been in pots, only moved in spring.

- 1253 **accuminata** (*Cucumber Tree*), a large handsome deciduous tree, very hardy. 2/6, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 1256 **conspicua** (*Yulan Tree*), white flowers, reverse of petals sometimes suffused purple, fragrant and free. 5/-, 7/6 to 10/6 each.
- 1259 **Alexandrina**, flowers white, reverse of petals sometimes flushed purplish-magenta; a grand variety. 2/6, 3/6, 7/6 to 10/6 each.
- 1262 **Lennel**, interior of flower pale pinkish-white, exterior deep purple; large and extra fine. 5/-, 7/6 to 10/6 each.
- 1265 **Norberti**, white, base of petals dark purple. 3/6, 5/-, 7/6 to 10/6 each.
- 1268 **Soulangeana** (see illustration), a beautiful variety, flowers large, white, veined and shaded purple. 2/6, 5/-, 7/6 to 10/6 each.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

Magnolia—continued.

- 1274 **Soulangeana speciosa**, similar in habit to *Soulangeana*, but flowers paler and opens later. 3/6, 5/-, 7/6 to 10/6 each.
- 1280 **Fraseri (auriculata)** flowers yellowish white, sweet-scented, a bold and imposing deciduous species. 2/6, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- *1283 **grandiflora**, flowers large, white, and very fragrant; flourishes best in a south aspect. 2/6, 3/6, 5/- to 7/6 each.
- *1286 —— **Exmouth Variety**, a very fine white-flowered variety of the preceding. 3/6 to 10/6 each.
- Halleana**, see *stellata*.
- 1289 **hypoleuca**, creamy white, very large and fragrant; a stately tree with large leaves. 1/6, 2/6, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 1292 **Kobus**, flowers white, reverse of petals shaded light pink. 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 1293 **obovata (purpurea)**, flowers large, petals purple outside, and white within; an elegant species. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1294 **parviflora**, white, tinted rose, almost globular, extra fine. 5/- to 7/6 each.
- 1295 **stellata (Halleana)**, a species flowering before the leaves are fully developed, profuse bloomer even at two years old, double, sweet-scented, hardy. 3/6, 5/-, 7/6 to 10/6 each.
- 1301 **Watsonii**, creamy white, with blood-red filaments; very distinct and beautiful. 5/- to 7/6 each.

For special offer of Magnolias, see Collection No. 38, page 78.

MAPLES, JAPANESE

These are extremely handsome, and their beautiful and diversified foliage renders them especially desirable for a variety of decorative purposes. They may be grown in pots for conservatory decoration, or planted out of doors in favourable districts, and will well repay any extra care bestowed upon them. When planted in groups they produce a charming effect, their colours ranging from yellow to rich dark crimson and purple, and in form from broadly palmate to delicate cut-leaved and fern-like appearance. Our collection embraces the finest and most distinct sorts.

- 1306 **cratægifolium.**
 1308 **japonicum.**
 1311 —— **aureum.**
 1313 —— **filicifolium.**
 1345 **Osakazuki.**
 1346 **Oshibeni.**
 1317 **palmatum (polymorphum).**
 1318 —— **Ampelopsisfolium.**
 1320 —— **atropurpureum.**
 1326 —— **dissectum.**
 1329 —— —— **ornatum.**
 1335 —— —— **rubrum.**
 1336 —— —— **variegatum.**
 1338 —— —— **flavescens.**
 1340 —— —— **heterophyllum.**
 1341 —— —— **linearifolium (Scolopendrifolium).**
 1343 —— —— **atropurpureum.**
 1344 —— —— **marmoratum.**
 1347 —— —— **palmatifidum.**
 1350 —— —— **roseum marginatum.**
 1352 —— —— **rubrifolium pancum.**
 1353 —— —— **rubrum.**
 1356 —— —— **sanguineum (Seigen).**
 1359 —— —— **septemlobum.**
 1365 —— —— **elegans.**
 1368 —— —— **purpureum.**
 1371 —— —— —— **laciniatum.**
 1373 —— —— **variegatum (versicolor).**

Purchaser's selection, 2/6 and 3/6 each; our selection, 6, in 6 distinct varieties, 7/6 and 10/6; 12, in 12 distinct varieties, our selection, 18/-, 24/- and 30/-

*For special cheap offer of Japanese Maples, see Collection No. 39, page 78.***MEZEREON**, see *Daphne Mezereum*, page 48.**MISCANTHUS (Eulalia)**, a very ornamental hardy grass suitable for borders, rockeries, &c.

- gracillima univittata**, gracefully recurved, leaves of bright green, with a white stripe down the centre. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- japonica**, a very useful and pretty species of *Eulalia*. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- **fol. var.**, a strong but elegant grower, leaves striped white and green; makes an exceedingly handsome tuft; of great value for grouping. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- **viridis**, a strong, rapid-growing, ornamental variety. From ground, 1/- and 1/6 each.
- **zebrina**, of vigorous growth, with singularly attractive leaves cross-barred with yellow and green. 1/- and 1/6 each.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

MOCK ORANGE, *see* *Philadelphus*, *page* 65.MYRTUS (*Myrtles*).**angustifolius*.**communis*.*— *flore pleno*.**Jenny Reitzenbach*.**Ugni* (*Eugenia Ugni*)

} Neat evergreen shrubs, requiring protection during winter, except in favourable districts. 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each.

NANDINA

1392 *domestica*, flowers white, with yellow anthers, produced in terminal panicles; large attractive evergreen pinnate foliage; very distinct. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

NEVIA

1410 *alabamensis*, a very choice, pretty and rare shrub, with white flowers in spring. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

NOTOSPARTIUM

1413 *Carmichaelæ*, a slender-branched somewhat pendulous shrub with narrow cord-like branches. The flowers are of a pretty pink colour, freely produced in many-flowered racemes. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

NUTTALLIA

1415 *cerasiformis*, produces large, red, cherry-like fruit. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.OAK, EVERGREEN, *see* *Quercus Ilex*, *page* 24.

OLEARIA

*1416 *Gunniana*, numerous heads of white flowers. 1/- and 1/6 each.1419 *Haastii*, a dwarf, evergreen, smoke-resisting shrub, covering itself with masses of grey bloom, fragrant, and lasting a considerable time; perfectly hardy. 1 to 1½ feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 9/- per doz., 60/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz., 75/- per 100; 2 to 2½ feet, 2/- to 2/6 each, 18/- to 24/- per doz.; larger, 3/6 each.*1422 *Illicifolia* (*myrsinoides*), pretty, small, white, daisy-like flowers with yellow centres. 1/- to 1/6 each.*1425 *macrodonta* (*dentata*), an exceedingly pretty shrub, of easy cultivation, suitable for growing against a warm wall, with holly-like leaves, covered underneath with tomentum. In spring it produces heads of rosy-white blossoms. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.*1427 *Stellulata*, pure white flowers in numerous heads, produced in May. 9d. and 1/6 each, 7/6 to 12/- per doz.

OSMANTHUS

1431 *Illicifolius*, evergreen shrub, with leaves resembling the common Holly, small white flowers. 9 to 12 inches, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 10/6 per doz.; 1 to 1½ feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.; 1½ to 2 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 18/- per doz.; 2 to 2½ feet, 2/- to 2/6 each, 21/- to 24/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 3/6 to 5/- each.1434 — *alba variegatus*, very pretty variegated form. 1/- and 1/6 each.1435 — *aurea variegata*, a pretty golden variegated form; highly ornamental. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/- each.1437 *myrtifolius*, similar to *illicifolius*, but without spines on the leaves. 1/- and 1/6 each.

OSTRYA

1440 *virginica* (*Hop Hornbeam*), hop-like fruit, very attractive. 1/- to 1/6 each.

OTHERA

*1443 *japonica* (*syn. Ilex integra*), elegant evergreen shrub. 9d. and 1/- each.

OZOTHAMNUS

*1446 *rosmarinifolius*, small white flowers and fragrant rosemary-like foliage. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

PÆONY

arborea (*Tree Pæony*), strong plants, imported by ourselves from Japan, embracing every shade of colour from pure white to dark crimson, large handsome double and single flowers. 2/6 and 3/6 each; 6 for 15/- and 21/-. A few extra-sized plants set with buds, suitable for forcing or outside planting, 5/- each, 48/- per doz.

PANAX

1448 *sessiliflora*, produces small dark purple flowers, succeeded by dark coloured fruit. 9d. and 1/- each.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

PARROTIA

- 1449 *persica* (*Iron Tree*), beautiful dwarf tree, valued for the fine autumnal tints of its leaves.
1/6 to 2/6 each.



A PRETTY CORNER IN A CHESHIRE GARDEN.

Photo]

PHILADELPHUS (*Mock Orange*).

A lovely family deserving of cultivation. No one will regret planting any of the following varieties, as, in addition to their beautiful bloom, they possess the fragrance of the Orange flower.

- 1461 *coronarius* (*Common Mock Orange*).
1467 — *aureus*, yellow-leaved form of preceding.
1479 *Coulteri*, flowers large, pure white, purple spot at base.
1482 *dianthaflorus plenus*, compact habit, double flowers.
1485 *floribundus*, upright habit, very pretty.
1490 *grandiflorus*, the largest white-flowered variety.
1491 — *speciosissimus*, large white flowers, and wonderfully free.

6d. and 9d. each.
4/- and 6/- per doz.;
25/- to 35/- per 100.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

Philadelphus (*Mock Orange*)—continued.

- 1494 **hybridus Lemolnei**, a cross between *microphyllus* and *coronarius*. It produces large white and highly-scented blossoms, and forms a shrub about midway between its parents, and flowers most profusely.
- 1492 —— “**Avalanche**,” very free-flowering, the branches being often bent by the weight of bloom. Sweet-scented.
- 1495 —— “**Boule d'Argent**” (*Silver Ball*), flowers large, double, pure white, and deliciously perfumed.
- 1496 —— “**Candelabra**,” large pure white flowers, very fragrant, and produced in great abundance; plant dwarf and very floriferous.
- 1497 —— **erectus**, new variety, branching well at the base and forming an erect bush. The branches are entirely covered with small flowers of the purest white, and very fragrant.
- 1498 —— **Fantasia**, rosy-white flowers paling towards the centre, free-blooming, good habit.
- 1499 —— “**Gerbe de Neige**” (*Sheaf of Snow*), very large flowers of the purest white, very fragrant; exceedingly floriferous.
- 1501 —— **manteau d'hermine**, flowers semi-double, creamy white; bushy habit.
- 1502 —— “**Mont Blanc**,” erect branches, large scented flowers of pure white; single.
- 1502a —— **purpurea maculatus**, a charming and beautiful shrub attaining a height of about 3 feet, the flowers consist of 4 pure white petals with a large purplish-rose spot in the centre; a distinct and valuable addition. 1/6 to 2/6.
- 1500 **microphyllus**, a dense neat bush, 2 to 3 feet high, with myrtle-like foliage, and lovely sprays of Quince-scented blooms.
- 1503 **Satsumi**, large white flowers, a freely-branching shrub of slender graceful growth.
- 9d. and 1/- each,
7/6 and 10/6
per doz.
(except where
stated).

For special offer of *Philadelphus*, see Collection No. 40, page 79.

PHILLYRÆA

- *1506 **angustifolia**, handsome species, with long narrow leaves and white flowers. 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 1515 **decora** (*Vilmoriniana*) (*laurifolia*), a noble evergreen, with dark green leathery leaves, flowers small, white, and deliciously fragrant, produced in graceful wreath-like clusters. 9 to 12 inches, 9d. each, 7/6 per doz.; 1 to 1½ feet, 1/- each, 10/6 per doz., 65/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 9/- and 12/- per doz., 60/- to 90/- per 100; 2 to 2½ feet, 1/6 and 2/- each, 15/- to 21/- per doz.; larger plants, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- *1509 **latifolia**, very distinct and ornamental, leaves roundish, flowers small. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- *1512 **media** (*oleifolia*), dark green leathery leaves, compact growing variety. 1/-, 1/6 and 2/6 each.

PIPTANTHUS

- *1518 **nepalensis** (*Evergreen Laburnum*), flowers yellow and somewhat similar to those of the Laburnum. Thrives best against a wall. 1/- and 1/6 each.

PITTOSPORUM

- *1519 **Tobira**, white fragrant flowers and handsome foliage. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- *1512 **undulatum**, neat growing evergreen for a sheltered situation, flowers white, fragrant, leaves wavy. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

POLYGONUM

- 1530 **cuspidatum** (*Sieboldii*), rapid growing, shrubby perennial, suitable for planting in unsightly places, &c. It also thrives admirably in town gardens. 4d. each, 3/- per doz.
- 1533 **sachalinense**, valuable for ornamental planting. It produces large handsome leaves, grows rapidly, and has a fine tropical appearance. 4d. each, 3/- per doz.

POTENTILLA

- 1560 **fruticosa**, a dwarf shrub with abundant yellow flowers. 1 to 2 feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 4/- and 6/- per doz.

POURTHIÆA

- 1563 **villosa**, an interesting shrub, bearing scarlet fruit in autumn. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

PRIVET, see *Ligustrum*, page 60.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

PRUNUS

- 1578 **sinensis alba** fl. pl., produces early in spring pure white button-shaped flowers in abundance. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 1581 — **rosea** fl. pl., a charming rose-flowering variety. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 1584 **triloba**, very double pink, extremely ornamental. Dwarfs, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

For Standards see page 21.

PUNICA

- *1596 **granatum** (*Pomegranate*), fine plant for training against a south wall; leaves tinged with scarlet when expanding. 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

RAPHIOLEPIS

- 1731 **japonica** (*ovata*) (*Indian Hawthorn*). Flowers white in panicles, fragrant; fruit a small pome and said to be edible. A splendid evergreen shrub, its leaves, flowers, and fruit are all attractive. 1/6 to 2/6 each; 15/- to 24/- per doz.



Photo]

SPECIMEN OVAL-LEAVED PRIVET.

[Clibrans

One of the hardiest and most ornamental evergreen Shrubs. See page 60.

RHAMNUS

- *1725 **Alaternus**, highly ornamental evergreen, well adapted for walls. In pots, 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

Rhamnus—continued.

- 1728 **alaternus follis argenteus**, beautifully margined cream and splashed with silver; a rapid grower and fills up well; never loses its variegation; excellent for indoor work. In pots, 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- *1729 **Californicus**, a vigorous grower, with thick evergreen leaves; fine decorative shrub. In pots, 9d. and 1/- each.

RHODODENDRONS, see pages 86 to 92.

RHODOTYPUS

- 1734 **Kerrioides** (*White Kerria*), beautiful white flowers resembling a single rose; a charming acquisition. 1/- each, 9/- per doz.

RHUS

- 1740 **Coriaria**, whitish-green flowers, in large loose panicles. 1/6 each.
- 1742 **Cotinoides**, one of the most attractive and beautiful of all our autumn tinted shrubs, the foliage during the latter part of the year being coloured with delightful tints of orange, red and yellow. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 1743 **Cotinus** (*The Venetian Sumach or Smoke Plant*), a remarkable plant, with elegant foliage which reddens in autumn; and lovely feather-like seed clusters of a reddish-purple. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- *1758 **Osbeckii**, leaves remarkable and very ornamental, assuming a beautiful autumnal colour. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 1763 **toxicodendron**, (frequently known as *Amelanchier japonica*) ("The Poison Oak"), a fine shrub of half climbing habit, large trifoliate leaves, which turn to various tints of red and crimson in autumn. This shrub should be handled with care as it is very poisonous. In pots, 1/- to 1/6 each.

See also page 24.

RIBES (*Flowering Currant*).

- 1767 **alpinum pumillum aureum** (*Golden Mountain Currant*), dwarf growing species, with yellow leaves, very suitable for rock-work.
- 1770 **aureum** (*Golden Flowered Currant*), numerous racemes of yellow blooms.
- 1776 **Gordoniana**, flowers red and yellow in drooping bunches. A hybrid between *aureum* and *sanguineum*.
- 1782 **sanguineum**, red flowers. Standards on 3 to 4 feet stems, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 1785 —— **albidum**, white flowers, slightly suffused pink.
- 1788 —— **atro-rubens**, the most beautiful variety of this family. flowers very dark red.
- 1790 —— **carneum**, flesh coloured flowers, distinct.
- 1791 —— **flore-pleno**, flowers double, late, and lasting.

For special cheap offer of *Ribes*, see Collection No. 41, page 79.)

*ROMNEYA

Coulteri (*Bush Poppy*), see illustration. A gloriously beautiful plant, hardy in all but very bleak and exposed situations. The flowers, five or six inches across, are of the purest glistening white, with a centre of golden-yellow stamens, the petals are beautifully crenulated, and the whole is deliciously perfumed. The beauty of this lovely plant is entirely without parallel in its class; the foliage itself, of a pleasing glaucous tint and deeply laciniated, is highly ornamental. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 10/6, 12/-, 15/- and 18/- per doz.

ROSMARINUS

- 1825 **officinalis** (*Rosemary*), a well-known plant, with purple flowers. 4d., 6d. and 9d. each, 3/-, 4/- and 6/- per doz.
- 1826 —— **albus**, a beautiful white-flowered variety. 9d. each.

RUBUS (*Flowering Brambles*).

- *1827 **australis**, a distinct species; thin prickly stems carrying very small narrow ovate leaves; flowers pinkish-white, fragrant; a good climber for a wall in a sheltered situation. 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 1833 **crataegifolius** (*Hawthorn-leaved Bramble*), a shrubby species, with beautiful reddish tinted foliage in the autumn. 6d., 9d. to 1/- each.
- 1836 **deliciosus** (*Rocky Mountain Bramble*), the true species, which is quite distinct from that ordinarily sold. We can strongly recommend it as one of the grandest flowering shrubs, each bush presenting a sheet of snowy-white blooms in early summer. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 10/6, 15/- to 24/- per doz.
- 1839 **fruticosus flore albo-pleno** (*Double White-flowering Bramble*), strong grower, suitable for rooteries, &c. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 1842 —— **roseo-pleno**, double pink flowers, very pretty. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

Rubus (*Flowering Brambles*)—continued.

Innominatus, a handsome species, the stems are covered with a soft velvety pubescens; leaves trifoliate, dark green on the upper surface and greyish-white beneath, produces panicles of orange-scarlet fruit, 18 in. in length, in great profusion in September; the fruits are edible, resemble a *Blackberry* in flavour, but are of larger size, an highly ornamental plant, and a distinct addition to dessert fruits. 3/6 each.



Photo]

ROMNEYA COULTERI (much reduced).

[*Clibrans*

A unique and lovely plant.

- 1851 **nutkanus**, single flowers, pure white, succeeded by large deep red berries. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 7/6, 9/- to 15/- per doz.
- 1854 **odoratus** (*Purple-Flowering Raspberry*), large purple flowers, very floriferous. 9d. to 1/- each, 6/- and 10/6 per doz.
- 1857 **phoenicolasius argenteus** (*The Japanese Wine-berry*), flowers pale pink in racemes, fruit scarlet, stems covered with purple hairs. When in fruit this is a very ornamental variety. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- *1860 **rosæfolius coronarius**, loose clusters of large double white flowers; a lovely plant. 9d. and 1/-.
- 1863 **spectabilis** (*The Salmon Berry*), fragrant purplish flowers, charming little shrub when in fruit. 6d., 9d. and 1/- each.
- 1864 **palmatus** (*The Strawberry-Raspberry*). 9d. each, 6/- per doz.

For special cheap offer of *Rubus*, see Collection No. 42, page 79.

RUSCUS

- 1866 **aculeatus** (*Butcher's Broom*), native evergreen shrub, grows freely under the shade of trees, and valued for its bright red berries. 6d., 9d. and 1/- each.
- 1869 **racemosus** (*Alexandrian Laurel*), deserving of general attention on account of its beautiful leaves and graceful habit. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

SAMBUCUS (Elder).

- 1914 **nigra** (*Common*). 4d., 6d., 9d. and 1/- each, 3/-, 4/-, 6/- and 9/- per doz.
- 1917 — **argenteo-variegata** (*Silver-leaved*), grand shrub for towns. 6d. to 1/- each.
- 1920 — **aurea** (*Golden-leaved*). This is one of our best shrubs for town planting, its fine foliage rendering it most effective. We hold a large stock of extra fine, heavy bushy plants that have been grown singly and are admirably adapted for planting as single specimens. 2 to 3 feet, 4d. each, 3/- per doz., 17/6 per 100; 3 to 4 feet, 6d. each, 5/- per doz.; 25/- per 100; 4 to 5 feet, 1/- each, 9/- per doz.; 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 each. For Standards, see page 26.



Photo]

SAMBUCUS RACEMOSA.

[Clibrans

The Scarlet Fruited Elder.

- 1932 **Foremanli**, surpasses all other berry-bearing shrubs by its hardiness, pleasing foliage, compact habit, and the durability of its fruit, which remains on the plant nearly two years. Well-berried plants of this *Skimmia* have stood in drawing-rooms two years and retained their ornamental character the whole time. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 1933 — **Male Variety**. In order to ensure a crop of berries it is absolutely necessary to have a plant of the male variety, growing near to *Skimmia Foremanii*, which is the female form. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 1935 **Fortunei**, usually known under the name of *S. Japonica*, a low-growing evergreen, with sweet-scented flowers, followed by bright coral-red berries. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 1938 **fragrans** (*Mascula*), the male form of the true *S. japonica*; foliage dark glossy green; white sweetly-scented flowers; a handsome evergreen. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 1941 **japonica** (*S. Oblata*), an evergreen shrub, suitable for growing in smoky districts. As it only produces female flowers, it is requisite to plant *S. fragrans* in the immediate neighbourhood. By doing so, a crop of beautiful red berries will be produced in great profusion, rendering them unsurpassed as decorative shrubs. 12 to 15 inches, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.; 15 to 18 inches, 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.; 1½ to 2 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each, 15/- to 21/- per doz.

For special cheap offer of Skimmias, see Collection No 44, page 79.

- 1923 **racemosa** (*Scarlet-berried*), see illustration, fruit scarlet, in large bunches and very ornamental; grows luxuriantly in a cool and moist situation. 6d. to 1/- each, 4/- to 9/- per doz.

- 1926 — **serratifolia**, a very prettily-cut leaved form; highly ornamental. 6d., 9d. and 1/- each.

- 1927 — **foliis aureis** (*Golden-leaved*), a remarkable new golden fern-leaved variety, quite hardy, the leaves retaining their bright, golden-yellow hue until late in the autumn. It is a great improvement on the *Common Yellow Elder*, and of high decorative value. 1/- to 1/6 each, 9/- and 12/- per doz.

For special offer of *Sambucus*, see Collection No. 43, page 79.SEA BUCKTHORN, see *Hippophae*, page 53.

SHEPHERDIA

- 1929 **argentea**, silvery-white foliage and bright scarlet berries. 9d. and 1/- each, 6/- to 9/- per doz.

SKIMMIA

- The whole of this family succeed best if planted in peat and loam.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

SOPHORA

- 1943 **japonica**, very ornamental foliage; flowers cream-coloured when the tree attains age. 6d. to 1/- each.

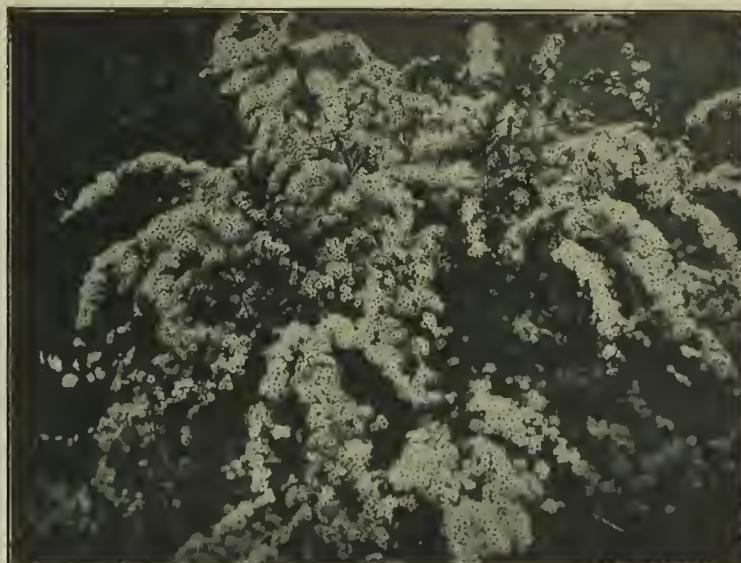
SNOWBALL TREE, see **Viburnum Opulus**, page 76.

SNOWBERRY, see **Symporicarpus racemosus**, page 73.

SNOWDROP TREE, see **Halesia**, page 19.

SPARTIUM

- 1944 **Junceum** (*Yellow Spanish Broom*), fine yellow-flowered form of the *Rush-leaved Broom*. In pots, 6d., 9d. and 1/- each.



Photo]

SPIRÆA ARGUTA.
A lovely white-flowered species.

[Clibrans

SPIRÆA

- 1945 **Aitchisoni**, a new species introduced from Afghanistan, of somewhat similar appearance to *S. Lindleyana*; foliage dark shining green making a pleasing contrast to the bright red bark; flowers pure white, borne in large panicles; very handsome and effective. 2/- and 2/6 each.
- 1946 **arguta**, see *illustration*, one of the earliest flowering shrubs, and extremely hardy. During April the branches are completely covered on the upper side with compact clusters of the purest white flowers. It is rare at present, but ought to be better known. 1/6 each.
- 1947 **ariæfolia** (*Discolor*), one of the most elegant of the *Spiræas*; large upright panicles of white flowers.
- 1950 **bella**, beautiful cymes of rose blossoms; very desirable.
- 1955 **Bracteata**, red flowers, dwarf and compact habit.
- 1956 **Bumalda**, cymes of pretty pink blossoms, dwarf.
- 1959 —— **Anthony Waterer** (*Crimson Spiræa*), see *illustration*, page 72, of dwarf compact habit, strong in growth, and perfectly hardy; blooms from early summer until the frost appears, producing a strikingly brilliant effect. The heads of bloom are rich crimson.
- 1965 **callosa**, free-flowering and distinct.
- 1968 —— **alba** (*japonica alba*), a companion to *Bumalda*, being similar, but flowers are white.
- 1971 —— **macrophylla**, foliage large, young shoots tipped with red, very attractive.
- 1974 **confusa** (*Van Houttei*), flower heads two inches in diameter on short footstalks, and pure white, very useful for cutting; one of the best in the family, and in season literally loaded with blossoms.
- 1977 **Douglasii**, panicles of rose-coloured flowers.
- 1980 **flagelliformis** (*canescens*) (*The Maiden's Wreath*), wreath-like flower stalks, and lovely white blooms, one of the prettiest.
- 1982 **Fröbelii**, early-blooming variety, colour dark violet-red, very floriferous.
- 1984 **lævigata**, flesh white, very free-flowering.
- 1983 **Lindleyana**, large terminal panicles of white flowers.

6d. & 9d. each, 4/- & 6/- per doz., 25/- to 35/- per 100.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

Spiraea—continued.

- 1986 **Margaritæ**, a pretty variety, large leaves and large panicles of clear red flowers.
 1989 **opulifolia** (*Neillia*), white flowers in corymbs, very handsome shrub.
 1992 — **aurea** (*The Golden-leaved Spiraea*), rich yellow foliage and large white flowers, fine ornamental shrub.
 1995 **prunifolia flore pleno**, pure white flowers, resembling double white daisies; a beautiful shrub.
 1998 **Reevesiana fl. pl.**, pretty double-flowered form.
 2005 **Thunbergi**, dwarf, slender branches, pretty little flowers, produced in such abundance as to almost cover the bush, and small green leaves that change to crimson and rose in autumn.

For special cheap offer of Spiræas, see Collection No. 45, page 79.

STACHYURUS

- *2007 **præcox**, flowers greenish-yellow, produced freely in early spring, before the leaves are unfolded. Small plants, 2/- and 2/6 each.

6d. & 9d. each 4/- & 6/- per doz., 25/- to 35/- per 100.



Photo]

SPIRÆA BUMALDA, ANTHONY WATERER.

[Clibrans

A beautiful crimson-flowered variety. See page 71.

STAPHYLEA (*Bladder Nut*).

- 2011 **colchica**, beautiful white flowers, fragrant, produced freely in early summer. 9d. and 1/- each, 6/- and 9/- per doz. Plants set with buds for forcing. 2/6 and 3/6 each.
 2014 **Coulombieri**, flowers in drooping panicles of 30 to 40 blossoms each, nearly pure white, the yellow anthers just peeping above the tips of the wavy petals; hardy. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

STEPHANANDRA

- 2023 **flexuosa**, racemes of small white flowers, leaves finely and delicately cut. 1/- to 1/6 each.
 2024 **Tanakæ**, a larger leaved plant than the preceding, leaves green turning to rose, autumn tints exceedingly fine. 1/- to 1/6 each.

STUARTIA

- *2026 **pentagyna** (*American camellia*), one of the most attractive of hardy summer-blooming shrubs, flowers large, saucer-shaped, cream-coloured with purplish centre; very free when well grown. 3/6 and 5/- each.
 2029 **pseudo-camellia** (*Japan Summer-Flowering Camellia*), splendid shrub, producing numerous lovely creamy-white flowers, sepals dull reddish-brown above, resembling a *Single Camellia*, but more beautiful. 3/6, 5/- and 7/6 each.

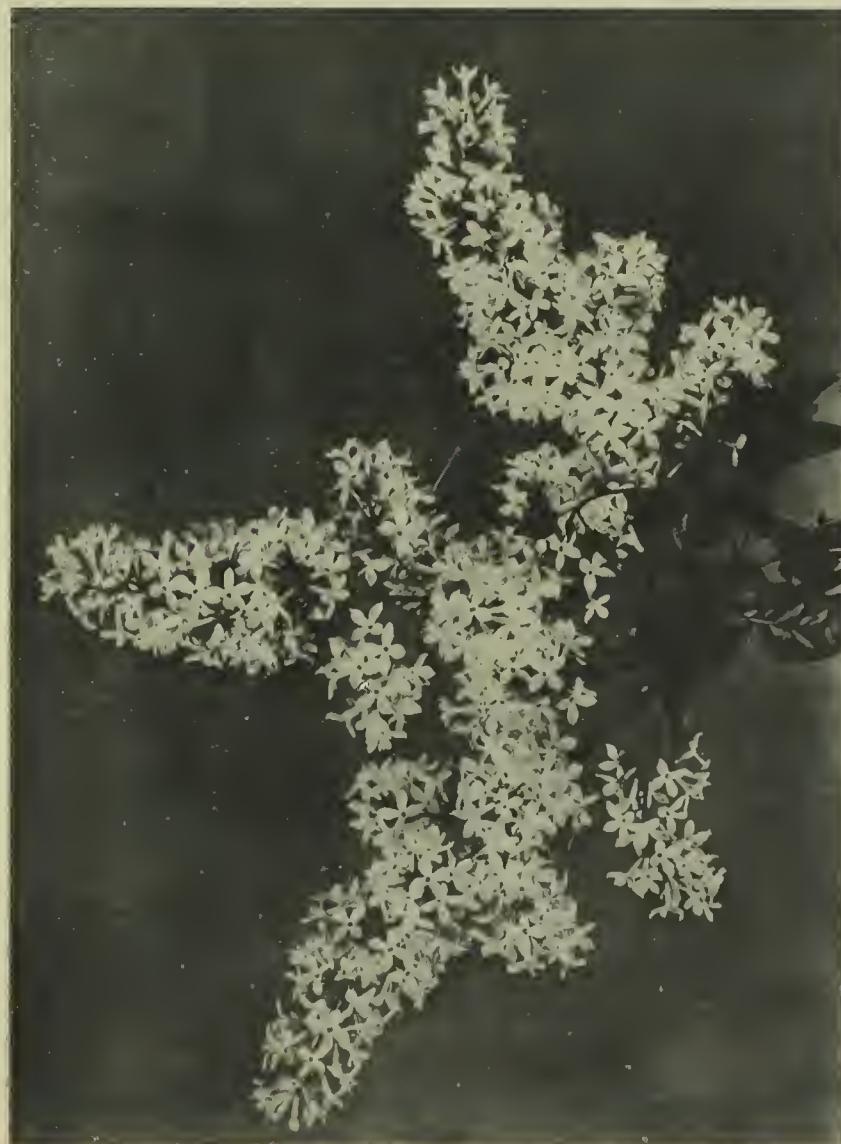
EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

STYRAX

- *2032 **japonica**, an extremely pretty dense-growing Japanese shrub with snow-white fragrant flowers, produced in graceful profusion in early summer. 2/-, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 2035 **obassia**, lovely spikes of pure white, campanulate, deliciously-perfumed flowers, and large entire leaves; it forms a beautiful ornamental dwarf tree, and will be much appreciated when better known. 3/6 to 5/- each.
- *2038 **officinalis**, pretty white flowers, usually in clusters of three; leaves smaller than in *obassia*. 2/- and 2/6 each.

SYMPHORICARPUS

- 2044 **racemosus** (*The Snowberry*), white berries, will grow almost anywhere, often planted under the drip of trees where other shrubs will not thrive. 4d., 6d. and 9d. each, 3/-, 4/- and 6/- per doz., 20/- and 25/- per 100.
- 2047 **vulgaris** (*The Coral Berry*), a contrast to preceding on account of its fruit being dark red. 3 to 4 feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 5/- and 7/6 per doz.
- 2050 —— **foliis variegatis**, leaves finely variegated green and yellow. 9d. and 1/- each.



[Clibrans

SYRINGA VULGARIS "Marie Legraye."
A beautiful white-flowered variety.

Photo]

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

SYRINGA (*Lilac*).

- 2053 **Emodi**, flowers purplish or white, very distinct. 2 to 3 feet, 9d. each, 6/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 1/- each, 9/- per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 1/6 each, 12/- per doz.
- 2056 — **Dr. Bretschneider** (*Emodi Rosea*), a rose-flowered form. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 2059 — **variegata**, leaves large, and in spring finely edged with gold. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 2062 **japonica** (*The Japan Lilac*). Makes a straight, stout, well-branched tree, attaining 30 feet in height, very hardy; flowering in midsummer, the panicles of white flowers measuring sometimes 16 to 24 inches in length. It is truly the noblest member of a great family. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 2065 **persica** (*The Persian Lilac*), dwarf, erect, very distinct. 6d., 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 5/-, 7/6, 9/- to 12/- per doz.
- 2068 — **alba** (*The Persian White Lilac*). 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 6/-, 9/-, 12/- and 15/- per doz.
- 2071 **rothomagensis** (*The Siberian or Chinese Lilac*), very free-flowering purple species. 2 to 3 feet, 4d. to 6d. each, 3/- to 5/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 5/- and 6/- per doz.
- 2077 **vulgaris** (*The Common Purple Lilac*). 1½ to 2 feet, 3/- per doz., 17/6 per 100; 2 to 3 feet, 4/- per doz., 22/6 per 100; 3 to 4 feet, 9d. each, 6/- per doz., 30/- per 100.
- 2078 — **Abel Carriere**, dark blue, double, fine.
- 2080 — **alba** (*The Common White Lilac*). 2 to 3 feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 5/- and 7/6 per doz., 30/- and 40/- per 100; large bushes, 3 to 4 feet high, and extra broad, 1/- each, 9/- per doz.; larger, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 2083 — **grandiflora**, pure white; flowers splendid in size and form.
- 2086 — **Alphonse Lavallee**, double, large flowered variety, with sky-blue shaded violet flowers.
- 2088 — **Charles Joly**, double dark red, fine.
- 2089 — **Charles X.**, deep purplish lilac, extra fine trusses; a fine forcing variety; white if forced in a dark place.
- 2091 — **Francisque Morel**, blush-pink; double.
- 2090 — **f. pl. Comte de Kerchove**, double, a free-flowering variety; a good grower; attractive.
- 2092 — **Gloire de Moulins**, rose changing to lavender-blue; very full and extra fine.
- 2095 — **Lamarck**, double, rose, changing to bluish-lilac, white centre.
- 2098 — **Le Gaulois**, double, dark peach, light blue centre.
- 2101 — **Lemoinei**, double, rose, changing to lilac, very fine variety.
- 2104 — **Leon Simon**, double, spike compact, bluish-violet, buds coral red; very fine.
- 2105 — **Madame Abel Chatenay**, double, pure white, very floriferous, extra fine.
- 2107 — **Madame Briot**, rich reddish-purple.
- 2108 — **Madame Casimir Perier**, double creamy-white, very fine.
- 2109 — **Madame F. Morel**, single, pinkish-violet, extra long spikes of flowers.
- 2110 — **Madame Lemoine**, double, compact spike, 10 inches in length, and of the purest white; splendid.
- 2112 — **Mdlie. Fernande Viger**, single, pure white sweet-scented flowers, produced in spikes, 12 inches in length.
- 2113 — **Marie Legraye**, see illustration, page 73, pure white, very large, the finest single white variety.
- 2116 — **Michel Buchner**, double, pale lilac, margined with rose, very large pip and truss.
- 2119 — **Monsieur Maxime Cornu**, double, flowers large, rosy-lilac, shaded red, very free.
- 2122 — **President Grey**, double, blue-shaded rose, large.
- 2125 — **pyramidalis**, double, pyramidal truss, dense, pale blue, carmine buds.
- 2131 — **rubra insignis**, pale rose-purple, fine flowers.
- 2134 — **Souvenir de L. Spath**, the finest of its colour, large bright red, not only in bud but also when open.
- 2137 — **Verschaffeltii**, rose, changing to white, splendid variety.
- 2140 — **virginalis**, fine, pure white, good forcing variety.

Standards of the majority of the foregoing varieties can be supplied on 4 to 5 feet stems, with well-balanced heads at 3/6 and 5/- each. They make splendid objects for planting singly as specimens on lawns, or for shrubberies. 6 varieties of Lilaes, our selection, 3/-; larger, 5/-; 12 varieties of Lilacs, our selection, 6/-; larger, 10/6; 25 plants, our selection, for 12/-; 50 plants, our selection, for 21/-; 100 plants, our selection, for 40/-, 50/- and 60/-

See also special cheap offer of Syringas, Collection No. 46, page 79.

TAMARIX. Invaluable shrubs of graceful, feathery "horsetail" appearance, for planting near the sea; or inland, on dry, sandy banks, where hardly any other tall shrub would stand.

- 2141 **Germanica**, a species of upright habit, producing white or rose-tinted flowers; very free. 6d., 9d. and 1/- each, 5/-, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.
- 2143 **gallica**, (*Common Tamarisk*), branchlets extremely slender and graceful, with clouds of pinkish bloom in August and September. 6d., 9d. and 1/- each, 5/-, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.

1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each, according to size, 9/-, 15/- to 24/- per doz.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

Tamarix—continued.

- 2145 **Hispida aestivallis** (*Pallasii rosea*), bright carmine-pink flowers, produced in abundance on fully half the length of the branches, vigorous grower; a highly ornamental and desirable variety. 1/6 each.
- 2142 **Indica.** 1/- each.
- 2147 **Japanica**, an elegant branching species producing pink flowers in long spikes. 6d., 9d. and 1/- each, 5/-, 7/6 to 10/6 per doz.
- 2148 **odessana**, long erect slender branches carrying panicles of flowers; a desirable hardy shrub. 1/- to 1/6 each, 9/- to 12/- per doz.
- 2146 **parviflora**, crowded spikes of very small pink flowers. 6d., 9d. and 1/- each; 5/-, 6/- and 9/- per doz.

*See special cheap offer of Tamarix, Collection No. 47, page 79.***TEUCRIUM**

- 2138a **betonicum**, a pretty silvery-leaved shrub for warm positions. In pots, 9d. and 1/- each.

TREE PÆONIES, see *Pæonia arborea*, page 64.**ULEX** (*Gorse, Furze or Whin*).

- 2170 **europæus** (*Common*), transplanted bushes. 4d., 6d. and 9d. each, 3/-, 4/6 and 6/- per doz.
- 2173 —— **flore pleno** (*Double Yellow*). In pots, 9d. and 1/- each, 6/- and 9/- per doz.

VERONICAS

These are excellent shrubs for planting in gardens near the sea or for the cold greenhouse in less favourable districts; they will stand several degrees of frost, and literally cover themselves with bloom till late in the autumn. The species form compact miniature bushes, and are well adapted for growing on rockeries or earth banks in choice positions. The Hybrids are of robust habit, and produce large and beautiful spikes of flowers. Price 4d., 6d. and 9d. each, 3/-, 4/-, and 6/- per doz., according to size of plants.

HYBRIDS, OR SHRUBBY VARIETIES OF VERONICAS.

- 2215 **amaranth**, fine amaranth-crimson.
- 2221 **Andersonii, fol. var.**, handsome ornamental foliage, very pretty for cold houses or carpet bedding.
- 2227 **eclatante**, reddish-carmine, very floriferous.
- 2230 **Epl-Blanc**, pure white, vigorous and free.
- 2236 **Gloire de Lorraine**, heliotrope, with white eye.
- 2241 **Imperatrice**, rich blue, pretty and distinct.
- 2247 **Madame Delaux**, bright red, edged darker shade, white eye, attractive.
- 2256 **Ornement**, lavender, very pretty.
- 2262 **Purple Queen**, beautiful free-flowering variety; flowers violet-purple, plant dwarf and compact; fine for massing.
- 2265 **Reine des Blanche**, flowers white.
- 2271 **rotundifolia**, blue; habit bushy and free.
- 2277 **Simon Delaux**, enormous spike, rich dazzling crimson, vigorous and floriferous, remarkable variety.

SPECIES OF VERONICAS, 6d. and 9d. each, 5/- and 7/6 per doz.*Extra sized plants of some varieties can be supplied at 1/- and 1/6 each.*

- 2286 **amplexicaulis**, white, leaves broad, glaucous, very thick and closely set upon the stems.
- 2295 **Carnosula**, dwarf habit, pretty glaucous leaves.
- 2301 **Cupressoides**, violet, much branched, Cypress-like in appearance.
- 2316 **glauco-cœrulea**, deep blue changing to purple, foliage extremely glaucous, with slightly hairy branches, neat habit, very distinct.
- 2319 **Hectori**, very distinct species, resembling *Cassiope tetragona* in habit of growth, very hardy.
- 2322 **Hulkeana**, delicate lilac, very pleasing, an excellent variety for flowering under glass early in the year, literally covering itself with flowers.
- 2328 **lœvls**, white, in small racemes.
- 2337 **pingulifolia**, white flowers, glaucous foliage, very free.
- 2343 **salicifolia alba**, willow-leaved, white flowers.
- 2347 **salicornioides**, of singular appearance, forming cushions of golden Selaginella-like growth.
- 2348 **speciosa**, flowers deep bluish-purple, very fine.
- 2550 **Traversii**, pure white, very fine, extremely hardy, and a really good shrub. 1 to 1½ feet, 6d. each, 4/- per doz., 25/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 9d. each, 6/- per doz., 40/- per 100; 2 to 2½ feet, 1/- each.

See special cheap offer of Veronicas, Collection No. 48, page 79.

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

VIBURNUM

Awafukii, *see Odoratissimum*.

- 2355 **dentatum** (*American Arrow-wood*), broad ovate foliage, produces pretty blue or purple fruit after flowering. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 2356 **dilatatum** (*New*), leaves oval, dark green; flowers white, succeeded by beautiful orange-red berries. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 2360 **Lantana** (*Common Wayfaring Tree*), clusters of white flowers, leaves large and handsome; fruit scarlet changing to black. 2 to 3 feet, 6d. and 9d. each, 4/6 and 6/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 9d. and 1/- each, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each; 5 to 6 feet, 1/6 to 2/- each.
- *2363 **macrocephalum**, enormous snowy balls of flowers, like a wall. 2/- to 2/6 each.
- 2371 **odoratissimum** (*syn. Awafukii*), long, smooth, leathery, very shiny, strikingly handsome leaves, with deliciously fragrant flower trusses. 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 2373 **Opulus** (*Gelder Rose*), produces coral-red berries in autumn. 4d., 6d. and 9d. each, 3/-, 4/- and 6/- per doz.
- 2376 **Opulus sterile** (*Snow-ball Tree*), fine flowering shrub, producing globular heads of white flowers. 4d., 6d. and 9d. each, 3/-, 4/- and 6/- per doz.; Standards and Half-Standards, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 2379 **plicatum**, very showy shrub; the flowers are all sterile, similar to the *Gelder Rose*, and produced as freely but are larger and whiter. 1/- and 1/6 each. Half-Standards, 3/6 each.
- 2382 —— **tomentosum**, harder and much more vigorous than the type; usually only the outer flowers sterile. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 2388 **tinus** (*Laurestinus*), a well-known handsome evergreen shrub, with pinky-white flowers. 6d., 9d. and 1/- each, 5/-, 7/6 and 10/6 per doz.
- 2390 —— “**French White**,” a fine variety for pot culture. 1/- to 1/6 each.
For special cheap offer of Viburnums, see Collection No. 49, page 79.

VINCA (*Periwinkle*). Very pretty trailing plants for banks, rockeries, rooterries, hanging down walls, planting under large trees, &c. 4d. and 6d. each, 3/- and 4/- per doz.; 20/- per 100.

- 2391 **major**, blue flowered.
- 2394 —— **variegata** (*elegantissima*), golden margined foliage.
- 2397 **minor**, single blue.
- 2400 —— **alba**, single white.
- 2403 —— **argentea variegata**, silver variegated foliage.
- 2406 —— **aurea variegata**, white-flowered, yellow-leaved.
- 2409 —— **cœrulea flore pleno**, double blue-flowered.
- 2412 —— **purpurea flore pleno**, double purple flowers.

For special cheap offer of Vincas, see Collection No. 50, page 79.

WEIGELA (*Diervilla*). Hardy popular shrubs, highly esteemed. 6d. and 9d. each, 4/- and 6/- per doz.

- 2415 **Abel Carriere**, rosy-carmine.
- 2418 **amabilis**, bright pink.
- 2426 **candida**, snow-white flowers, very profuse late in the autumn. A fine acquisition, and well worthy extensive cultivation.
- 2425 **Coquete**, deep rose flowers, 1½ to 2 inches across, the largest-flowered of all *Weigela*.
- 2430 **Eva Rathke**, a distinct and beautiful variety, valued for its richly coloured flowers and for its late and successional blooming. The flowers are dark red, of good substance, and produced abundantly in large trusses. F.C.C., R.H.S. 9d. and 1/- each.
- *2436 **hortensis nivea**, pure white, free-flowering.
- 2445 **Loymansi aurea**, a magnificent variety, beautiful golden foliage and rose-coloured flowers.
- 2451 **multiflora**, dark crimson.
- 2454 **President Duchartre**, dark purple.



WEIGELA, “*Eva Rathke*.”

EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS AND FLOWERING SHRUBS—continued.

Weigela (*Diervilla*)—continued.

- 2458 **rosea**, rose-coloured.
 2461 **Steiznerlii**, deep rose.
 2464 **striata**, pink and white.
 2467 **Van Houttei**, carmine tinted rose.
 2473 **mixed varieties**, various colours. 3/- per doz., 20/- per 100.

See special cheap offer of Weigelas, Collection No. 51, page 79.

WHIN, see **Ulex**, page 75.**XANTHOCERAS**

- 2500 **sorbiifolia**, one of the prettiest shrubs recently introduced, distinct foliage, numerous flowers, in erect bunches, 8 in. long, white and copper-red. It should be well pruned when transplanted. 2/6 to 3/6 each.

XANTHORIZA

- apilifolia**, small dark purple flowers, expanding before the leaves unfold; leaves pinnate; a North-American shrub. 2/6 each.

YUCCA

- 2485 **filamentosa** (*Adam's Needle*), lance-shaped foliage. This is an indispensable plant in ornamental gardening. There are many places where a clump of broad-leaved evergreens is necessary, for which this plant is most suitable, both for its unique foliage and bloom about the end of June. 1/- to 1/6 each, 9/-, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.
 2491 **gloriosa**, a beautiful plant with palm-like foliage. 5/- to 10/6 each.
 2494 **recurva**, one of the best and hardiest. 2/6 to 10/6 each.

NOTE.—Prices of Trees and Shrubs vary according to size, age, and general development. We can supply extra sized specially selected plants of many varieties in several classes at a slightly higher rate. Full particulars of sizes, prices, &c., may be had on application.



CLIBRANS'

Special Collections

OF

SHRUBS,

**SELECTED AS FAR AS POSSIBLE TO SUIT PARTICULAR DISTRICTS,
AS REQUIRED. OUR SELECTION ONLY.**

All the reasons for planting a greater diversity of trees apply as strongly to shrubs. In Evergreens, clients select Common Laurels, Common Hollies, Common Rhododendrons, Common Aucubas, and *Cupressus Lawsoniana* almost entirely. Similarly in Deciduous Shrubs the orders are for just a few well-known common kinds. This is all contrary to what should be done if gardens are to be of the greatest educational value, of the greatest interest, or the greatest beauty. That failures may result in some trials we know, but the success will far out-balance them. There have been a few notable revolts against the continued acceptance of the deadly uniformity that ignorance and rigid ideas produce in gardening matters, such as that against the old style of florists' flowers, the bedding system of geraniums, calceolarias, lobelia, &c. A similar revolt against the continued acceptance of the commonplace in planting the same few varieties is needed in the matter of Trees and Shrubs, and to make diversity easier to accomplish we have reduced the prices of the finer varieties, and also offer cheap Collections so that they approximate to those of the common sorts, and so enable small and also wealthy buyers to make *more* trials, and the well-to-do buyers to order in still greater numbers such sorts as it is desired to try.

COLLECTION 20.—AUCUBAS, 8 distinct sorts (excluding the Common), 10/- and 12/-

- 21.—**BAMBOOS, 6 distinct sorts (will only succeed when protected from wind), 7/6, 12/- and 15/-**
- 22.—**BERBERIS, 10 distinct sorts, 5/- and 7/6**
- 23.—**CORNUS, 6 distinct sorts, 5/- and 9/-**
- 24.—**COTONEASTERS, 6 distinct sorts, 3/6 and 5/-**
- 25.—**CYDONIAS, 6 distinct sorts, 5/- and 7/6**
- 26.—**CYTISUS, 6 distinct sorts, 3/- and 5/-**
- 27.—**DEUTZIAS, 8 distinct sorts, 4/- and 6/-**
- 28.—**ELEAGNUS, 6 distinct sorts, 5/- and 7/6**
- 29.—**EUONYMUS, 6 distinct sorts, 3/6 and 5/-**
- 30.—**FUCHSIAS (Hardy), 6 distinct sorts, 2/-**
- 31.—**HIBISCUS, 6 distinct sorts, 4/6 and 6/-**
- 32.—**HYDRANGEAS, 8 distinct sorts, 4/- and 6/-**
- 33.—**HOLLIES, 10 distinct sorts, broad-leaved and other ornamental green kinds, 15/-, 20/- and 25/-**
- 34.—**HOLLIES, 6 distinct sorts, all variegated, for 10/6, 15/- and 21/-**
- 35.—**IVIES, TREE VARIETIES, 8 distinct sorts, 8/- and 10/-**
- 36.—**LAURELS, 6 distinct sorts, varying in habit or size of foliage, 3/-, 5/- and 7/6**
- 37.—**LIGUSTRUM (Privet), 6 distinct sorts, for ornamental planting, 3/- and 5/-**
- 38.—**MAGNOLIAS, 8 distinct sorts, 20/- and 25/-**
- 39.—**MAPLES, JAPANESE VARIETIES, 12 distinct sorts, 21/-, 25/- and 30/-**

SPECIAL COLLECTIONS OF SHRUBS—continued.

- COLLECTION 40.**—**PHILADELPHUS** (*Mock Orange*), 8 distinct sorts, all named, 4/- and 6/-
 " 41.—**RIBES** (*Flowering Currants*), 6 distinct sorts, dissimilar, 2/6 and 4/6
 " 42.—**RUBUS** (*Flowering Bramble*), 6 distinct varietles, 4/- and 6/-
 " 43.—**SAMBUCUS** (*Elders*), 5 distinct sorts, 2/6 and 4/6
 " 44.—**SKIMMIA**, 4 distinct sorts, 3/6 and 5/-
 " 45.—**SPIRÆAS**, 12 distinct sorts, all named, 4/- and 7/6
 " 46.—**SYRINGA** (*Lilacs*), 12 distinct sorts, all named, 6/-, 9/-, 12/- and 18/-
 " 47.—**Tamarix**, 4 distinct sorts, 2/-
 " 48.—**VERONICAS**, 12 distinct sorts, 3/-, 4/- and 6/-
 " 49.—**VIBURNUMS** (*Guelder Roses*), 6 distinct sorts, 3/- and 5/-
 " 50.—**VINCAS** (*Periwinkle*), 6 distinct sorts, 2/-
 " 51.—**WEIGELAS**, 6 distinct sorts, 5/- and 7/6
 " 52.—**EVERGREEN SHRUBS**, 12 miscellaneous sorts, 8/- and 12/-
 " 53.—**DECIDUOUS SHRUBS**, 12 miscellaneous sorts, 4/- and 6/-
 " 54.—**EVERGREEN** and **DECIDUOUS SHRUBS**, 100 miscellaneous sorts, 50/-, 75/- and 100/-



Photo]

NATIVE LARCH (*Larix Europea*)

[Clibrans

Many millions of this well-known tree are growing in our Nurseries.

HEDGE and COVERT PLANTS.

Special Note.

Our *Foresters' and Planters' Guide*, a note of which appears on pages 35 and 36, contains, in addition to full detailed information concerning Forest Trees, a comprehensive list of all plants suitable for Hedge and Game Covert Planting. This will be found of the utmost value to all who have to deal with this class of work. We have in stock millions of plants in various sizes, of all subjects used for Hedge and Covert Planting, splendidly rooted, hardily grown, and in the best of health. For large quantities we shall be pleased to quote special prices, or give estimates for supplying plants and carrying out planting of same in any part of the country. We cordially invite inspection of our stocks by all interested.

Copies of the above are forwarded gratis and post free on application.



Photo]

SEEDLING THORNS IN OUR NURSERIES.

The beds of Seedling Thorns shown on this page give some idea of the immense stocks of this popular hedge plant that are cultivated in our Nurseries. Transplanted they cover several acres of land.

[Clibrans

LEADING LINES IN HEDGE PLANTS.

BEECH, COMMON (*Fagus sylvatica*).

Extra transplanted and selected for early effect.										Per 100
2½ to 3 feet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15/-
3 to 3½ feet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20/-
3½ to 4 feet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25/-
4 to 5 feet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7/6 per doz.	50/-
5 to 6 feet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12/- per doz.	70/- to 90/-

LIGUSTRUM OVALIFOLIUM (*Oval-leaved Privet*)LIGUSTRUM OVALIFOLIUM FOLIIS AUREIS (*Golden-leaved Privet*)MYROBELLA (*Cherry Plum*).

Unsurpassed as a quick-growing hedge plant.										Per 100	Per 1000	
1 year seedlings	2/6	...	15/-
1½ to 2 feet, transplanted	3/-	...	25/-
2 to 3 feet,	4/-	...	30/-
3 to 4 feet,	5/-	...	40/-
Selected extra strong for gapping	10/-	...	—

THORN, QUICK (*Crataegus oxyacantha*).

These are all stout plants with good roots, not thin and drawn up by close planting.

Per 1000										Per 1000
1 year seedlings, extra fine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 5/-
2 year seedlings	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7/6
1 to 1½ feet, transplanted	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15/-
1½ to 2 feet,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25/-
2 to 3 feet,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30/- to 35/-
3 to 4 feet,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40/- to 45/-
Extra strong,	...	selected for gaps	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60/- to 75/-

Extra Strong and Stout for Gapping.

We hold an immense stock of extra stout, well-rooted gapping Thorns, 7/6 and 10/- per 100.

For full list of Hedge and Covert Plants see our Special List, gratis and post free.



AMERICAN PLANTS.

This fine and ornamental class is remarkable for freeness in blooming and almost general suitability for forcing. No garden should be without a supply of them, as not only do they look green and gay during the winter, but when in bloom decorate the borders with showy brilliant flowers, or when forced, supply a variety of colour which enhances their value for conservatory decoration. Rhododendrons and Azaleas are amongst the very best of shrubs for smoky districts.

AZALEA. Excellent for forcing or for outdoor planting.

mollis, in fine shades of orange, flesh, pink, rose, salmon, &c. Selected plants well set with buds. 15/-, 18/-, 24/- and 30/- per doz. Plants for garden planting, 6/- and 9/- per doz. Extra sized plants, with large number of buds, 2/6 and 3/6 each, 24/- to 36/- per doz.

— **Standards**, on short stems, 5/- and 6/- each.

— **X sinensis**. A magnificent class, as hardy as *Azalea mollis*, the flowers are larger, of greater substance, and more brilliantly coloured. Plants set with buds. 2/-, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

— **Anthony Koster**, bright golden-yellow, the largest flower and the finest variety yet raised; a grand acquisition; 2/6 to 3/6 each.

rustica flore pleno (named varieties). A lovely section, flowers double, of fine shape colours from pure white to bright red. The plants are of vigorous growth and force easily. Some are deliciously scented. Plants sent with buds. 2/6 to 3/6 each.

occidentalis. The flowers of this species are white, sometimes tinged with rose, and having a pale yellow band on the upper lobe. This species coming from Western America, blooms later than other *Azaleas*, thus prolonging the flowering season to a considerable degree; 1 to 1½ feet, 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.; 1½ to 2 feet, 2/- and 2/6 each, 21/- and 24/- per doz.

— **Duchess of Devonshire**, flowers large, pinkish-white, with a pink stripe down the centre of each petal, rich orange blotch; very free-flowering; 1/6 to 2/6 each.

— **Duchess of Portland**, pale rose with a darker shade up the centre of each petal; upper petals very large with an enormous orange blotch; a grand acquisition; 2/6 to 3/6 each.

pontica, orange-yellow, fragrant flowers, freely produced strong plants, well set with buds; 1 to 1½ feet, 9d. each, 6/- per doz., 30/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 1/- each, 9/- per doz., 50/- per 100. Extra large plants, 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

Ghent varieties, lovely shades of orange, flesh, pink, white, red and yellow.

— **Named sorts**, without buds. 1/- each, 9/- to 15/- per doz.; well set for forcing, &c., 2/- to 3/6 each.

— **Daviesii**, pale sulphur, changing to white, truss large, deliciously scented, excellent for forcing, 2/- and 2/6 each.

— **Double Flowered Varieties**, to name, well set with buds, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

AMMYSINE, see *Leiophyllum*.

ANDROMEDA (*The Lily of the Valley Shrub*). This pretty name has been bestowed upon the *Andromeda* family on account of the blooms resembling the *Lily of the Valley*.

- 9 **floribunda**, pure white, bell-shaped flowers, freely produced. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each, 9/-, 15/- to 25/- per doz.; plants well set with buds for forcing, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 11 **japonica**, evergreen, quite hardy, white flowers. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 14 **polifolia**, dainty, bluish-white, pendulous, bell-shaped flowers, sometimes tipped red. 9d. and 1/- each.
- 15 — **angustifolia (rosmarini/olia)**, similar to the preceding, but with narrower foliage, pinkish white flowers. 1/- and 1/6 each. See also *Cassandra*, *Cassiope*, *Leucothoe*, *Pieris* and *Zenobia*.

BRYANTHUS EMPETRIFORMIS, see *Menziesia*.

CASSANDRA (*Andromeda*).

- 5 **calyculata nana**, a dainty little evergreen with snowy-white, pretty, bell-shaped blossoms; likes peat. 1/- to 1/6 each.

CASSIOPE (*Andromeda*).

- 17 **tetragona**, white bells, quadrangular stems, dwarf habit. 1/- and 1/6 each.

CLETHRA

- 30 **ainifolia**, a hardy ornamental bush, 3 to 5 feet high, white, very fragrant flowers in graceful leathery spikes, blooms late, and is in its prime when most shrubs have shed their flowers. Excellent for moist, low-lying localities. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 6/-, 9/- to 15/- per doz.

AMERICAN PLANTS—*continued.*DABOECIA, *see* Menziesia.

DIRCA

- 40 **palustris** (*Leather wood*), flowers yellow, produced in spring before the foliage appears; the bark and wood are peculiarly tough. 1/6 and 2/- each.

EPIGAEA

- 49 **repens** (*Ground Laurel*), a dainty creeping evergreen; flowers white, tinged red, rich spicy fragrance. Thrives in sandy peat in shaded position. 2/- and 2/6 each.

ERICAS, *see* Heaths, page 85.

GAULTHERIA

- 50 **acutifolia**, somewhat resembling *G. Shallon*, but with more pointed foliage and rather dwarfer and closer habit of growth. A pretty little shrub. 6d. and 9d. each, 4/6 to 6/- per doz.
- 51 **procumbens** (*Partridge Berry*), creeping evergreen, white flowers, succeeded by scarlet berries; leaves changing in autumn to a bright red tint. In pots, 9d. and 1/- each.
- 52 **Shallon**, a vigorous shrub with large distinct leaves and purple berries; excellent for game; succeeds well under the drip of trees. 6d. and 9d. each, 4/6 to 6/- per doz.

HEATHS, HARDY, *see* page 85.

ITEA

- 54 **virginica**, a pretty shrub, flowers white in terminal racemes. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

KALMIA

- 55 **glaucia**, early-flowering and very free. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each; with buds for forcing, 1/6 to 2/- each.
- 56 **angustifolia**, rich rosy-pink flowers, abundantly produced; about 1½ feet high. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 59 —— **rubra**, free, red-flowering variety. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 57 **latifolia**, the finest of all, without buds; good plants. 9d. to 1/6 each; with buds for forcing, 2/- and 2/6 each. Kalmias are beautiful flowering evergreens, well suited for planting among Rhododendrons. They will not thrive in chalky, limestone, or strong clay soils.

LEDUM

- 64 **latifolium** (*Labrador Tea*), a dense, compact, small-leaved shrub, 2½ feet high, covered in May and June with handsome clusters of pure white flowers. Likes plenty of sun. 9d. to 1/6 each.
- 65 **palustre**, a small-leaved species, dwarf and spreading. 9d. to 1/6 each.
- thymæfollum**, *see* *Leiophyllum*.

LEIOPHYLLUM

- 66 **buxifolium** (*Sand Myrtle*), a neat and extremely pretty Heath, about 6 in. high, with evergreen leaves like Box, and dense clusters of small white flowers delicately tipped with pink. 1/- to 1/6 each.

LEUCOTHOE (*Andromeda*)

- 20 **angustata**, snowy-white, *Lily-of-the-Valley*-like bells. 6d. to 1/- each, 4/6 to 9/- per doz.
- 1 **axillaris**, waxy-white blooms. 6d. to 1/- each.
- 3 **Catesbeii**, white flowers, chestnut-like scent. 1/- to 1/6 each.

LYONIA

- 16 **racemosa**, a bushy evergreen *Andromeda*, with abundant small fragrant white flowers; dainty and attractive. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

MENZIESIA

- 86 **polifolia** (*Conemara Heath*), a graceful bushy heath-like plant, about 1½ feet high, with erect one-sided spikes of lovely drooping crimson-purple flowers of globular form. 9d. each.
- 87 —— **alba**, a white form of the above. 9d. and 1/- each.
- 85 —— **bicolor**, produces white and purple flowers. 9d. and 1/- each.
- 88 **empetrichiformis**, rose-coloured flowers. 9d. and 1/- each.

MYRICA

- 90 **gale** (*Sweet Gale*), a dwarf, fragrant, hardy, deciduous shrub, producing brownish-green inconspicuous flowers. 1/- to 1/6 each.

AMERICAN PLANTS—continued.

OXDENDRON

- 92 **arboreum**, one of the loveliest of American peat-loving plants, producing pure white bell-shaped flowers; the foliage is of rich dark green assuming rich tints in the autumn. 1/- and 1/6 each.

PERNETTYA

- 100 **mucronata**, a free-flowering, beautiful little hardy evergreen, with abundant dull purple berries as large as wild cherries; looks specially attractive in winter; requires abundance of peat or leaf mould. 9d. and 1/- each., 6/- and 9/- per doz.
— **seedlings**, their various coloured berries are very ornamental, and make an attractive display. 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 to 15/- per doz.



Photo]

PERNETTYA MUCRONATA ALBA.
A charming white-berried form.

[Clibrans

PIERIS (*Andromeda*).

- 24 **mariana**, a deciduous ornamental shrub, producing clusters of large white flowers from the axil of the leaves. 1/- and 1/6 each.

RHODORA

- 107 **canadensis**, 2 to 4 feet, a moisture-loving shrub, with clusters of rosy-purple flowers before the leaves expand. 9d. and 1/- each.

VACCINIUM

- 132 **Vitis Idaea** (*Cowberry or Flowering Box*), dwarf, peat-loving evergreen, with bright scarlet berries; forms a pretty little bush. 9d. and 1/- each.

ZENOBIA (*Andromeda*).

- 2 **speciosa** (*cassinifolia*), about 3 feet high, pure white, drooping, bell-shaped flowers, resembling *Lily of the Valley* 1/- to 1/6 each.

- 6 — **pulverulenta** (*dealbata*), similar to the above, with the exception of the leaves being more densely covered with white powdery substance. 1/- to 1/6 each.

SPECIAL OFFER—

Twelve distinct plants, our selection, for American beds, for 6/-, 9/- or 12/-
One hundred fine American plants, in variety, our selection, for 40/-; larger, 50/-

HARDY or OUTDOOR HEATHS.

(Ericas).

These beautiful little plants are particularly suitable for edging beds of Rhododendrons, Azaleas, &c., &c., and grow equally well on level ground as on rockeries. When once established they require very little attention. Though they are among the loveliest of hardy flowers, they have till lately suffered neglect. Now that their beauty and usefulness are beginning to be better understood, the demand for them is steadily increasing—a tardy but well-deserved tribute to their charming and general effectiveness.

Purchaser's Selection, 5/- to 9/- per doz. **Our Selection**, 4/- to 6/- per doz. 100 in variety, our selection, for 25/- and 30/-; extra strong, 40/- per 100.

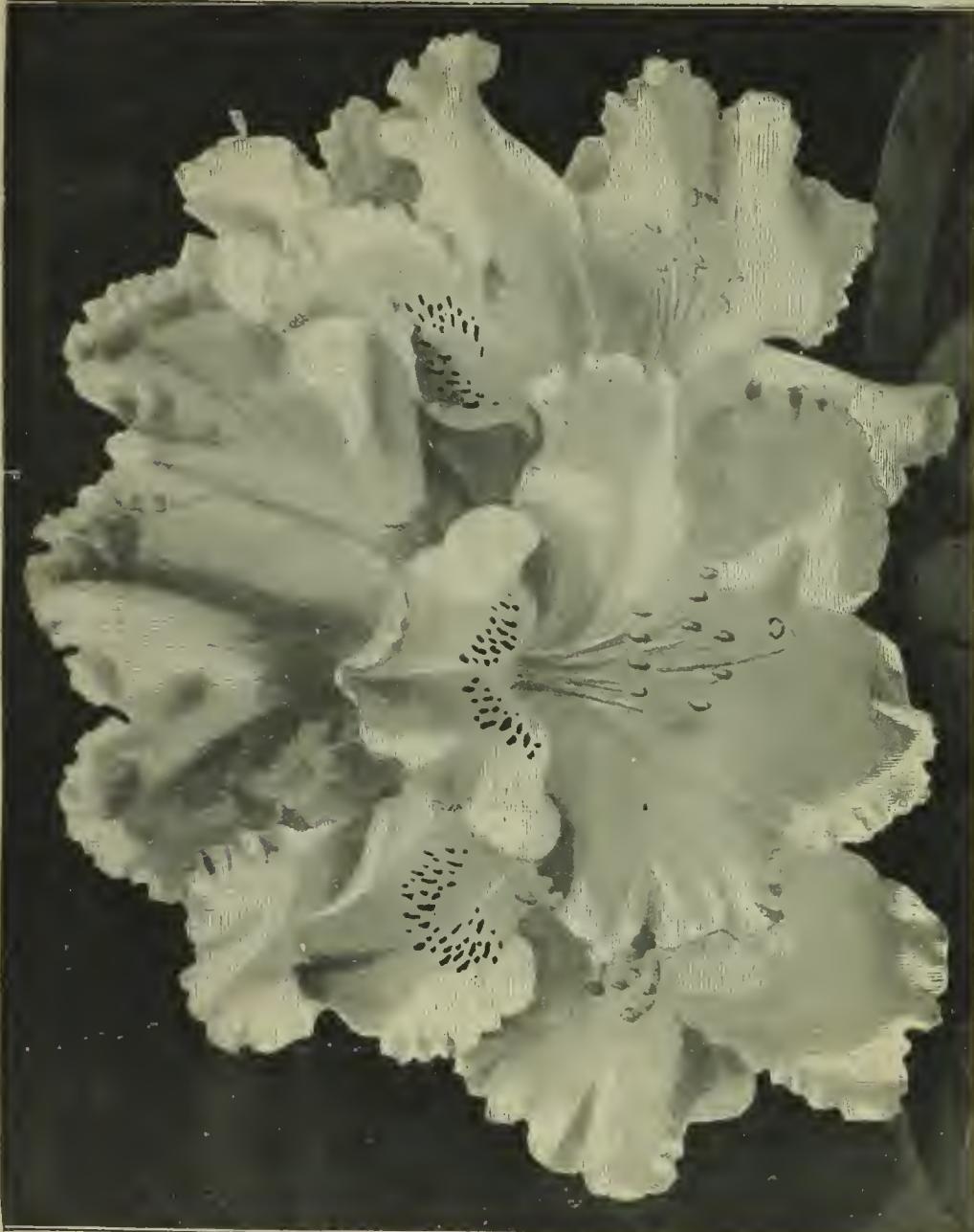
- 10 **Australis**, a woody-stemmed, tall-growing species, producing spikes of pale pink flowers, distinct and attractive. In pots, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
carnea, *see herbacea*.
- 16 **Cinerea alba**, showy spikes of clear waxy white flowers in summer and autumn.
- 17 —— **major**, a larger and more vigorous form than the type.
- 18 —— **minor**, white, dwarf.
- 21 —— **pallida**, pale blush.
- 31 **Herbacea** (*carnea*), abundant reddish flesh-coloured flowers in March and April; forms a lovely edging, as it can be easily clipped.
- 33 —— **alba**, white variety of above. 9d. each. 7/6 per doz.
- 60 **Mediterranea hybrida**, deep rosy-pink flowers, fine for bedding, early.
- 80 **Stricta**, rich purple spikes, autumn blooming.
- 87 **Tetralix alba**, cross-leaved, lovely clustered white flowers in July and August.
- 89 —— **mollis præcox**, white, early-flowering.
- 91 —— **Mackiana**, a rich coloured dwarf form.
- 94 **Vagans** (*multiflora*), rose-purple.
- 95 —— **alba**, white. 96 —— **rubra**, dark red. } Exceedingly showy in August and September; forms a good stout edging.
- 100 **Vulgaris alba** (*Hammondii*), a white form of the Heather of our moors.
- 105 —— —— **pilosa**, white, a pretty form.
- 107 —— —— **tenella**, a pretty slender-branched variety.
- 102 —— **Alportii**, crimson.
- 104 —— **aurea**, golden foliage; very pretty.
- **Hammondii**, white, a beautiful variety.
- 106 —— **pumila**, white; dwarf and compact.
- 109 —— **flore pleno**, silvery reddish-purple; double.
- 110 —— **argentea**, purple flower, silver foliage.
- 111 —— **cuprea**, bronzy-yellow foliage, purple flowers.
- 112 —— **hypnoides**, rosy-purple; dwarf.
- 120 —— **pygmæa**, purple; dwarf.
- 122 —— **rigida**, white.
- 124 —— **Searleii**, a very distinct and beautiful white.

TREES ESTABLISHED IN TUBS.

We have usually on hand several specimens of Oaks, Sycamores, Limes, Chestnut, Beech, Birch, etc., of various sizes, at prices ranging from 2/6 upwards, according to size. We have established these in tubs in such a way that they are suitable for planting out any time during the hot summer months, to form memorials of birthdays, weddings, festivals, or any event of importance or interest that it is desirable to celebrate.

Full particulars of sorts, sizes and prices on application.

RHODODENDRONS. CHOICE NAMED HYBRIDS.



RHODODENDRON "PINK PEARL."

The loveliest variety of its colour yet introduced.—See below.

578 "PINK PEARL," F.C.C., R.H.S. The most remarkable and finest variety of Rhododendron that has been introduced for many years. The flowers are of large size with broad, strong petals, carried in large trusses. The colour is a very beautiful flesh-tinted pink, of a shade that makes it absolutely unique amongst Rhododendrons. When first exhibited it created a great sensation amongst lovers of Rhododendrons. Since that time the high expectations then formed of its beauty and value have been more than realised. A variety so distinct in colour and in general appearance as "Pink Pearl" should be found in every garden where these lovely plants are grown. 5/-, 7/6, 10/6 to 15/- each.

RHODODENDRONS—continued.

Of all hardy, ornamental, evergreen shrubs, the Rhododendron is, without doubt, the most valuable and beautiful. The foliage at all times has a handsome appearance, whilst the trusses of flowers that now (thanks to the many hybrids we possess, covering the widest range of colours from purest white to deepest crimson), give the plants a gloriously beautiful appearance in early summer, not possessed by any other family of shrubs. For planting as specimens in clumps, in isolated beds or borders, also for forcing purposes under glass, they are at once unique and beautiful. Of hardy constitution and vigorous in growth, also the freedom with which they produce their blooms, they naturally adapt themselves to almost any position or situation. Few plants possess greater resistance to the ill-effects of smoke experienced in town gardens. Our collection of Rhododendrons represents the work of many years; we have endeavoured to include within it every variety that can be thoroughly recommended for all ordinary positions. During the blooming period the display of flowers in our nurseries is a beautiful feature and offers opportunities for comparison and selection that cannot be obtained otherwise. We invite inspection of our stock at all times, either when the plants are in or out of bloom.

CHOICE NEW VARIETIES.

- 54 **B. DE BRUIN**, a superb new variety, producing deep yet brilliant red flowers, resembling in some respects *Doncaster*, but a better grower than that variety. Strong plants, 12/6 and 15/- each.
- 177 **DR. CARL METTE**, light red, a pleasing and charming flower, of good size and shape; good grower, of excellent habit. Strong plants, 7/6 and 10/6 each.
- 257 **GAUNLETTI**, a superb new hybrid; the buds before expanding are a rich deep pink, flowers beautiful pale pink, changing to pure white; produced in large trusses 9 to 12 inches deep and 8 inches through; bold foliage, good grower, free bloomer; extra fine. Strong plants, 10/6, 12/6 and 15/- each.
- 278 **GERDA**, darkish red with a white centre, of good shape, produced in fine trusses; distinct and attractive. Strong plants, 7/6, 10/6 and 15/- each.
- 307 **HELEN PAUL**, pale rose, suffused yellow, a large flower of distinct and beautiful appearance; vigorous and hardy. Strong plants, 10/6, 12/6 and 15/- each.
- 496 **MISS JESSIE CLIBRAN**, purest white, a lovely flower, in large conical trusses; a distinct and remarkably fine variety; highly recommended. 5/- and 7/6 each.
- 750 **MR. FRANK TAYLOR**, a beautiful blush, with a clear and distinct Pieotee edge of bright cerise; reflex of flowers having a pleasing silvery appearance. The trusses of bloom are very large and of good form, freely produced, the individual flowers being large and of good substance. A good grower and a free bloomer. Price, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 755 **MR. ALFRED HALEY**, centre white, edges of petals beautifully frilled and margined with bright rosy crimson. The individual flowers are large, and before opening are of a bright crimson, and form a pleasing contrast to the more fully expanded flowers with their white centres; of excellent constitution and growth, and a profuse bloomer. Price, 3/6 to 5/- each.
- 578 **PINK PEARL**, *see opposite page.*
- 671 **STANLEY DAVIES**, rich deep crimson, a lovely colour, flowers of good size, produced in close compact trusses, good habit and free bloomer. A superb variety in every way. Strong plants, 3/6, 5/- and 7/6 each.
- 676 **STRATEGIST**, clear pink flowers in magnificent trusses; a very fine early-blooming variety, vigorous grower and free bloomer. Strong plants, 3/6 and 5/- each.
- 710 **WHITE PEARL**, A.M. R.H.S., A striking new variety of great beauty, the buds before expanding are a deep pink; flowers faintly tinged with palest pink, this quickly passes and leaves the fine shapely blooms purest white; trusses large and of good shape, foliage rich deep green; highly recommended for forcing and general purposes. Strong plants, 15/-, 20/-, 25/- and 42/- each.

RHODODENDRONS—continued.

General Collection.

Collections, including the best Scarlet, White, Pink, and Crimson Varieties, **our selection, without buds**, £6. 6s. £7. 10s. to £10 per 100, 18/- to 24/- per doz. **Collections**, including the best Scarlet, White, Pink, and Crimson Varieties, **our selection, with buds**, £11 to £15 per 100, 30/- to 42/- per doz., 2/6 to 3/6 each.

Purchaser's selection of those not priced, 2/6 each, 25/- and 30/- per doz.

STANDARD RHODODENDRONS.—Single specimens of these on lawns, &c., are very beautiful. We can supply a few of the hardiest and best named sorts, with good heads, 10/6, 15/-, 21/-, 25/- and 30/- each.

Those varieties to which an asterisk (*) is prefixed are specially recommended. Marked (E) are early; (M) mid-season; (L) late flowering varieties.

- 7 **Alarm** (L), white centre, edged with scarlet.
- 19 **Alexander Adie** (L), bright rosy scarlet, close handsome truss.
- 25 **Angelo Bronzino** (M), rich pink, ochre yellow eye.
- 28 ***Ascot Brilliant** (E), deep blood red, fine shape and large trusses.
- 33 **atrosanguineum** (M), deep blood red.
- 39 **Austin Layard** (M), rosy crimson, dark spot, handsome compact truss.
Bai Waterer, see *Kate Alice Waterer*.
- 42 **Barclayana** (L), clear rosy crimson, fine form, grand truss.
- 54 **B. De Bruin**, see New Varieties.
- 45 **Baroness Henry Schroder** (L), white centre, border bright scarlet. 3/6
- 47 ***Baroness Lionel de Rothschild** (M), pale crimson centre, intense scarlet crimson margin, handsome truss, remains long in bloom.
- 50 ***Baron Schroder** (M), plum colour, yellowish centre, most distinct.
- 52 ***Beauty of Ormskirk** (L), blush white, with dark feather-like blotch, most beautiful conc-shaped truss; very handsome, one of the finest in cultivation.
- 53 **Blandyanum** (M), beautiful rosy crimson, fine form, good foliage, and profuse bloomer.
- 59 **Boule de Feu** (M), fiery scarlet, fine truss, beautiful foliage.
- 66 **Brayananum** (M), crimson scarlet, rose centre; effective.
- 68 ***British Queen** (E), blush white, compact truss.
- 69 **Broughtoni** (E), rosy crimson, immense truss of bloom, very fine foliage.
- 72 ***Bruce Findlay** (M), rose, with large black blotch, fine foliage.
- 75 **Bertram Wodehouse Currie** (L), bright crimson, light centre.
- 77 ***B. W. Elliott**, clear rose, with dark spots, a choice flower produced in large trusses.
- 78 **Bylsianum** (M), white, edged bright crimson.
- 84 ***Canon Furse**, rose, with dark eye, a variety of great beauty, distinct, striking and effective.
- 79 **Cæsarwicli**, rose, shaded lilac, dense ochre blotch.
- 87 **Carminata** (M), bright carmine, large conical truss.
- 88 **Caractacus** (M), purplish crimson, handsome truss, good habit.
- 89 **Catawbense album** (E), fine white, extra large truss, old, but good.
- 94 **caucasicum pictum** (E), rosy pink, fine for forcing. For price per 100 see page 91.
- 108 ***Charles Kingsley** (M), bright rose, very large trusses, extra fine.
- 109 ***Charlie Waterer** (M), bright crimson, light markings.
- 111 **Chevalier Felix de Sauvage**, a fine red form of *P. C. de Rohan*, with dark spots.
- 112 **Commander-in-Chief** (E), scarlet rather than *Nobleanum*.
- 113 **Commodore**, deep rosy crimson, fine truss, and very free flowering.
- 114 ***Comte de Gomer**, deep rosy crimson, a lovely flower of fine form, produced in good trusses. 3/6
- 118 **concessum** (L), one of the best rose-coloured kinds, light centre.
- 121 **congestum roseum** (M), light rose, dark spots.
- 125 **coriaceum** (L), pure white.
- 129 ***Countess of Clancarty** (L), light rosy crimson, nicely marked, large bold trusses.
- 135 **Countess of Normanton** (M), pale rose, almost white, very dark blotch.
- 138 **Crimson King** (L), rosy crimson, immense trusses.
- 146 **Crusader** (M), clear rosy scarlet.
- 148 **Cunningham's album compactum** (E), white, compact growth, suitable for forcing.
- 151 **Cunningham's blandum** (E), flesh colour, changing to white, suitable for forcing.
- 153 **Cunningham's Blush** (E), flesh white, compact habit.
- 157 **Cunningham's Purity** (E), pure white when forced. For price per doz. and 100, see page 91.
- 161 **Cunningham's White** (E), white, tinged pink, splendid for forcing. For price per doz. and 100, see page 91.
- 165 ***Cynthia** (M), extra large trusses of fine rosy crimson, foliage and habit unusually handsome.

RHODODENDRONS—continued.

- 175 **Dictator** (M), dark crimson maroon, blotch, close handsome truss.
- 176 ***Doncaster**, intense scarlet, fine trusses; a superb variety. 3/6 and 5/-
- 177 **Dr. Carl Mette**, see New varieties, page 87
- 185 **Duchess of Bedford** (M), crimson, light centre, splendid truss.
- 187 **Duchess of Cambridge** (M), white, yellow spots.
- 189 ***Duchess of Connaught** (M), one of the finest white varieties, extra large trusses, beautiful lemon blotches, handsome and attractive.
- 193 **Duchess of Edinburgh** (M), crimson, light centre, conical truss.
- 195 **Duchess of Sutherland** (M), blush white, broad, rosy crimson margin; very beautiful.
- 196 **Duke of Albany** (M), rosy crimson, chocolate spots.
- 204 ***Duke of Portland** (M), bright scarlet, the highest-coloured variety yet raised.
- 206 ***Earl of Denbigh** (M), dark crimson, intense shade.
- 208 ***Earl of Shannon** (M), rich crimson, compact truss, fine form.
- 213 **Eclipse** (L), deep maroon crimson.
- 218 **Empress** (L), blush white, large chocolate blotch; extra.
- 231 **Everestianum** (M), rosy lilac, fringed, abundant bloomer.
- 235 **Exquisite** (L), opening pinkish white, changing to white, blotched with buff spots.
- 238 **fastuosum fl. pl.** (M), semi-double flowers with immense trusses.
- 240 **Firefly** (M), glowing rosy-scarlet, very bright.
- 242 **Flery Cross** (M), vivid scarlet, fine foliage, good habit.
- 243 ***Flag of Truce** (L), pure white, compact conical truss thrown well above the foliage; hardy constitution; extra fine.
- 245 **Fleur de Marie** (M), white centre, margined bright carmine.
- 248 **Francis Dickson** (L), brilliant scarlet.
- 249 **Francis B. Hayes**, white, heavily blotched maroon, very distinct.
- 254 ***Frederick Waterer** (M), intense fiery crimson, large bloom, fine compact trusses, beautiful foliage.
- 257 **Gauntletti**, see New Varieties, page 87.
- 263 ***General Graham** (M), glowing rosy scarlet, extra fine.
- 270 ***George Cunningham** (E), a charming variety, lovely white, heavily blotched maroon, handsome compact trusses.
- 273 ***George Hardy** (M), probably the largest white-flowered variety, the individual blooms being of immense size.
- 278 **Gerda**, see New Varieties, page 87.
- 251 ***Gomer Waterer**, white, slightly shaded blush, a charming flower, produced in enormous trusses. 3/6
- 290 **Grand Arab** (syn. *Vesuvius*) (M), brilliant crimson.
- 299 **Guercino** (L), rosy crimson, prettily marked.
- 307 **Helen Paul**, see New Varieties, page 87.
- 314 ***Helene Schliifner** (M), pure white, without stain or marking, pure white filaments, globular form, of immense size and good substance. Very free compact bushy habit, deep green foliage.
- 315 ***Helene Waterer** (M), pure white, margined brightest crimson, one of the most striking and beautiful.
- 318 **Hendersoni** (M), dark purplish claret.
- 330 **H. W. Sargent** (M), crimson, fine truss.
- 303 **Ignescens**, bright scarlet, fine truss, superb.
- 336 ***Isaac Davies** (M), deep velvety crimson, large conical truss, extra fine.
- 339 **Jacksonii** (E), light crimson, good for forcing.
- 342 ***James Mason** (M), light centre, bright scarlet edging, fine truss.
- 344 ***James Marshall Brooks** (M), beautiful variety, handsome trusses of rich scarlet, bronze eye.
- 348 **Jenny Lind** (E), bright rose, fine early forcing variety.
- 351 ***John Henry Agnew** (M), a grand flower, immense truss, delicate pale blush, large chocolate blotch.
- 354 ***John MacIure** (M), bright scarlet, black spots.
- 357 ***John Ruskin** (M), rose, large conical trusses, fine foliage.
- 360 ***John Walter** (M), rich crimson, colour and form being uncommonly beautiful, grand habit.
- 363 **John Waterer** (M), intense glowing carmine, large, fine form.
- 366 ***Joseph Whitworth** (L), uncommon colour, dark purple lake, dark spots, very large blooms, beautiful foliage.
- 373 ***Kate Alice Waterer** (*Bai Waterer*) (L), one of the most beautiful of the scarlet-edged section.
- 376 ***Kate Waterer** (M), undoubtedly one of the most distinct and striking, rosy crimson, with a large yellow blotch.
- 377 **Kepler** (M), bright rosy scarlet.
- 379 ***La Brillante** (E), deep glowing crimson, very showy and attractive. 3/6
- 378 **Lady Annette de Trafford** (M), pale rose, dense maroon blotch.
- 384 **Lady Augusta M. Noel** (M), rose, brown marking.
- 389 **Lady Clementina Walsh**, light blush, edged pink, very fine. 3/6
- 399 ***Lady Eleanor Cathcart** (M), bright clear rose, chocolate spots, fine truss, and showy.
- 402 ***Lady Falmouth** (L), another beautiful showy kind, clear rose, intense black blotch.
- 405 **Lady Frances Crossley**, salmon-red, beautiful and distinct. 3/6
- 408 **Lady Godiva** (L), opening pinky white, changing to pure white, with yellow spots.

RHODODENDRONS—continued.

- 410 ***Lady Hillingdon** (M), pearly white, a very fine flower produced in good trusses. 3/6
- 421 **Lady Tankerville** (L), rosy pink, light centre.
- 422 **Lady Winifred Herbert** (M), bright rosy crimson, lighter centre, fringed petals, fine form.
- 424 ***Lancashire Witch** (R), white, maroon blotch, large flower and truss, very showy.
- 431 ***Loquendium** (M), white ground, scarlet edge, worthy of a place in every collection.
- 434 **Longmanii** (M), rosy crimson.
- 440 ***Lord Eversley** (M), intense dark scarlet crimson, black spots.
- 447 **Lord Tennyson** (M), purplish crimson, dark blotch, fine pip and truss.
- 450 ***Lord Wolseley** (M), brilliant scarlet, grand truss; extra fine.
- 462 **Madame Mioian Carvalho** (M), blush, changing to white, greenish spots.
- 470 **Madame Wagner** (E), blush white, margined rose.
- 474 **Manglesii**, pure white, with reddish brown spots. 3/6
- 476 **Marchioness of Lansdowne**, pale rose, blotched chocolate.
- 480 **Martin Hope Sutton** (M), scarlet richly marked, the individual flowers as well as the truss being very large.
- 484 ***Michael Waterer** (M), one of the best, brightest scarlet crimson, extra fine form and habit.
- 487 **Minnie** (M), blush, large blotch of orange spots.
- 490 **Miss Davies** (M), blush white, intense maroon blotch, conical truss, fine habit.
- 493 **Miss Edith Boscawen** (M), pure white, very dark blotch, dwarf.
- 497 **Model** (M), deep purplish rose, immense trusses, very free blooming. 3/6
- 499 ***Monsieur Thiers** (M), bright rosy scarlet, large, dense trusses.
- 755 **Mr. Alfred Haley**, see New Varieties, page 87.
- 750 **Mr. Frank Taylor**, see New Varieties, page 87.
- 500 **Mrs. Arthur Waterer** (M), pale rose, edged deeper.
- 503 **Mrs. Charles Leaf** (M), rose, light centre.
- 510 ***Mrs. Isaac Davies** (M). We strongly recommend this; white or delicate blush, half the flower heavily blotched with dark maroon, shading off to claret. 3/6
- 513 ***Mrs. John Clutton** (M), one of the finest whites in cultivation, clear white with yellow spots.
- 516 **Mrs. John Kelk** (L), fine clear rose, distinct.
- 519 ***Mrs. John Penn** (M), salmon pink with clear bright lake edging.
- 523 ***Mrs. John Waterer** (M), clear rosy crimson, fine trusses.
- 524 **Mrs. Mendell** (L), pink, each petal rayed with white, yellow centre; very distinct.
- 525 **Mrs. R. S. Holford** (M), salmon crimson, unusual colour.
- 528 **Mrs. Russell Sturgis** (L), pure white, chocolate spots, very fine.
- 530 **Mrs. Thomas Longman** (M), rosy crimson, fine truss.
- 532 **Mrs. Tom Agnew** (M), pure white, lemon yellow blotch, extra fine.
- 533 ***Mrs. Tritton** (L), rosy crimson, white centre, brown blotch, flowers extra large; superb variety.
- 535 **Mrs. William Agnew** (M), pale rose, brighter at the edges, yellow centre.
- 542 ***Napoleon**, scarlet, bright and attractive, an excellent variety in every respect. 3/6
- 550 **Nobleanum** (E), crimson, flowers very early.
- 546 ***Nymph**, white with reddish spots, distinct and handsome; fine variety. 3/6
- 552 **ochroleuca** (M), creamy white, dwarf.
- 554 ***Oliver Cromwell**, rich glowing crimson; a fine flower, striking and effective.
- 568 **Pelopidas** (M), very fine crimson, dark markings, large truss.
- 578 **Pink Pearl**, see New Varieties, page 86.
- 587 **Prince Camille de Rohan** (E), light pink, crimson spots.
- 590 **Prince Leopold** (M), dark maroon crimson, fine.
- 593 **Princess Louise** (L), pale crimson with white centre.
- 595 **Princess Mary of Cambridge** (M), deep rose, white centre, very attractive.
- 598 **Princess of Wales** (M), pale rose, bright edges.
- 599 **Princess William of Wurtemberg**, milk white, tinted rose pink, heavily spotted.
- 601 **Purity** (M), white, yellow eye, very distinct.
- 617 ***Richard Cobden** (M), dark claret, very fine and distinct.
- 625 ***Rousseau**, deep crimson, very rich; a fine flower produced in good trusses. 3/6
- 629 **Sappho** (M), white, spotted maroon.
- 635 **Sigismud Rucker** (M), magenta, heavily blotched maroon.
- 637 ***Sir Henry Havelock** (M), white anthers, a fine variety, bushy habit, handsome foliage, extremely hardy and free, rosy scarlet.
- 641 **Sir Henry Mildmay** (L), very bright, rosy crimson.
- 649 ***Sir Humphrey de Trafford** (M), a free blooming variety, bright rose, yellow centre.
- 653 **Sir James Clark** (L), dark crimson, shaded purple.
- 659 **Sir Thomas Sebright** (L), rich plum colour, with distinct bronze blotch.
- 671 **Stanley Davies**, see New Varieties, page 87.
- 676 **Strategist**, see New Varieties, page 87.
- 679 ***Sunrise** (E), glowing crimson scarlet, free bloomer and hardy, very early.
- 681 **Sun of Austerlitz** (E), fine scarlet.

RHODODENDRONS—continued.

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| 680 * Surprise , light rose, very pretty, a fine flower produced in good trusses. 3/6 | 708 * Warrior (L), fine striking variety, rosy crimson, large trusses. |
| 682 Tamerlane (M), crimson, shaded violet. | 710 White Pearl , see New Varieties, page 87. |
| 685 The Bride (M), pure white, faint green spots on upper petals, dwarf and free. | 712 * William Austin (M), light crimson, fine truss, profuse bloomer. |
| 687 The Queen (M), pinkish white, yellow blotch, close compact truss. | 715 * William Cowper (L), dazzling scarlet, extra fine. |
| 699 Vandyke (M), bright crimson, fine truss free. | 717 * William Davies (L), rich crimson, dark spot, extra fine. |
| 701 Venus (E), blush white, fine for forcing, and very early. | 719 William Ewart Gladstone (L), deep rose, immense truss. |
| 703 Viscomte Forceville (M), fine dark crimson. | 731 * Wordsworth (L), bright rosy crimson, compact trusses of very large fringed flowers. 3/6 |
| 704 Viscount Powerscourt , red, richly spotted, effective and free. 3/6 | |

SPECIAL NOTE.—When ordering Rhododendrons for forcing, we should be glad if customers would kindly state whether they are required for early or late blooming. If the former, only **White** or **Light Pink** varieties can be recommended; for later forcing a full range of colours may be had.

Special Offer of Named Rhododendrons.

The undernoted named Rhododendrons are grown in large quantities for estate planting, forcing, &c. :—

Cunningham's Blush, 1 to 1½ feet, 30/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 45/- per 100.

Cunningham's Purity, 1 to 1½ feet, 60/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 85/- per 100; 2 to 2½ feet, 18/- to 24/- per doz.

Cunningham's White, 1 to 1½ feet, 60/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 85/- per 100; 2 to 2½ feet, extra bushy, 2/- to 2/6 each, 18/- to 24/- per doz.

Caucasicum pictum, 1 to 1½ feet, 65/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 90/- per 100; extra specially selected plants well set with buds for forcing, 21/-, 25/- and 30/- per doz.

Rhododendron Ponticum.

All fine bushy plants, 6 to 9 inches, 12/6 per 100; 9 to 12 inches, 2/6 per doz., 15/- per 100; 1 to 1½ feet, 4/6 per doz., 27/6 per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 7/- per doz., 45/- per 100.

We can also supply fine bushy plants of **Rhododendron ponticum**, 2 to 2½ feet high, and the same through, at 2/- and 2/6 each, 18/- to 24/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, extra bushy, perfect specimens, 3/6 to 4/6 each, 36/- to 48/- per doz.; 3 to 3½ feet, extra bushy, perfect specimens, 5/- to 6/- each; larger plants, 7/6, 10/6, 12/6 and 15/- each.

Rhododendrons—Choice Hybrid Seedlings.

Extra Extra Choice Hybrid Seedlings, a very fine selection of colours. 1 to 1½ feet, 18/- per doz., 120/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 24/- per doz., 160/- per 100.

Choice Hybrid Seedlings, of superior quality, from the finest scarlet, white, and other superb named sorts; strong bushy plants. 1 to 1½ feet, 8/- per doz., 50/- per 100; 1½ to 2 feet, 10/- per doz., 70/- per 100; 2 to 2½ feet, 2/6 each, 24/- per doz.; 2½ to 3 feet, extra good quality, and bushy plants, 3/6 to 5/- each, 36/- to 55/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, extra good quality, 6/- to 7/6 each, 65/- to 80/- per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, bushy, 10/6, 12/6 to 15/- each.

Rhododendrons—Dwarf Alpine Species.

The following are of a dwarf, compact habit, and well adapted for the decoration of rock-work, edging of Rhododendron beds and borders. They bloom profusely even in a young state. Some of the species are highly scented.

- 112 **ferrugineum** ("The Rose of the Alps"), terminal clusters of rosy red flowers, with yellow spots. 9d. each.
- 113 — **album**, a beautiful white flowered form of the preceding, 9d. and 1/- each.
- 115 **hirsutum** ("Hairy Alpine Rose"), pale red flowers; likes a limestone soil. 9d. each, 6/- per doz.
- 114 **hybridum** (syn. *arbutifolium*), pale rose. 6d., 9d. and 1/- each.
- 116 **myrtifolium**, purple. 6d., 9d. and 1/- each, 5/-, 7/6 and 9/- per doz.
- 117 **odoratum**, pale rose, fragrant. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 119 **præcox**, rose lilac, dwarf, very early. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 122 **Vaseyi** (*Azalea*), a most beautiful addition, flowers rosy pink, mottled at the base inside. It has deciduous leaves, unlike other Rhododendrons. 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 121 **Wilsoni**, rose-coloured flowers. 6d., 9d. to 1/6 each, 5/-, 6/-, to 12/- per doz.

Six, in 6 lovely and distinct sorts of these pretty dwarf Rhododendrons—our selection
—for 6/-; larger, 9/- or 12/-



Tinted Autumn Foliage.

We desire to draw special attention to the selection of Trees and Shrubs, named on this and the following pages. These selections are made for a precise object and should enable those of our clients not acquainted with the varieties, to order the best kinds for any specific purpose or situation from the whole range of cultivated Tree and Shrub life. In gardening practice there is a surprising need of original work and experiment, and too much of doing things in the common way. Probably this arises from, in many cases, want of close observation and lack of enthusiasm in our advisers; so much of the advice given being from what we have heard or read, and not from personal work and experiment. We hope these collections will, from that point of view, be of use to our clients; although we do not affirm every variety offered in, say the collections for autumn foliage will in all places and positions colour brilliantly, or that there will be no failures amongst the Trees and Shrubs for planting under Trees. Density of shade, dryness and sort of soil, purity of atmosphere, all affect the well-being greatly. Gardening necessarily is to a great extent experimental, and these lists give the best sorts to experiment with, for any particular purpose.

Note.—For full description of the various Trees and Shrubs on this and following page, refer to Index for number and page on which it appears.

TREES.

Purchaser's selection from this List: Dwarfs, 1/- and 1/6 each, 10/6 and 15/- per doz. Standards, 1/6, 2/- and 2/6 each, 15/-, 21/- and 24/- per doz.

<i>Acer campestre</i> (<i>Maple</i>)	<i>Acer platanoides</i> Schwerdler	Hornbeam
— <i>circinatum</i>	— <i>purpureum</i>	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>
— <i>colchicum rubrum</i>	— <i>(Reitenbachii)</i>	<i>Liriodendron</i> (<i>Tulip Tree</i>)
— <i>dasycarpum</i>	— <i>rubrum</i>	<i>Prunus Pissardii</i>
— <i>Ginnala</i>	— <i>saccharinum</i>	<i>Quercus alba</i>
— <i>macrophyllum</i>	<i>Amelanchier canadensis</i>	— <i>palustris</i>
— <i>platanoides</i>	<i>Birch, Silver</i>	<i>Rhus typhina</i>
— <i>laciniatum</i>	— <i>cut-leaved silver</i>	<i>Ulmus campestris</i> Whetleyii

Six, in 6 distinct and beautiful species, our selection, 5/-, 7/6, 10/6 or 15/-; 12, in 6 distinct and beautiful species, our selection, 9/-, 12/-, 15/-, 21/- or 30/-; 12, in 12 distinct and beautiful species, our selection, 9/-, 12/-, 18/-, 24/- or 30/-; 25, in 12 distinct and beautiful species, our selection, 17/6, 21/-, 30/-, 42/-, 50/- or 60/-

SHRUBS.

Purchaser's selection, 9d. and 1/- each.

<i>Azalea Pontica</i>	<i>Cotoncaster Simonsii</i>	<i>Pyrus arbutifolia</i>
<i>Berberis Thunbergii</i>	<i>Euonymus atropurpureus</i>	<i>erythrocarpa</i>
— <i>vulgaris</i>	— <i>europacus</i>	Rhns, in variety
<i>Cornus sibirica</i>	<i>Kolreuteria paniculata</i>	<i>Rubus crataegifolius</i>
— <i>variegata</i>	<i>Parrotia persica</i>	<i>Spiraea Thunbergii</i>
<i>Cotoneaster horizontalis</i>		Weigelas, in variety

Six, in 6 distinct species, our selection, 4/- and 6/6; 12, in 6 distinct species, our selection, 7/6 and 10/-; 25, in 12 distinct species, our selection, 12/-, 15/-, and 18/-

Trees and Shrubs.

Suitable for planting in close proximity to the sea.

<i>Arbutus</i>	<i>Euonymus</i> , Evergreen sorts	<i>Pinus Laricio</i>
<i>Ash, common</i>	<i>Fuchsias</i> , Hardy	— <i>insignis</i>
— <i>Mountain</i>	<i>Garrya elliptica</i>	<i>Pittosporum</i>
<i>Aucuba japonica</i>	<i>Gorse, Whin or Furze</i>	<i>Poplar, Abelc</i>
<i>Austrian pine</i>	<i>Griselinia</i>	— <i>Lombardy</i>
<i>Beech, common</i>	<i>Guilder Rose</i>	— <i>Ontario</i>
<i>Berberis Darwini</i>	<i>Holly, Hodgin's and others</i>	<i>Privet, Oval-leaved and</i>
<i>Biota orientalis</i> (<i>Chinese Arborvitae</i>).	<i>Hydrangea</i>	<i>Evergreen</i>
<i>Box, Tree</i>	<i>Laurel</i>	<i>Quercus Cerris</i> (<i>Turkey Oak</i>)
<i>Briar Sweet</i> ,	<i>Laurestinus</i>	<i>Raphiolepis japonica</i>
<i>Broom, White, Yellow, and Spanish</i>	<i>Lyccesteria</i>	<i>Rhamnus alaternus</i>
<i>Buddleia globosa</i>	<i>Lycium barbarum</i>	<i>Ribes</i> (<i>Flowering Currant</i>)
<i>Choisya ternata</i>	— <i>europaeum</i>	<i>Sca Buckthorn</i>
<i>Cotoneaster</i>	<i>Myrorella</i>	<i>Service Tree</i>
<i>Cupressus macrocarpa</i>	<i>Myrtle</i>	<i>Skimmia</i>
— <i>lutea</i>	<i>Norway Maple</i>	<i>Snowberry</i>
<i>Cydonia (Pyrus) japonica</i>	<i>Oak, Evergreen</i>	<i>Spiræas of sorts</i>
<i>Deutzias</i>	— <i>Turkey</i>	<i>Sweet Bay</i>
<i>Elder, common</i>	<i>Olearia Haastii</i>	<i>Sycamore</i>
<i>Elagnus</i>	<i>Osmanthus</i>	<i>Tamarix</i>
<i>Elm, Wych</i>	<i>Pernettya</i>	<i>Thorns</i>
<i>Escallonia</i>	<i>Pear, common</i>	<i>Veronicas</i>
	<i>Phillyrea</i>	<i>Willows of sorts</i>
	<i>Pinus austriaca</i>	

We shall be pleased to select 6 sorts for 3/6, 5/- and 7/6; 12 sorts for 6/-, 9/-, 12/- and 18/-; 25 sorts for 10/6, 15/-, 21/- and 25/-

Trees and Shrubs.

Suitable for planting in Smoky Districts and near Towns.

Acacia	Guilder Rose	Pyracantha
Almonds	Heaths (<i>Ericas</i>)	Rhododendron
Andromeda floribunda	Holly, Green and Silver	Ribes sanguinea
Apple	Ivy	Siberian Crabs
Ash, common	Jasminum	Skimmias
— Mountain	Kalmia latifolia	Snowberry
Aucuba japonica	Laburnum	Spiraea
Austrian Pine	Lilac	Sumach
Azaleas, of sorts	Limes	Syringas
Beech, common and purple	Lonicera involucrata	Sycamore
Berberis (<i>Mahonia</i>) aquifolia	Maple, Norway	Scotch Fir
Birch, common	Mespilus grandiflora	Service Tree
Box	Olearia Haastii	Snowball Tree
Broom, Yellow and White	Pinus austriaca	Thorns, Flowering, &c.
Chestnut, Scarlet	Pernettya	Tulip Tree
— Horse	Prunus	Vinca
Cotoneaster	Pear	Virginian Creeper
Crataegus Crus-galli prunifolia	Platanus or Plane	Walnut
Cydonia (<i>Pyrus</i>) japonica	Polygonum cuspidatum	Willow
Daphne Mezereum	Poplar, Abele and	Weigela rosea
Deutzia	Lombardy	Yew, English
Elder	Privet, Evergreen and Oval	— Irish
Elm	leaved	

We shall be pleased to select 6 sorts for 3/6, 5/- and 7/6; 12 sorts for 6/-, 9/-, 12/- and 18/-; 25 sorts for 10/6, 15/-, 21/- and 25/-

Shrubs.

Which thrive under the drip of Trees and in the Shade.

Aucuba japonica	Elder	Pernettya
Berberis Darwinii	English Yew	Portugal Laurel
— (<i>Mahonia</i>) aquifolia	Escallonia	Privet
Broom, White and Yellow	Euonymus	Rhododendron ponticum
Butcher's Broom	Gaultheria Shallon	Skimmia
Cotoneaster	Holly	Snowberry
Cornus sibirica	Ivies	St. John's Wort
— variegata	Laurel	Tree Box
Dutch Honeysuckle	Laurestinus	Vinca

We shall be pleased to select 6 sorts for 3/6, 5/- and 7/6; 12 sorts for 6/-, 9/-, 12/- and 18/-; 25 sorts for 10/6, 15/-, 21/- and 25/-

Trees with Ornamental and Coloured Foliage.

Acer	Amelanchier canadensis	Pyrus aria
— californicum aureum	Aralia chinensis	— vestita
— circinata	Betula alba laciniata	— aucuparia asplenifolia
— colchicum rubrum	— — — — — purpurea	— — — aurea
— dasycarpum	Cerasus avium miltplex	Quercus cerris argentea
— heterophyllum	— — — — — serrulata alba plena	variegata
— — — — — laciniatum	Fagus sylvatica asplenifolia	Quercus pedunculata
— — — — — pulverulentum	— — — — — purpurea	concordia
— — — — — Wciri laciniatum	— — — — — tricolor	Rhus glabra
Ginnala	Fraxinus americana folia	Robinia pseud-acacia
— platanoides laciniata	— — — — — aurca marginata	angustifolia
— — — — — purpureum	Fraxinus excelsior aucubae-folia	— — — — — aurea
— — — — — Schwedlerii	— — — — — Crippsii variegata	— — — — — Bessoniana
— pseudo-platanus alba	— — — — — marginata alba	— — — — — monophylla
— variegata	Gleditschia triacanthos	— — — — — viscosa
— — — — — atropurpureus	Kolreuteria paniculata	Sambucus nigra aurea
— — — — — brilliantissima	Laburnum vulgare aureum	Tilia alba
— — — — — Leopoldii	Liquidambar styraciflua	— — — — — pendula
— — — — — lutescens	Negundo aceroides albo	Ulmus campestris aurea
— — — — — Prinz Handjerie	— — — — — variegata	— — — — — Dampieri aurea
— — — — — Worleyii	— — — — — folius marginatus	— — — — — Louis Van Houtte
Æsculus hippocastanum	— — — — — aureis	— — — — — variegata
— variegatum	Populus alba argentea	— — — — — montana crispa
Ailanthus glandulosa	Prunus Pissardii	— — — — — purpurea
Alnus glutinosa imperialis		Viburnum Lantana

We shall be pleased to select 6 sorts for 3/6, 5/- and 7/6; 12 sorts for 6/-, 9/-, 12/- and 18/-; 25 sorts for 10/6, 15/-, 21/- and 25/-

Shrubs with Ornamental & Coloured Foliage.

<i>Amygdalus persica purpurea</i>	<i>Euonymus japonicus albus marginatus</i>	<i>Ptelea trifoliata aurea</i>
<i>Aralia Maxiowiczii</i>	<i>— aureus variegatus</i>	<i>— variegata</i>
<i>Aucuba japonica</i> and varieties	<i>— latifolius albus</i>	<i>Rhus cotinus</i>
<i>Berberis japonica</i>	<i>— variegatus</i>	<i>— glabra lacinata,</i>
<i>— Thunbergii</i>	<i>— aureus</i>	<i>Ribes alpinum pumilum</i>
<i>Coriaria myrtifolia</i>	<i>Hypericum Moserianum tricolor</i>	<i>— aureum</i>
<i>Cornus mascula variegata</i>	<i>Hollies in variety</i>	<i>Rubus deliciosus</i>
<i>— Sibirica aurca Spathii</i>	<i>Indigofera Gerardiana</i>	<i>Sambucus nigra argentea</i>
<i>— elegantissima</i>	<i>Kerria japonica folius variegatis</i>	<i>— variegata</i>
<i>— variegata</i>	<i>Ligustrum angustifolium variegatum</i>	<i>— aurea</i>
<i>Corylus avellana folius</i>	<i>— japonicum variegatum</i>	<i>— racemosa serratifolia</i>
<i>— purpureus</i>	<i>— ovalifolium marginatum</i>	<i>— folius anreus</i>
<i>Cytisus nigricans</i>	<i>Japanese Maples in variety</i>	<i>Shepherdia argentea</i>
<i>Diplopappus chrysophyllus</i>	<i>Philadelphus coronarius</i>	<i>Symporicarpus vulgaris</i>
<i>Elaeagnus glabra folius</i>	<i>— aureus</i>	<i>— variegatus</i>
<i>— variegatus</i>		<i>Syringa Emodi variegata</i>
<i>— japonicus variegatus</i>		<i>Veronica Andersoni folia</i>
<i>— pungens variegatus</i>		<i>— variegata</i>
		<i>Weigela variegata</i>

We shall be pleased to select 6 sorts for 3/6, 5/- and 7/6; 12 sorts for 6/-, 9/-, 12/- and 18/-; 25 sorts for 10/6, 15/-, 21/- and 25/-

Weeping Trees.

Purchaser's selection of any 6 sorts, 12/-; 12 sorts, 25/- and 30/-

<i>Apple Elise Rathke (Weeping Apple)</i>	<i>Fagus sylvatica pendula</i>	<i>(American Weeping Willow)</i>
<i>Betula alba pendula (Silver Weeping Birch)</i>	<i>Fraxinus excelsior pendula</i>	<i>Salix babylonica (Babylonian Willow).</i>
<i>— Youngi</i>	<i>— aurea</i>	<i>— capraca pendula (Kilmarnock Weeping Willow)</i>
<i>(Young's Weeping Birch)</i>	<i>— lentiscifolia pendula</i>	<i>Tilia argentea pendula (Silver Leaved Weeping Lime)</i>
<i>Caragana arborescens pendula</i>	<i>Laburnum vulgare pendulum</i>	<i>Ulmus campestris pendula</i>
<i>Cerasus mahaleb pendula</i>	<i>Morus alba pendula (Weeping Mulberry)</i>	<i>— montana pendula</i>
<i>Cerasus sinensis rosea</i>	<i>Pyrus aucuparia pendula</i>	
<i>Cherry, Weeping</i>	<i>— aurea</i>	
<i>Corylus avellana pendula</i>	<i>— salicifolia pendula (Weeping Pear)</i>	

6 varieties, our selection, 9/-; 12 sorts, 21/-; larger trees at higher rates.

Dwarf Conifers, Evergreen Shrubs, &c.

For Rockwork, Window Boxes and Spring Bedding.

Purchaser's selection of any not priced, 6d., 9d. and 1/- each.

<i>— japonica</i>	<i>— lutea</i>	<i>Kalmia glauca</i>
<i>Aucuba japonica</i>	<i>— nana</i>	<i>— angustifolia rubra</i>
<i>— Bruanti</i>	<i>— glauca</i>	<i>Leiophyllum buxifolium</i>
<i>Biota taratarica</i>	<i>— Shawii</i>	<i>Osmanthus illicifolius</i>
<i>Buxus japonicus aureus</i>	<i>Cytisus Dwarf Yellow</i>	<i>Pernettya mucronata</i>
<i>Cassandra calyculata nana</i>	<i>Daphne Cneorum majus, 1/-</i>	<i>Phillyrea decora</i>
<i>Cotoneaster congesta</i>	<i>Erica herbacea</i>	<i>Retinospora obtusa compacta</i>
<i>— horizontalis</i>	<i>— aureo marginatus</i>	<i>— plumosa</i>
<i>— microphylla</i>	<i>Euonymus japonicus</i>	<i>— aurea</i>
<i>Cupressus Lawsoniana</i>	<i>— latifolius aureus</i>	<i>Ribes pumilum aureum</i>
<i>— Allumi</i>	<i>— radicans variegata</i>	<i>Skimmia japonica</i>
<i>— argentea</i>	<i>Hedera arborea (Tree Ivies)</i>	<i>Thuyopsis dolobrata</i>
<i>— erecta Fraseri</i>	<i>Ivies, in variety</i>	<i>— variegata</i>

Our selection, 6 sorts, 2/6, 3/6, 5/- and 7/6; 12 sorts, 6/-, 9/-, 12/-, 15/- and 18/-

Climbing and other Plants.

Suitable for Covering Walls, Trellises, Arbours, Pergolas, Rooteries, &c., &c.

All are in pots, excepting where otherwise stated, for convenience of moving at any season. Marked (E) are evergreen. Those marked (*) require a south or west aspect.

12 distinct varieties, our selection, for 6/-, 9/-, or 12/-

ACTINIDIA

- 1 **arguta**, a strong quick-growing twiner 9d. and 1/- each.
- 2 **kolomikta**, a rare and handsome species producing white flowers. The foliage in autumn is charmingly tinted. An exceptionally ornamental climber but rarely met with. 1/6 each.
- 3 **chinensis**, a handsome species introduced from China; in general appearance it somewhat resembles *Vitis Coignetiae*, but the rough leaves are ovate with acuminate tips, dark green on the upper surface, densely tomentose beneath thickly covered with bright red hairs when first produced; in its native habitat it produces handsome yellow flowers 1½ inches in diameter in clusters on dwarf shoots. A most useful addition to our hardy ornamental foliage climbers and trailers. 3/6 and 5/- each.
- 3 **polygama**, a twining shrub, with waxy-white fragrant flowers, edible berries, and brightly-tinted autumn foliage; wants a rich warm soil. 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each.

AKEBIA

- 5 **quinata**, a graceful twining evergreen, with long slender shoots and fragrant flowers of brownish-purple; good for a cold house, but looks charming when allowed to run over an Irish Ivy on a trellis or wall. 1/- and 1/6 each.

AMPELOPSIS

- 11 **Engelmanni**, a pretty species, with divided leaves; one of the earliest to colour in the autumn; distinct and attractive. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 8 **hederacea** (*syn. quinquefolia*), the well-known Virginian Creeper, so justly admired for its glorious autumn colouring. A remarkably rapid and vigorous grower; requires woodwork or some other support. 5/- per doz., 6d. each; extra strong, with numerous shoots 9/- per doz., 1/- each.

Henryana, A.M.R.H.S., 1906. A new species introduced from China. In appearance it is much like *Virginian Creeper*, the nerves in the centre of each leaflet are marked by a silvery band, giving them a highly ornamental and attractive appearance. When young the leaves are brilliant translucent scarlet, passing as they become older to rich carmine and ruddy-bronze. 1/6, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

AMPELOPSIS—continued.

- 12 **japonica Hoggi**, a vigorous grower and most tenacious climber; leaves large, often 4 to 6 in. in width and 6 to 8 in. in length. Autumn colouring very rich and deep. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 14 **Lowi** (*Vitis Inconstans Lowi*), A.M., R.H.S., a new close clinging creeper, the leaves are palmate in form, apple-green in summer changing to bright warm red in autumn; the plant is of very light elegant appearance. 3/6 and 5/- each.
- 15 **muralis**, clings very readily; a more compact and finer grower than *hederacea*, with more numerous shoots of a lighter green; colours well in autumn. 9d. and 1/- each.
- 17 **Roylei** (*serjaniaefolia*), resembles *Veitchii* in habit, but is of a darker claret colour. 9d. and 1/- each.
- 23 **Veltchii** (*tricuspidata*), foliage highly coloured, pretty variety, and one of the best climbers for south and west aspects. 9/- and 12/- per doz. 1/- and 1/6 each. Extra sized plants to produce an early effect, 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- 25 — **purpurea**, an excellent climber; quite as hardy as the type. In spring and summer the young leaves are purple, changing with age to a greenish-purple. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 26 — **atropurpurea**, deeper in colour than *Veitchii purpurea*, grows more strongly and clings better than *Veitchii*; perfectly hardy; the best dark coloured variety. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

ARISTOLOCHIA

- 21 **Siphon** (*Dutchman's Pipe*), a vigorous climber, with dark handsome leaves, flowers yellow, veined brown, excellent for covering arbours, climbing over large stumps, or festooning trees. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

BERBERIDOPSIS

- 35 **corallina** (*The Coral Barberry*) (E*), a beautiful evergreen climbing shrub, with large spiny leaves and bright clustered coral red flowers. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

BERCHEMIA

- 32 **racemosa**, clusters of small flowers produced at the ends of the growths succeeded by dark brown berries; light green foliage. 9d. and 1/- each, 6/- and 9/- per doz.

BIGNONIA

- 39 **capreolata** (*), a showy climber for a sheltered sunny spot; leaves heart-shaped, ending in tendrils; flowers large reddish-yellow, produced in abundance from April to August. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

CLIMBING AND OTHER PLANTS—continued.

BIGNONIA—continued.

- 42 **grandiflora** (*The Scarlet Trumpet Vine*) (*), a rapid grower; flowers rich orange-scarlet, in large, handsome clusters. 1/6 and 2/6 each.
- 45 **radicans** (*Common Trumpet Flower*) (*), a strong, robust hardy grower, clinging like Ivy, with graceful compound leaves and showy clusters of orange-scarlet flowers. 1/- and 1/6 each.

BRIDGESIA (*Eccremocarpus*).

- 49 **spicata** (*Eccremocarpus volubilis*) (E), a hardy, dense, vigorous evergreen creeper, with thick, leathery, ovate leaves; clings as tenaciously as Ivy; excellent for covering walls; useful and attractive. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

CELASTRUS

- 50 **Articulatus** (*Strangle Bush*), a vigorous and interesting climbing shrub. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

CEANOHTHUS

- 54 **azureus** (*), light blue flowers, produced in great abundance from June till September; in a dry, sunny position one of the prettiest of wall shrubs. 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 56 **Ceres** (*), rose, large spikes, very floriferous. 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 57 **dentatus** (E*), an elegant little evergreen, about 3 feet high, with lovely clusters of bright blue flowers. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 59 **divaricatus** (E*), a dense, broad, tall-growing evergreen shrub, in constant bloom from May till September; bright blue. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 61 **Gloire de Plantieres**, pretty blue flowers somewhat resembling those of *Gloire de Versailles*, but of harder constitution, pretty and attractive. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 62 **Gloire de Versailles** (*), bunches of delicate lavender-blue flowers; very free and effective. 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 64 **indigo**, intense, rich, dark blue flowers highly ornamental. 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 69 **Veitchianus** (E*), rich deep blue flowers in dense terminal clusters. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

Though generally grown in a cold conservatory these beautiful shrubs are sufficiently hardy for light, warm, dry soils in a sunny exposure. They form lovely wall plants, and are profuse and often continuous bloomers. They should be pruned in April; the branches required for filling in being simply topped, all the others shortened to three eyes if strong, to one if weak.

CLEMATIS, see pages 100 to 103.**DECUMARIA**

- 92 **barbara**, spikes of fragrant white flowers produced in June, long thick leaves. 6d. and 9d. each, 4/6 and 6/- per doz.

ECCREMOCARPUS

- 93 **scaber** (*Calampelis scabra*) (*), a grand climber for walls, pillars, and trellis-work, with graceful rambling shoots and beautiful bright red flowers; should have the roots well protected with a mulch during winter. 9d. and 1/- each.
- **rosea**, similar in habit and growth to the type, but producing flowers of a beautiful rose-coloured hue. 1/- and 1/6 each.

ERCILLA, see *Bridgesia*.**GELSEMIUM**

- 95 **sempervirens** (*Carolina Jessamine*) (E*), shining oblong leaves, slender climbing stems, and deep yellow fragrant flowers; needs a rich loamy soil. 1/- and 1/6 each.

HEDERA (*Ivy*), see pages 103 and 105.**HONEYSUCKLE**, see *Lonicera*.**HUMULUS**

- 119a **japonicus variegatus**, a fast growing hardy annual; the leaves are prettily variegated with silvery white, yellow and green; highly ornamental. Plants in spring, 6d. each, 4/6 and 6/- per doz.
- 118 **lupulus**, the well-known Hop, a rapid vigorous twining perennial. 6d. and 9d. each, 4/6 and 6/- per doz.
- 119 — **foliis aureis** (*The New Golden Hop*). This popular plant is quite as rapid and free-growing as the old species, but the foliage is a beautiful golden colour. Charming for verandahs, trellises, &c.; quite hardy. 9d. and 1/- each, 6/- and 9/- per doz.

HYDRANGEA

- 120 **scandens** (*Schizophragma hydrangeoides*) (*). *The Climbing Hydrangea*. Flowers white or flesh, in heads 6 in. across. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

IVY, see pages 103 and 105.**JASMINUM**

- 124 **fruticans**, a hardy evergreen shrubby species producing clear yellow flowers; very ornamental. 9d. and 1/- each.
- 125 **nudiflorum**, yellow flowers in great abundance during winter; grows rapidly and thrives in almost any situation. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 6/-, 9/- and 12/- per doz.
- 126 — **fol. aureus**, golden variegated form of preceding. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 129 **officinale**, white, sweet-scented; deservedly popular on account of its sweetness, vigour, and comparative indifference to soil and exposure. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 130 — **majus**, a stronger grower than the type, and flowers double the size. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

CLIMBING AND OTHER PLANTS—continued.

JASMINUM—continued.

- 131 **primulinum**, a species introduced from China. In general appearance the flowers, which are bright yellow in colour, resemble those of *J. nudiflorum*, but are much larger. They are also developed at the same time as the leaves, from the axils of which the bright yellow flowers are produced. This is an extremely beautiful species that will undoubtedly become very popular. The fact of it being an evergreen is a great point in its favour. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each, 6/-, 9/- to 12/- per doz.
- 133 **revolutum** (E*), an evergreen variety with bright golden-yellow flowers, hardy enough for wall culture. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.
- 136 **Wallachianum** (E*), a very strong grower with bright yellow flowers, larger than those of *revolutum*. 1/- to 1/6 each.

KADSURA

- 138 **japonica variegata** (*), pretty variegated plant with smooth thick oval leaves; should be grown against a wall. 2/- and 2/6 each.

LARDIZABALA

- 142 **baternata** (E*), a handsome glossy thick-leaved evergreen climber, hardy on the west coast and in the south. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

LONICERA (Honeysuckle).

- 145 **aurea reticulata** (E), exquisitely beautiful golden netted emerald green leaves, which are retained through the winter; one of the most useful all-round climbers in cultivation; specially good for baskets, window boxes, balloons, &c. 6d., 9d., and 1/- each, 5/-, 6/- and 9/- per doz.
- 148 **brachypoda** (E), an evergreen climber, with pale yellow flowers. 9d. and 1/- each.
- 151 **Early Dutch**, not quite so fast a grower as *Late Dutch*, but fills up well as it travels; flowers yellow, very early and useful, quite hardy. 9d. and 1/- each.
- 152 **Early Cream Dutch**, cream coloured, very early. 9d. and 1/- each.
- 154 **Early White**, a perfectly hardy strong grower, fine white flowers; one of the earliest. 9d. and 1/- each.
- 157 **flava** (*Yellow Trumpet*), yellow form of *Scarlet Trumpet*, a strong grower and early bloomer, quite hardy and very distinct. 9d. and 1/- each.
- 159 **flexuosa** (E), an evergreen variety, with long ovate leaves and pale yellow scented flowers; a fast grower and fills up remarkably well; one of the best for winter gardens. 9d. and 1/- each.
- 163a **gigantea superba**, more vigorous in constitution, more profuse in flowering and a better grower than the type. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

LONICERA—continued.

- 165 **Halleana** (E), evergreen variety, with white flowers, a very strong grower filling up well as it travels; not quite hardy. 9d. and 1/- each.
- 164 **Heckrottii**, flowers rose-colour on outside, yellow inside; a superb variety; very rare. 2/- and 2/6 each.
- 165a **Hildebrandii**, the boldest and most handsome of all honeysuckles. The flowers, 5 to 7 inches or more in length, are of a lovely orange-crimson, produced in pairs from the axils of the large glossy green oval leaves. The largest of all honeysuckles, unfortunately it is not quite hardy, except in very favoured situations. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- 166 **Periclymenum**, the well-known wild form with yellowish fragrant flowers. 9d. and 1/- each.
- 171 **semperflorens** (E*), (*Scarlet Trumpet*), beautiful and free; should be extensively grown. 9d., 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 174 **serotina floribunda** (*Late Dutch* or *Late Red*), the best all-round sort among the older varieties; a rapid climber and continuous bloomer. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

Six fine sorts of Loniceras, our Selection, 5/-

MENISPERUM

- 179 **canadense** (*Moon Seed*), a hardy slender climber of rapid growth, with heart-shaped leaves and long feathery clusters of yellowish flowers. 9d. and 1/- each.

PASSIFLORA

- corulea** (*) (*Passion Flower*), flowers blue, freely produced. A well-known beautiful climber, thrives best in a sheltered situation. 9d., 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

PERIPLOCA

- 185 **græca** (*) (*Virginian Silk Vine*), rapid climber, with beautiful smooth shining leaves, suitable for covering arbours, trellises, &c. 9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

POLYGONUM

- 101 **baldschuanicum**, a magnificent hardy herbaceous twiner, throwing up numerous woody stems, 12 feet to 18 feet or more in length every season; the glossy green leaves are heart-shaped and very ornamental; the flowers are produced in elegant pale pink clusters; winters safely under a mulching of dead leaves. 1/- and 1/6 each. 9/- and 12/- per doz.

SMILAX

- 204 **aspera** (E*), (*The Prickly Ivy*), trailing prickly stems and spiny-toothed evergreen leaves. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 207 **australis** (E*) (*latifolia*), a noble climber, with large handsome glossy green leaves; stems and branches armed with scattered prickles; grows very rapidly. 1/- and 1/6 each.

CLIMBING AND OTHER PLANTS—continued.

SOLANUM

210 **crispum**, a showy, hardy plant, attaining a height of 10 to 14 feet against a wall, and producing corymbs of fragrant bluish-purple flowers, succeeded by yellowish-white berries. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

VITIS

212 **armata**, a new species from Central China; the leaves are large, of heart-shaped outline, shining bronzy-green when young, passing to dark green when mature; in autumn the foliage assumes a rich crimson; the stems and leaf stalks are curiously beset with green hook-like processes, hardly strong enough to be termed prickles; a distinct and valuable addition to our Pillar and Climbing Plants. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

213 **Brandt**, a free-growing species, colouring well in autumn. 1/6 each.

214 **Bruantii**, a slender stemmed species, producing palmate leaves that assume a brilliant scarlet hue in autumn; one of the most effective of coloured foliaged plants. 1/- 1/6 and 2/6 each.

216 **Coignetiae**, (*Crimson Glory Vine*) leaves large, often 10 inches across, of a brilliant scarlet hue in autumn; a strong vigorous grower, splendid for festooning trees and old buildings; not affected by insects. 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

219 **flexuosa**, foliage highly coloured in autumn; perhaps the loveliest of all, but not quite hardy. 1/- and 1/6 each.

219a **flexuosa major**, a fine form of *Vitis flexuosa*, producing leaves 7 to 8 inches across, of a trilobate form, the intermediate lobe being prolonged to an acuminate point, whilst the margin is finely serrate; the young shoots and tendrils are bright crimson; in autumn the foliage assumes a rich tinge of blackish purple; a vigorous and rapid grower. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

heterophylla (*syn. V. Davidiana*), a vigorous growing hardy climber with large palmately-lobed leaves, violet berries. 1/- and 1/6 each.

220 — **humilifolia** (*) (*Hop-leaved Vine*), foliage variable in form, with small red berries like currants. 1/- and 1/6 each.

221 — **variegata** (*), leaves beautifully and abundantly speckled ivory and cream; a lovely greenhouse decorative plant; not at all affected by insects. 1/- and 1/6 each.

222 **labrusca**, a hardy climbing species with undivided foliage; flowers sweetly scented, and followed by a dark purple or amber-coloured fruit; very ornamental. 1/- and 1/6 each.

12 **Hardy Woody Climbers**, in 12 distinct sorts, selected from the preceding list, our selection, 6/-, 9/- or 12/-

Vitis—continued.

222a **Thomsonii**, a pretty species introduced from the same district as *Vitis armata*, the leaves are compound, consisting of five leaflets, the upper surface is of a greenish-purple hue (bright claret-purple when young), with a purple mid-rib and margin, the under surface is bright claret-purple, glossy and polished, reflecting the light with a metallic lustre. The purple hue changes in autumn to a deep purplish-red; the growth is slender and elegant, adapting itself well for planting in situations where the strong-growing varieties are not desirable. 2/6 to 5/- each.

Thunbergii, superior to *Vitis coignetiae*; more vigorous, with larger leaves (9 to 12 inches across). Upper surface of leaf rich dark green, passing to the richest crimson in autumn. The boldest and most handsome of all hardy climbers. 3/6 each.

223 **vinifera apifolia** (*The Parsley-leaved Vine*), leaves beautifully cut; very ornamental, bears a good amber-coloured grape. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

223a — **Black Cluster**, one of the most vigorous of all ornamental vines, growing 16 to 20 feet in a season; large bold foliage, produces numerous bunches of fruit, rich black when ripe. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

225 — **purpurea**, (*The Claret-coloured foliaged Grape*), large leaves of a persistent claret colour; hardy, a medium grower, but fills up well. 1/- and 1/6 each.

WISTARIA

224 **japonica** (*syn. Millettia japonica*), rare, a very strong twiner and rapid grower, with lovely white flowers. 2/6 to 3/6 each.

249 **multijuga**, flowers very similar to *sinensis*, racemes frequently over 2 feet long; very ornamental and desirable. We have a very fine stock of this. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

250 — **alba**, a very beautiful white flowered form of the preceding. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

252 — **rosea**, one of the prettiest of all varieties of *Wistarias*, the flowers are of a lovely lilac-rose tint, the standard being rosy-white, the lower petals have a yellow centre; the buds, before opening, are a lovely tint of rose; vigorous grower and free bloomer. 3/6 each.

228 **sinensis**, racemes of lovely lilac flowers. One of the best climbers. Of this we have an exceptionally fine stock. The growths being 8 to 10 feet in length. 2/6 to 3/6 each.

230 — **alba**, immense clusters of pure white flowers. 2/6 to 3/6 each.

233 — **flore pleno**, a handsome variety, with double flowers. 2/6 to 3/6 each.

CLEMATIS.

ALL ARE IN POTS AND MAY BE PLANTED OUT AT ANY SEASON.

The Clematis, with its brilliant colours, freedom of bloom and hardiness, is probably the most popular of all climbing plants. The free-flowering sorts are well adapted for massing in large beds, and when in flower are most effective. A richly manured soil is indispensable, if the best result is aimed at. Manure ought to be well mixed with the soil when planting, and used annually as a mulch for winter protection, forking it in very lightly in the spring. The addition of chalk or lime to the soil when planting is also beneficial.

TIME OF FLOWERING.—The *Jackmanni*, and *lanuginosa* sections bloom from July to October; *viticella* and *cærulea odorata* from July to September; *patens* and *montana* in May and June; *florida* in June and July; *Clematis indivisa* and *indivisa lobata* are tender kinds, and flower indoors from February to May.

PRUNING.—The *Jackmanni*, *lanuginosa*, *viticella*, and *cærulea* sections should be pruned in early winter, after the flowering season, cutting the shoots back well into the old wood, as they bloom on the current year's growth; *florida*, *patens*, and *montana* sections should only have the weak and unnecessary shoots cut out, as they bloom on the previous year's ripened wood.



CLEMATIS—continued.

General Collection.

Purchaser's selection, 1/- each, excepting those priced. Our selection of 12 fine varieties for 9/-, 12/- and 15/-. A few extra strong plants of the best varieties in large pots for forcing, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

The letters in brackets after the name indicate the section to which the variety belongs. Thus: C, *cærulea odorata*; F, *florida*; Fl, *flammula*; I, *integrifolia*; J, *Jackmanii*; L, *lanuginosa*; M, *montana*; P, *patens*; V, *viticella*; and Va, *Viorna*.

- 4 **Alexandra** (J), sepals broad, of a strong violet-blue, with a pale band up the middle.
- 5 **ascotiensis** (v), flowers contain six sepals, of richest blue flushed violet, a most profuse bloomer.
- 6 **alba magna** (L), large, white, broad sepalled flowers, sometimes very faintly tinted lavender.
- 7 **Blue Gem** (L), fine clear strong violet-blue flowers, with very broad sepals.
- 8 **Beauty of Worcester** (L), produces single and double flowers, of a lovely satiny bluish-violet, vigorous.
- 11 **Belle of Woking** (F), large silver grey, double, very fine.
- 11a **calycina** (M), creamy-white flowers, dotted purple inside.
- 9 **coccinea** (Va), a slender growing, very elegant non-climbing form, with fleshy, somewhat bell-shaped flowers, creamy within, glowing crimson without. 1/6
- 9a **Comtesse de Bouchard**, flowers large, of a beautiful satin rose; a distinct and beautiful variety; good grower and free bloomer. See illustration.
- 10 **Countess of Lovelace** (F), bluish lilac, rosette-shaped, double.
- 12 **cærulea odorata** (C), small fragrant, reddish-violet flowers, with cream-coloured stamens (*non-climbing*).
- 125 **Countess of Onslow** (*coccinea hybrid*), (F.C.C., R.H.S.), bright violet-purple, with a broad band of scarlet down the centre of each petal, of open bell-shaped form, with 4 to 6 petals on each flower; hardy and a good climber.
- 13 **crispa** (Va), an evergreen species, with a profusion of nodding purplish-white bell-shaped flowers; sepals reflexed and crimped; not hardy.
- 131 **Duchess of Albany** (*coccinea hybrid*), (A.M., R.H.S.), beautiful bright pink, deeper down the centre, softening down to lilac-pink round the margin; campanulate in shape, hardy, free flowering, vigorous grower.
- 18 **Duchess of Edinburgh** (F), splendid, large very double white flowers, the finest of all for indoors or outside, for cutting, &c.
- 136 **Duchess of York** (*coccinea hybrid*), (A.M., R.H.S.), a delicate and pleasing shade of pale blush-pink, with a deeper tinge down the centre of each petal, of campanulate form, with 4 to 6 petals to each bloom; quite hardy, free-flowering, and a good climber.
- 14 **Earl of Beaconsfield** (J), rich royal purple, splendid form.
- 15 **Enchantress** (F), white, very double, the exterior sepals flushed rose.
- 19 **Edith Jackman** (P), white, flushed mauve.
- 20 **Fairy Queen** (L), pale flesh, deepening towards the base, bars occasionally pale pink.
- 21 **flammula** (FL), common, sweet-scented species.
- 22 — **rubra marginata** (FL); a pretty variety; the margins of the sepals are deeply covered purplish-red.
- 23 **Fair Rosamond** (P), blush white.
- 27 **Gipsy Queen** (J), bright velvety flowers of a peculiarly rich glowing violet-purple.
- 24 **Gloire de St. Julien** (L), delicate lavender-blue, paling towards the centre, very large flower, extra fine.
- 28 **Grand Duchess** (L), very large flowers of a pale satiny lilac-heliotrope; sepals broad and overlapping.
- 25 **Grata** (A.M., R.H.S.), a distinct species, producing an abundance of light mauve flowers changing to white, a strong and rapid grower, fine for covering pergolas, arbours and trellis-work (see illustration, page 103).
- 26 **graveolens** (FL), medium sized pale yellow flowers.
- 29 **Henryii** (L), large, finely formed, of a beautiful creamy-white.
- 30 **integrifolia Durandii** (L), flowers deep violet velvet colour, with yellow stamens.
- 33 **indivisa** } Flowers pure white. Two
32 — **lobata** } fine greenhouse climbers.
 } 1/-, 1/6 to 2/6 each.
- 34 **Jackmanni** (J), intense violet-purple.
- 35 — **superba** (J), very dark velvety violet-purple.
- 36a **King Edward VIII.**, puce-violet with a bar of crimson down the centre of each sepal; of large size, good shape and substance; a lovely distinct and high-class variety in every way. 1/6.
- 37 **La Nancienne** (V), fine double flowers, brilliant violet-black, extremely floriferous.
- 46 **Lady Northcliffe**, (A.M., R.H.S.), deep lavender, tinted bright blue, with purple bar and light white stamens; strong grower and free bloomer; a superb variety, one of the most beautiful *Clematis* recently introduced. 2/6 each.
- 38 **Lady Caroline Neville** (L), delicate heliotrope-lavender, with purplish band down the centre of each sepal.
- 48 **La Lorraine**, clear rose tinged with blue; distinct, free and attractive.
- 39 **lanuginosa** (L), clear lavender, very fine large sepals.
- 41 — **candida** (L), flowers of an exquisite translucent pearly white, very faintly flushed lilac; stamens rich cream; fine.

CLEMATIS

-continued.

- 43 **Lady Lonesborough** (p), silver grey, pale reddish bar, beautiful.
- 47 **La France** (L), large, deep violet-purple flowers, sepals very broad, with gracefully irregular sinuate margin; a robust grower.
- 50 **Lord Neville** (L), very bright heliotrope-blue with white filaments and chocolate anthers.
- 52 **Illacina floribunda** (L), pale grey-lilac, deeply veined.
- 52a **Louis Van Houtte** (L), rich, deep violet-purple, free.
- 53 **Mdlle. Torrlana** (P), bright rose, flushed bluish-purple.
- 54 **Madame Grange** (J), crimson-violet, red bar in centre; sepals very broad.
- 55 **Madame Baron-Vellard** (J), with a profusion of bright lilac-rose flowers.
- 67 **Madame Edouard Andre** (J), *The Red-Flowered Jackmanni*, beautiful and distinct, the colour being a rich effective carmine-elaret.
- 57 **Madame Van Houtte** (L), splendid large white flowers.
- 60 **Magnifica** (J), reddish-purple, sepals blotched and suffused crimson-carmine along the middle.
- 59 **Marcel Moser** (L), large handsome regular flowers of silvery lavender-heliotrope, with a broad band of light carmine-violet down the centre of each sepal.
- 61 **Mrs. Villiers Lister** (p), cream, tinted pink.
- 62 **Mrs. S. C. Baker** (p), pinkish white, claret band in centre of each sepal.
- 64 **Mrs. George Jackman** (p), satin white, creamy bar, white filaments, pale brown anthers.
- 66 **Mrs. Hope** (L), satiny mauve, flowers with very broad overlapping sepals.
- 68 **Marie Lefebvre** (L), delicate clear mauve, deepening along the middle of each sepal.
- 69 **Miss Bateman** (P), white semi-double flowers with rounded sepals and chocolate-coloured anthers.
- 70 **Miss Crawshay** (p), solferino pink, distinct.
- 56 **montana** (M), pure white, petals large, very hardy.
- 56a — **grandiflora** (M), a distinct improvement on *montana*; the flowers are larger and the growth more vigorous. The great freedom with which the blooms are produced and the rapidity of its growth, make it invaluable for clothing walls, arbours, &c.
- 56b **montana rubens**, a new form of above recently introduced from Central China; the foliage and habit resemble that of the typical species except that the leaf stalks and stems are purplish; the flower is a pleasing shade of soft rosy red; it forms a most pleasing and effective contrast to the white-flowered species. 1/6 and 2/- each.
- 72 **Nellie Moser** (L), silvery white, shaded mauve, centre of each sepal bright rosy-carmine, superb novelty.
- 73 **Otto Fricel** (L), greyish-white sepal, very large and broad.
- 76 **Oriflamme**, large red flowers with a band of vermillion down the centre of each sepal. The whole flower is spotted with minute specks of white; good grower and free bloomer.
- 74 **Othello** (J), dark velvety purple, fine form.
- 78 **purpurea elegans** (L), deep violet-purple sepals, cream-coloured filaments and pinkish-brown anthers.
- 79 **Proteus** (F), large showy, sometimes double, flowers of a clear purplish-rose.
- 80 **paniculata** (FL), with lovely loose clusters of small white flowers; artistic and decorative.
- 34a **Red Jackman**, an exact counterpart of the well-known and universally planted *Jackmannii* in habit, shape growth and constitution. The colour however is a rich crimson, very similar to that of *Ville de Lyon*.
- 84 **Robert Hanbury** (L), brilliant bluish-violet, faintly flushed carmine up the middle of each sepal.
- 87 **Sensation** (L), rich satin-mauve flowers of large size; strikingly beautiful.
- 88 **Sir Garnet Wolseley** (p), nearly six inches across, slatey-blue ground, with showy bar of plum-red.
- 150 **Sir Trevor Lawrence**, bright crimson, with long campanulate-shaped flowers recurved at points; free-flowering and vigorous, a superb and lovely variety. 1/6
- 89 **Snow-white Jackmanni** (J), the flowers are "paper-white," about the same size as those of the old purple *Jackmanni*, but produced in greater profusion. Superb variety, 1/6
- 106 **Thomas Tenant** (L), very large handsome white flowers, delicately flushed watery lilac.
- 109 **Venus Victrix** (L), a double variety of delicate lavender colour, sepals very large, flat and overlapping.
- 110 **velutina purpurea** (J), blackish mulberry.
- 113 **Ville de Lyon** (V), (*Silver Gilt Medal, R.H.S.*). The flowers are of a rich crimson colour, deepened round the margins of the sepals, and produced with the utmost freedom. The habit of the plant is strong, robust and free. Perfectly hardy and disease-resisting.

CLEMATIS—continued.

- 114 **vitalba** (*Traveller's Joy*) (FL), greenish-white, small, very strong grower.
- 115 **Ville de Paris** (L), white tinged lilac-rose, large flower, and of great merit.
- 120 **viticella alba luxurians** (v), transparent white, produced with the greatest of freedom from the end of June until autumn. Strong and vigorous, of hardy constitution. Without doubt one of the best varieties for garden purposes.
- 117 **Viticella rubra** (v), prettily netted, reddish-purple flowers.
- 116 ————— **grandiflora** (v), bright claret-red.

12 Clematis, in 12 fine varieties, our selection, for 9/-, 12/- and 15/-



Photo]

CLEMATIS, "GRATA," see page 101.

[Clibrans

IVIES (*Hedera*).

All are in Pots. Purchaser's selection of those not priced, 9d., 1/- and 1/6 each, according to size. Our selection, 6/-, 9/-, 12/- and 15/- per doz. A few extra large plants of some varieties, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

For TREE IVIES see *Hedera Arborea*, page 52.

COLLECTIONS OF IVIES. Our Selection.

- Collection A, 6 in 6 pretty distinct sorts, 4/6 and 7/6
- „ B, 12 in 12 pretty distinct sorts, 6/-, 9/-, 12/6 and 15/-
- „ C, 24 in 24 pretty distinct sorts, 18/- and 31/6
- „ D, 12 beautiful sorts, consisting of

- 5 bronze, 5 silver, and 2 golden varieties, 9/-, 12/- and 18/-
- Collection E, 5 beautiful bronze varieties, 4/- and 7/6
- „ F, 5 charming silver varieties, 5/- and 7/6
- „ G, 5 pretty, small green-leaved varieties, 3/6 and 7/6

IVIES —continued.

GOLDEN-LEAVED VARIETIES.

- 8 **angularis aurea**, medium-sized leaves of rich bright gold, a fast compact grower, not at all straggly, hardy and unaffected by smoke. In many respects the best of all the Golden Ivies. Particularly suitable for high walls, with a sunny aspect; lends itself well for carpeting and for covering stumps; effective as winter decoration for window boxes.
- 14 **aurea densa**, the largest leaved of the true Golden Ivies, slow growing but very dense, hardy and unaffected by smoke; for a low south wall it is perfect.
- 16 — **spectabilis**, medium size leaves, strong grower.



Photo]

[Clibrancs

IVY DENTATA AUREA VARIEGATA.

A beautiful golden variegated large-leaved variety.

- 29 **canariensis aurea maculata**, a sport of the Irish Ivy, richly splashed with primrose gold, rapid grower and quite hardy, but on rich soil or shaded position liable to revert to the type.
- 34 **chrysophylla**, medium-sized leaves of a bright sulphur-yellow, a good free grower, hardy and not affected by smoke; suitable for walls.
- 48 **dentata aurea variegata**, this is a beautiful golden variegated form of the largest leaved Ivy; it is a rapid grower of good constitution. Our photograph of the plant gives but a faint idea of the beauty of its variegation. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 88 **Mrs. Pollock** (syn. *palmata aurea*), probably a variegated form of *Pennsylvanica*; leaves small, decidedly palmate, clear butter yellow, with green veins, in the north does best on a sunny, sheltered wall, or for carpeting in the full sun.
- 115 **succinata**, in spring a mass of cowslip gold, grows slowly.

SILVER-LEAVED VARIETIES.

- 3 **alba marginata**, dark green silvered leaves of a good size, prettily bordered with ivory white, medium grower but fills up well. One of the hardiest Ivies in cultivation.
- 10 **argentea elegans**, large leaves irregularly margined cream, a somewhat slow grower, but very dense; hardy, and not affected by smoke, suitable for low walls, graves, and the sunny side of a house.
- 30 **Cavendishii** (syn. *Golden Queen*; *New Silver Striped*; *marginata Cullissii*), medium-sized leaves, margined and splashed with rich cream, the fastest grower of all the variegated Ivies, but forms laterals very sparingly; not quite hardy, showy and serviceable when balloon-trained.
- 36 **Clibrancs' Beauty**, leaves medium-sized, with a broad continuous creamy-white margin, an improvement on *Crippsi*; grows slowly but lasts well, and forms a magnificent specimen against a south or westerly wall, occasionally attaining a height of 30 feet.
- 43 **Crippsi** (syn. *Silver Queen*; *marginata aurea*; *marginata elegantissima*), large leaves, margined and splashed with ivory white, hardy but somewhat slow of growth.
- 73 **maculata** (syn. *marmorata minor*), a hardy small-leaved form beautifully mottled and speckled with cream; a medium grower retaining its variegation without difficulty; useful for walls, carpeting and rockery work.
- 47 — **latifolia** (syn. *marmorata*), the largest leaved of the variegated Ivies, finely mottled and speckled with cream; perfectly hardy and smoke-resisting; in growth and habit similar to the Irish Ivy; in too rich a soil liable to revert to the type. At its best on a sunny wall.

IVIES—continued.

Silver-leaved varieties—continued.

- 76 **maderensis variegata** (*syn. aurantiaca fol. var.*), large irregularly cordate leaves extensively variegated with an exquisite clear ivory tint; must be grown with shelter; splendid for indoor decoration; when balloon-trained makes a grand display. 1/- and 1/6 each.
- 83 **marginata pulchella**, leaves under medium size, extensively variegated with ivory; the stems are slender, but plant quite hardy.
- 92 **New Silver**, a charming and pretty variety, richly marked with silver; good grower; very effective.
- 109 **rhomboides variegata**, fairly large dark green leaves irregularly margined ivory with silver marking; rapid grower, forms numerous side shoots all the way up the stem; almost hardy; in Wales and the south does well on walls.
- 121 **tricolor**, medium-sized leaves margined and splashed cream; hardy and a tall rapid grower. In the autumn takes on a deep bronzy tint.

GREEN-LEAVED VARIETIES.

- 1 **Acuta** (*syn. Amurensis*), large handsome leaves, often reaching 5 inches in length; with a little shelter forms an excellent companion to *dentata*.
- 20 **azorica**, foliage very similar to that of the Irish Ivy, has a very fine appearance in mass on a sheltered wall.
- 22 **Beauty of Huntingdon** (*syn. Campbellii*), leaves heart-shaped, of medium size, quick-growing and attractive.
- 25 **Caenwoodiana**, deeply lobed leaves of medium size, one of the best for resisting smoke, a quick grower, filling in well as it travels; very distinct, excellent for walls and arbours, neat habit, favourite for carpeting.
- 27 **canariensis** (*Irish*), the common Ivy for walls, rapid grower. In pots, 2 to 3 feet, 4/6 and 6/- per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 6/- per doz.; 4 to 5 feet, 1/- to 1/6 each, 12/- to 15/- per doz., larger plants, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.
- 40 **conglomerata**, small twisted overlapping foliage, the most compact Ivy in cultivation, but a very slow grower; good for rockery work and for pots.
- 47 **dentata**, the largest green-leaved variety of a sumptuous glossy rich deep colour; leaves occasionally attain a length of 8 to 9 inches.
- 50 **Donerallensis**, dainty, deeply lobed foliage, with prettily sinuate margins a slow grower but quite hardy, foliage purplish-bronze in winter.
- 52 **Emerald Green**, medium-sized, rich green leaves, dense grower, unequalled for filling in under trees, most suitable for graves; neat and compact, grows well over a stump, useful for carpeting and bordering.

- 58 **Glymili**, leaves large, glossy, and somewhat heart-shaped; perhaps the densest grower of all, and quite hardy, best on a low stump on account of its shrubby appearance.
- 60 **gracilis**, medium leaves of typical form very similar in habit and growth to *Emerald Green*, stands frost perfectly, excellent not only for walls, but also for filling in under trees, for carpeting, and for borders.
- Irish**, *see canariensis*.
- 87 **minima**, distinct and interesting, each shoot forming a dense column of small triangular horizontal leaves; a very slow grower, suitable for pot-work or rockery.
- 98 **palmata**, leaf of medium size, fills up well, very clean and bright, but somewhat susceptible to smoke; twigs highly decorative when cut, does well in the country if not too much exposed.
- 102 **pennsylvanica** (*syn. lusitanicus digitata; vitifolia*), very elegant large palmate leaves, useful for carpeting or for a sheltered wall.
- 104 **purpurea** (*syn. New Bronze*), small typically-formed leaves, a good grower, hardy and smoke-resisting; leaves of purplish-bronze colour, best developed on a sunny wall; good for boxes and Christmas decorations, the best Ivy with bronze foliage.
- 107 **Røgneriana** (*syn. colchica*), heart-shaped leaves, about 4 inches long; requires sheltered wall, and is susceptible to smoke; a very strong, fast grower, with a cleaner, brighter appearance than almost any other.
- 108 **rhomboides obovata**, small thick, somewhat heart-shaped leaves; a fine dense grower, hardy, and not affected by smoke; leaves in autumn assume a rich bronzy hue; useful for low walls and for forming a dense bright bush; gathers readily round a stake.
- 110 **sagittæfolla**, arrowhead-like leaves, over medium size, quite hardy, of medium growth, forms a dense covering; very distinct.
- 114 **singulare**, medium-size foliage, slightly glaucous, centre of leaf with small golden blotch; similar in habit and mode of growth to the ordinary hedge ivy, but when growing rapidly loses the characteristic blotch.
- 117 **taurica**, medium-size, dense foliage, clings most tenaciously to its support, hardy and smoke-resisting, one of the best.
- 131 **Willseana** (*syn. nigra*), large glossy leaves that in winter become almost black; a moderate grower, but fills up well, perfectly hardy and smoke-resisting.

MISCELLANEOUS PLANTS.

SUITABLE FOR TRAINING AGAINST WALLS, &c.

These are not of climbing habit, but grow freely, and are exceedingly attractive ornamental subjects for training against walls and in other similar situations. For descriptions, prices, &c., see pages 37 to 77.

Abutilon vitifolium	Desmodium penduliflorum	Loniceras in variety
Azara crassifolia	Elaeagnus, in variety	Lycium barbarum
— integrifolia fol. var.	Embothrium coccineum	Magnolias, in variety
— microphylla	Eriobotrya japonica	Maples, Japanese
Berberis empetrifolia	Escallonia in variety	Myrtles in variety, <i>see Myrtus</i>
— stenophylla	Eugenia, <i>see Myrtus</i>	Olearia in variety
Buddleia globosa	Eurybia, <i>see Olearia</i>	Othera japonica
Calycanthus floridus	Exochorda grandiflora	Ozothamnus rosmarinifolius
— occidentalis	Fabiana imbricata	Piptanthus nepalensis
Carpenteria californica	Forsythia suspensa	Pittosporums of sorts
Caryopteris mastacanthus	Fremontia californica	Punica (<i>Pomegranate</i>)
Chimonanthus fragrans	Fuchsias, Hardy, in variety	Pyracantha, <i>see Crataegus</i>
— grandiflorus	Garrya elliptica	<i>pyracantha</i>
Choisya ternata	— foemina	Pyrus, <i>see Cydonia</i>
Cistus ladaniferus (gum cistus)	Griselinia littoralis	Rhamnus alaternus
Citrus trifoliata	Hymenanthera crassifolia	Rhus toxicodendron
Coronilla Emerus	Indigofera Gerardiana	Roses, climbing varieties
Cotoneasters in variety	Kerria (<i>Cochchorus</i>) in variety	Rubus in variety
Crataegus pyracantha in variety	Leyceesteria formosa	Veronicas, shrubby varieties
Cydonia (<i>Pyrus</i>) in variety	Ligustrum japonicum	Viburnum macrocephalum
Daphne collina	varieties	<i>plicatum</i>
— hyemalis	— lucidum varieties	Vincas in variety

Flowering and Foliage Plants.

PREPARED FOR FORCING.

For Conservatory and Greenhouse Decoration, or for Cutting during Winter.

Acer Negundo variegata, leaves handsomely variegated with white, very ornamental. 2/6 each.

Andromeda floribunda, waxy bells produced freely. Bushy plants, well set with buds. 2/6 each.

— **japonica**, the *Lily of the Valley* Shrub; pretty white Lily-of-the-Valley-like flowers. Plants will set with bud. 2/6 each.

Azalea Daviesi, pale sulphur, changing to white, trusses large, deliciously scented, excellent for forcing. 2/6 each.

— **Ghent**, lovely shades of orange, flesh, pink, red, white and yellow. Well set with buds. 2/- and 2/6 each.

— — **double flowering** varieties; well set with buds. 2/6 each.

— — **Indica**, invaluable for greenhouse conservatory decorations, producing flowers in great profusion in a variety of colours. Our selection, 2/-, 2/6 and 3/6 each, 21/-, 24/-, 30/- and 42/- per doz.

— **mollis**, in fine shades of orange, flesh, pink, rose, salmon, &c., extra strong, with a large number of buds. 15/-, 18/-, 24/- and 30/- per doz., 1/6, 2/-, 2/6 and 3/6 each. — — Standards, on short stems. 5/- and 6/- each.

— — — **X sinensis**, flowers of the most beautiful shades of orange, and larger than *Azalea Mollis*. 2/6 each.

— — — **"Anthony Koster,"** bright golden yellow; undoubtedly the largest flowered and finest variety yet raised; a grand acquisition. 2/6 to 3/6 each.

— — — **rustica flore pleno (named varieties)**, with double flowers in various shades of colours. 2/6 each.

Azalea occidentalis, white, sweetly-scented; beautiful variety. 2/- and 2/6 each.

— **pontica**, orange-yellow, very fragrant and free; most useful for forcing, either for decoration or cut flowers. Plants well set with buds. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

— — **Vaseyi** (*Rhododendron*), rosy pink, mottled at base inside. 2/6 each.

Boronia megastigma, admired for its sweetly perfumed flowers. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

Bouvardias, in great variety, invaluable for its flowers. Flowering plants, 9/-, 12/-, and 18/- per doz., smaller 4/- and 6/- per doz.

Caiceolarias, Herbaceous, our own "Gold Medal" strain. Plants in autumn in 3-inch pots, 2/6 per doz.; in 5-inch pots, from February onwards, 6/-, 9/- and 12/- per doz.; young plants from stores in autumn, for potting on, 1/6 per doz.

Calla æthiopica (*Lily of the Nile*), 1/- to 1/6 each.

— **grandiflora**, 1/6 each.

— **Perle von Stuttgart**, 1/- to 1/6 each.

— — **"Little Gem,"** miniature form, 9d. and 1/- each.

— — **The Godfrey**, a compact and sturdy growing variety, spathes pure white, very early and produced with the utmost freedom; a grand variety, 1/- and 1/6 each.

Pure white flowers, grand for Christmas and Easter decorations.

Cameillas, choice named kinds, in variety, 24/-, 30/- 36/- and 42/- per doz.

FLOWERING AND FOLIAGE PLANTS FOR FORCING—continued.

Camellias, extra sized plants, 5/-, 7/6, 10/6 and upwards each.

Carnations, Tree, in variety. Strong plants for winter flowering, 12/- and 18/- per doz.

Cerasus (*Flowering Cherries*), of sorts, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

Choisya ternata (*Mexican Mock Orange*), lovely white flowers of delicious fragrance. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

Clethra alnifolia, desirable for slow forcing, spikes of white blossoms, deliciously scented, 2/6 each.

Cyclamen, strong plants, in 5 inch pots, superb strain. 6/-, 9/-, 12/- and 15/- per doz.

Clinerarias, our famous "Gold Medal" strain, in 3 inch pots, 2/6 per doz.; in 5 inch pots, 6/-, 9/- and 12/- per doz.; young plants from stores, for potting on from July to October. 1/6 per doz.

Cytisus fragrans, yellow flowers, deliciously fragrant. 1/- and 1/6 each.

— **scoparius Andreanus**, very ornamental for greenhouse or conservatory decoration, producing enormous quantities of flowers, the upper part being deep golden yellow, and the lower petals bronzy red. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

Daphne indica alba, 2/- and 2/6 each.

— **rubra**, 1/6 and 2/6 each.

— **Mezereum**, rcd. 1/- to 2/6 each.

— **"var. album,"** white, 1/- to 2/6 each. An exceedingly sweet-scented and free-flowering class of plants.

Deutzias, see page 48.

Dielytra (*Dicentra*) **spectabilis**, graceful wreaths of silvery-pink flowers. Extra strong imported roots. 6d. and 9d. each; 4/- to 6/- per doz.; 30/- and 45/- per 100.

Epacris, fine free-blooming plants, in variety. 2/- to 2/6 each.

Ericas, in variety; best winter flowering sorts. 2/- to 2/6 each.

Euphorbia jacquiniflora, orange-scarlet bracts, fine for winter cutting. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

Exochorda grandiflora, large snowy-white flowers; handsome and free. 2/6 each.

Gardenias, of sorts. Strong vigorous plants, 2/- to 2/6 each.

"**Guilder Rose**," or **Snowball** (*Viburnum Opulus sterile*), lovely white flowers, freely produced, fine for cutting or decoration. Plants set with buds, 2/6 each. *See also Viburnum.*

Helleborus niger angustifolius. Of this splendid Christmas Rose we can offer probably the finest clumps in the trade. Our stock is in good condition for forcing for the production of flowers at Christmas or earlier, in cold houses; or if preferred, the clumps may be planted out and covered over with bell glasses or a sheet of ordinary glass, to preserve the flowers in all their purity. 1/6, 2/- and 2/6 each. — **(Christmas Rose)**, ordinary type. 6/-, 9/- and 12/- per doz.

— **maximus (altifolius)**—Miss Hope's variety—a grand variety, large flowers. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

For Complete Collection of Helleborus, see Catalogue of Herbaceous Plants.

Hyacinths, in pots. 1/- to 1/6 each.

— **White Roman**, in pots. 1/6 to 2/6 per pot.

Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora, enormous panicles of white flowers. Strong forcing plants, 1/- and 1/6 each.

— **Standards**, on 2½ to 3½ feet stems, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

— **stellata fimbriata**, flowers in great profusion and of immense size; bracts pure white, beautifully fringed. 1/6 each.

— **rubra plena**, a most charming variety. 1/6 each.

Japanese Maples, elegant shrubs, with foliage of diversified form and very rich colours, varying from green to deep crimson, effective for conservatory, table decoration, &c. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

Kalmia glauca, lilac-purple flowers, set with buds. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

— **latifolia**, rose-coloured flowers, set with buds. 2/- and 2/6 each.

Laburnums, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

Laurestinus, **French White**, well set with buds. 2/- to 2/6 each.

Ledum palustre, white, set with buds. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

Lilac, Charles X., well-known variety, fine for forcing. A dark place is requisite for forcing if the flowers are desired white. 2/6 each.

— **Madame Lemoine**, a superb double white form, with long compact spikes; a grand acquisition, 2/6 each.

— **Marie Legraye**, flowers pure white and freely produced in large trusses; one of the finest for forcing. 2/6 each.

— **Souvenir de L. Spath**, a magnificent variety, bright red flowers, the best in this shade, very large truss, extra fine. 2/6 each.

Lily of the Valley. The variety we offer is a special large blooming strong-growing type, that we have taken particular pains to secure, and those desiring to excel will do well to grow this. Finer crowns cannot be obtained. Extra strong imported single crowns, 5/- and 6/- per 100, 45/- and 50/- per 1000; extra strong imported clumps, 10/- to 12/- per doz., 1/- to 1/3 each.

Magnolia conspicua (*Yulan Tree*), white flowers, reverse of petals sometimes suffused purple; beautifully fragrant. 7/6 each.

— **Alexandrina**, flowers white, reverse of petals sometimes flushed purplish-magenta; a grand variety. 5/- and 7/6 each.

— **Lennel**, interior of flower pale pinkish-white, exterior deep purple; large and extra fine. 5/-, 7/6 and 10/6 each.

— **Norberti**, white, base of petals dark purple. 5/- and 7/6 each.

— **Soulangeana**, a beautiful variety, white, veined and shaded purple. 5/- and 7/6 each.

— **speciosa**, similar in habit to *Soulangeana*, but flowers paler and opens later. 5/- and 7/6 each.

— **stellata (Halleana)**, a species flowering before the leaves are fully developed, profuse bloomer even at two years old, double, sweet-scented, almost hardy. 5/- and 7/6 each.

Narcissus, in variety. 1/- to 2/6 per pot.

FLOWERING AND FOLIAGE PLANTS FOR FORCING *continued.*

Philadelphus hybridus Lemoinei, a pretty variety of *Mock Orange*, with pure white flowers, medium growth. Ground plants, 1/- and 1/6 each; in pots, 2/- and 2/6 each.

Primula sinensis, red and white. 6/- and 9/- per doz.

— **alba plena grandiflora**, double pure white, very full, best for cutting. 1/- and 1/6 each.

— double sorts to name, red and white 1/6 each.

Prunus sinensis, **alba plena**, flowers may be compared to innumerable small white roses (the size of a large button), clustered on branches. 2/6 each.

rosea plena, delicate blush-coloured double flowers, thickly set on long slender branches. 2/6 each.

— **triloba**, double pink, extremely ornamental, and a free bloomer. 2/6 each.

Pyrus malus Scheideckeri, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

— **floribunda atrosanguinea**, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

Rhododendrons, in variety, best forcing kinds, whether for early or late forcing. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

Rhododendron præcox, rosy lilac, dwarf, fine for early forcing. 2/6 each.

Roses, finest Teas and Hybrid Teas, in variety 12/-, 18/-, 24/-, 30/- to 42/- per doz.

— **Hybrid Perpetual and Bourbon**, extra strong plants of the best kinds for forcing. Established in pots, 1/6 to 2/6 each; 15/- to 24/- per doz.

Solanums, well berried; strong healthy plants 9/-, 12/- and 18/- per doz., 1/- and 1/6 each.

Spiræa Bumalda, cymes of pretty pink blossoms. 1/- each.

— **"Anthony Waterer,"** fine heads of deep crimson flowers; plant of compact rich habit, free-flowering and attractive. 1/6 each.

— **ruberrima**, deeper in colour than *Bumalda*; a charming plant. 1/- to 1/6 each.

— **callosa alba**, similar to *S. Bumalda*, but with white flowers. 1/- each.

— **confusa (media)**, flowers pure white; one of the freest flowering *Spiræas* known. 1/6 each.

— **prunifolia flora plena**, very graceful and pretty; pure white double flowers. 1/6 each.

— **Thunbergi**, small white star-like blossoms. 1/6 each.

For *Spiræa japonica*, *Astilboides*, &c., see *Bulb List*.

Staphylea colchica, beautiful white flowers of singular form. One of the best forcing shrubs known. 2/- and 2/6 each.

Viburnum macrocephalum, large snowy balls of bloom, exceeding in size those of the old *Gelder Rose*. 2/6 each.

Opulus sterile, see *Gelder Rose*.

— **plicatum**, similar to the old *Gelder Rose*, but flowers larger, whiter, and more abundantly produced. 2/6 each.

— Standards. 3/6 and 5/- each.

Wistaria sinensis, standards, 5/- and 7/6 each.

Xanthoceras sorbifolia, a handsome shrub with pale green mountain-ash-like foliage and abundant long spike-like clusters of creamy-white flowers with a copper-red centre. In pots, 2/6 each.

We send our List of Roses Gratis and Post Free to all applicants.
Send for a Copy.

OUR ROSE LIST.

We publish a special list entirely devoted to Roses. It consists of 68 pages and is of convenient size for pocket use; in addition to all the choice, well-known and established varieties, it contains a select and comprehensive list of all the newest varieties, of every section, from all sources. Roses in pots and in open ground are specialised with us. Grown in a northern climate, our roses possess a greater hardihood than do those grown in the south. We shall be pleased to send you a copy of our list gratis and post free on application.

PRICES OF ROSES.

CARRIAGE OF ROSES.—We pay carriage on all Roses from the open ground to purchaser's nearest Railway Station. **CHARGES for DELIVERY** from Stations, also carriage on Roses in Pots, **MUST BE PAID BY THE PURCHASER.**

Dwarf Hybrid Perpetual.—The best varieties for garden decoration or for exhibition.

Our Selection, 5/-, 6/- and 7/6 per doz., 36/-, 40/- to 50/- per 100.

Purchaser's Selection, 9d. each, 7/6 per doz., 50 for 30/-, or 100 for 60/-, excepting those priced.

— **Established in Pots for Forcing.** We can supply extra strong plants of the best kinds for this purpose, at 1/6 to 2/6 each, 15/- to 24/- per doz.

ROSES—*continued.*

Tea, Noisette, and Hybrid Tea.—Plants from open ground for outdoor cultivation, the finest varieties.

Our Selection, 9/-, 10/- and 12/- per doz.

Purchaser's Selection, 12/- and 15/- per doz., excepting those priced.

Plants in Pots. Purchaser's Selection, 15/- and 18/- per doz., excepting those priced.

Our Selection, 12/- per doz.

Extra Strong Climbing Varieties, in 7 in. pots, with growths 8 to 12 feet in length, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.

Extra Strong Bush Plants, in 7 in. pots, for forcing, 2/6 and 3/6 each.

In addition to foregoing sizes we can supply a limited number of extra large and strong climbers and bush plants, splendid plants in large pots, 5/-, 7/6, 10/6, 12/6, 15/-, 17/6 and 21/- each.



Photo

STANDARD AND PILLAR ROSES.

[*Clibrans*

Moss—Plants from open ground, in finest sorts.

Our Selection, 5/- and 6/- per doz., 36/- to 45/- per 100.

Purchaser's Selection, 9d. each, 7/6 per doz., 60/- per 100, excepting those priced.

Plants in Pots—Our Selection, 9/- per doz. **Purchaser's Selection**, 12/- per doz., excepting those priced.

Penzance Roses—Our Selection, 6/- and 9/- per doz.

Dwarf Polyantha Roses—Our Selection, 6/- and 7/6 per doz.

Rugosa Roses—Our Selection, 6/- and 9/- per doz.

Climbing Roses—Our Selection, 6/- per doz.

Standard Hybrid Perpetual, 18/-, 21 and 24/- per doz.

Half-Standard **do.** 15/-, 21/- and 24/- per doz.

Quarter-Standard **do.** on stems 1½ to 2 feet high, 12/- and 15/- per doz.

Standard and Half-Standard Tea, Hybrid Tea, and Noisette, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

Strong
Plants
from
open
ground.

Only a limited number of varieties in each of these classes can be supplied in Standard form. Owing to the indifferent manner in which they grow in many districts, we cannot undertake any responsibility in the event of their failing to thrive.

Send for our Fruit List, gratis and post free.

OUR LIST OF FRUITS.

POINTS OF IMPORTANCE. The importance of securing the best possible trees for planting purposes cannot be too greatly insisted upon. Unless the trees have been properly grown, are free from pests, and have well developed roots, the cultivator is handicapped at the outset.

Upwards of half a century's experience in the production of Fruit Trees and Bushes of the highest class, is placed at the disposal of our clients. The employment of specialists exclusively devoted to this department, together with the exercise of the highest skill and most careful attention to every detail, enables us to produce and offer Trees and Bushes of the highest quality and grade.

SOIL AND SYSTEM. The high altitude at which our Fruit lands are situated, the favourable character of the soil, and the system of growing and transplanting that we adopt, combine to make our Fruit Trees hardy, strong, vigorous, and what is most important, well furnished with an abundant supply of fibrous roots.

CLEANLINESS AND NOMENCLATURE. Every practical Fruit Grower knows the great importance of these two points. Unless the former is constantly maintained, success in Fruit growing will not be possible. Correct and true nomenclature is equally important. Both these subjects meet with special and unremitting care and attention at our hands.



Photo]

APPLE, "BRAMLEY'S SEEDLING."

[Clibrans

FRUITS—*continued.*

**WE INVITE
INSPECTION.**

We would much prefer, that instead of our describing to you the extent and excellence of our stocks, you paid us a visit and inspected the same yourself. We think it would interest you and also be beneficial to ourselves. The nearest station to our Nurseries is Hale (late Peel Causeway), on the Cheshire Lines Railway, distant about one mile; a good service of trains is maintained between this Station and Manchester on the one side, and Chester for connections into Wales, &c., on the other. We shall always be pleased to meet visitors by appointment.

Prices of Fruits.

APPLES.

Standards and Half-Standards, 1/6, 2/6 and 3/6 each ; 15/-, 18/-, 24/-, 30/- and 36/- per doz. ; 100/-, 150/-, 200/- and 250/- per 100.

Pyramids and Bushes, 12/-, 18/-, 24/-, 30/- and 42/- per doz. ; 85/-, 130/-, 175/- and 200/- per 100.

Standard and Pyramid Trees, extra sized Trees, of a limited number of varieties only, splendid quality, 5/-, 7/6, 10/6, 15/- and 21/- each.

Yearlings or Maidens, 9d. each, 7/6 per doz., 50/- per 100 ; Two-Year Trees, 1/- each, 9/- per doz.

Espaliers or Dwarf Horizontal Trained Trees, with 2, 3, or 4 tiers, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.

Extra sized specimens of a few varieties, with 5 tiers and upwards, 7/6, 10/6 and 12/6 each.

Fan-trained Trees, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each ; Extra sized specimens of a few varieties, 7/6 each.

Cordons, Single Horizontal, 1/6, 2/- and 2/6 each; Double Horizontal, 1/6, 2/6 to 3/6 each ; Diagonal or Oblique, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

CHERRIES.

Standards and Half-Standards, 1/6, 2/6 and 3/6 each; 15/-, 18/-, 24/-, 30/- and 36/- per doz.

Pyramids, 12/-, 18/-, 24/-, 30/- and 42/- per doz.

Yearlings and Maidens, 9d. each ; 7/6 per doz.

Dwarf Trained Trees, 2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each.

Currants, per doz., 2/6, 3/6 and 4/6 ; per 100, 16/-, 20/-, 25/- and 30/-, excepting those priced Extra large bushes, which have fruited several years, per doz., 6/- and 9/-

FIGS, in choice variety. Small plants, 1/6 each ; strong bushes in pots, 2/6, 3/6, 5/-, 7/6 and 10/6 each.

A limited number of plants can be supplied trained flat for walls, at 5/- and 7/6 each.

GOOSEBERRIES, strong bushes, 2/6, 3/6, 4/6 and 6/- per doz.; 15/-, 20/-, 25/- and 30/- per 100.

GRAPE VINES, in choicest variety. Extra fine fruiting canes, 7/6, 10/6 and 12/6 each; strong planting canes, 3/6 and 5/- each.

PEACHES, NECTARINES AND APRICOTS.—Strong and Extra Transplanted Dwarf Fan-trained trees, 3/6, 5/-, 7/6 to 10/6 each; Standard and Half-Standard Trained Trees, 7/6, 10/6 12/6 and 15/- each.

Maidens or Yearlings, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

PEARS.—Prices same as Apples.

PLUMS AND DAMSONS.—Prices same as Apples.

RASPBERRIES, in fine variety. Strong Canes, our selection, 1/6 and 2/- per doz., 8/-, 10/- and 12/6 per 100.

STRAWBERRIES, of sorts. Our selection, prepared runners, 3/- to 5/- per 100; established in pots, 15/- per 100.

For descriptive list of all the choicest and best varieties of Hardy Fruits, together with Vines, Figs, &c., see our Catalogue of Fruits, gratis and post free on application.

**NOTE.—A complete List of Manures appears in our Garden Requisites List,
Gratis and Post Free.**

CLIBRANS' GARDEN MANURES.

	Per pkt.	Per 14 lbs.	Per $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt.	Per cwt.
Clibrans' Nitrogen Manure	... 6d. & 1/-	... 2/-	... 7/6	... 14/6
Clibrans' Phosphate Manure	... 6d. & 1/-	... 1/6	... 5/6	... 10/6
Clibrans' Potash Manure ...	... 6d. & 1/-	... 1/3	... 4/3	... 8/6

$\frac{1}{2}$ cwt. and upwards Carriage Paid.

Clibrans' "Ideal" Fertilizer.

Prices:—Tins, 6d. and 1/-; post free, 10d. and 1/5. Bags, 7 lbs. 1/9, 14 lbs. 3/-, 28 lbs. 5/-, 56 lbs. 9/6; per cwt. 18/-. $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt. and upwards Carriage Paid. No charge for Bags.

Clibrans' Blood Manure.

Prices:—In Packets, 6d. and 1/-; post free, 10d. and 1/5. 7 lbs. 1/9, 14 lbs. 3/-, 28 lbs. 5/-, 56 lbs. 9/6; per cwt. 18/-. $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt and upwards Carriage Paid.

Clibrans' Bone Meal.

Prices:—Finest Quality, Ordinary or Superfine. Per lb. 2d., 14 lbs. 2/-, $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt. 8/-, per cwt. 14/- Good Quality, Ordinary or Superfine. Per lb. 2d., 14 lbs. 1/9, $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt. 6/6, per cwt. 12/- $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt. and upwards Carriage Paid.

NOTE.—Unless instructed to the contrary we invariably send the finest quality.

Clibrans' Lawn Manure.

INVALUABLE FOR CRICKET, TENNIS, CROQUET AND OTHER LAWNS.

Prices:—In Bags, per cwt. 11/6, $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt. 6/-. $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt and upwards Carriage Paid.

Bones, Half-inch.

Prices:—Finest Quality, per $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt. 7/-, per cwt. 12/-. Good Quality, per $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt. 6/-, per cwt. 10/6 $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt. and upwards, Carriage Paid.

NOTE.—Unless instructed to the contrary we invariably send the finest quality.

Various Manures.

All Free on Rails except where otherwise stated.

Basic Slag, 14 lbs., 1/-; per cwt., 6/-; 5 cwt., 25/-; 10 cwt., 45/-

Beeson's, in boxes, 1/- and 2/6; bags, 56 lbs., 8/-; per cwt., 15/-

Canary Guano, in tins, 6d. and 1/-; bags, 14 lbs., 4/6; 28 lbs., 7/6; 56 lbs., 12/6; per cwt. 20/-

Crushed Oyster Shells, for chrysanthemums, &c., 7/6 per cwt.

Horn Shavings, 14 lbs., 2/-; per cwt., 14/6

Improved Fish Guano.—Per cwt., 16/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt., 8/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ cwt., 4/6; 14 lbs., 2/6; 7 lbs., 1/6

Kainit, 14 lbs., 1/-; per cwt., 6/-; 5 cwt., 25/-; 10 cwt., 50/-

Manchester Corporation Concentrated Manure. In bags, containing about 1 cwt., 4/6 each.

Nitrate of Potash, per lb., 6d.; 14 lbs., 4/6; 28 lbs., 8/-; 56 lbs., 15/6.

GARDEN MANURES—*continued.*

Nitrate of Soda, per lb., 3d.; 14 lbs., 2/6; 28 lbs., 4/6; 56 lbs., 8/6; per cwt., 16/6

Peruvian Guano, Finest Quality.—In Tins, 6d. and 1/-; 7 lbs., 1/9; 14 lbs., 3/-; 28 lbs., 5/-; 56 lbs., 9/-; per cwt., 17/6

Peruvian Guano, Good Quality.—7 lbs., 1/6; 14 lbs., 2/6; 28 lbs., 4/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt., 8/-; per cwt., 15/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt. and upwards, Carriage Paid.

Pure Ichthemic Guano.—Tins, 6d., post free 10d.; 1/-, post free 1/5; 2/6, post free 3/6. Sealed bags, 14 lbs., 4/6, post free 6/-; 28 lbs., 7/6; 56 lbs., 12/6; per cwt., 20/-. Carriage Paid to any Railway Station.

Rape Dust, 14 lbs., 2/-; per cwt., 10/6

Standen's Plant Manure, per tin, 6d., 1/-, 2/6 and 5/6 each.

Sulphate of Ammonia, per lb., 3d.; 14 lbs., 3/-; 28 lbs., 6/-; 56 lbs., 11/-; per cwt., 20/-

Superphosphate of Lime, 14 lbs., 1/3; per cwt., 6/-; 5 cwt., 27/6; 10 cwt., 50/-

Warrington Corporation Concentrated Manure. An excellent manure for all purposes. Contains the equivalent of 7.35 per cent. ammonia. In bags of 1 cwt., 6/6; per ton, 125/-

Thompson's Vine, Plant, and Vegetable Manure.

TERMS:—

1 Ton	...	...	...	...	£18	0	0		28 lbs.	...	...	...	...	£0	6	0
10 cwt.	...	...	...	...	9	10	0		14 lbs.	...	...	...	...	0	3	6
1 cwt.	...	...	...	...	1	0	0		7 lbs.	...	...	...	...	0	2	6
56 lbs.	...	...	...	...	0	10	0		Tins	...	...	...	...	3/6,	2/-,	1/- and 6d.

1 cwt. and upwards Carriage Paid to all stations in the United Kingdom.

 **Clibrans' Concentrated Mushroom Spawn.**

Best Quality, per Brick, 6d.; per Bushel of 16 Bricks, 5/-

See Seed Catalogue for Hints on Culture, &c.

Composts.

Charcoal (pure wood) **Lump**. Very useful to mix with composts for vine borders, &c. Bushel, 1/6.

Charcoal (pure wood) **Fine**, for potting composts and top-dressing lawns, bowling greens, tennis courts, &c., improving the grass in vigour of growth and in colour. Per bushel, 1/6; per cwt., 5/-; larger quantities, 75/- per ton in our Nursery.

Cocoa Fibre, per bushel, 2/-

Jadoo Fibre. A potting material for growing all sorts of plants, and being light and clean is specially adapted for hanging baskets. Per peck, 1/-; per bushel, 3/6; 3 bushels, 8/-

Leaf Mould. Per bushel, 1/6; 12 bushels, 16/-

Loam (Kent). Per cwt., 3/6; 10 cwt., 30/-

Peat, extra selected for orchids, limited supply only. Per bushel, 7/6; per bag, 15/-

Peat, selected for orchids. Per bushel, 5/-; per sack, 12/6

Peat, best fibrous, for stove plants, azaleas, heaths, &c. Per bushel, 3/6; 6 bushels, 18/-; 12 bushels, 30/-

Peat, good fibrous. 6 bushels, 12/-; 12 bushels, 18/-; per bushel, 2/6

Salt, for garden walks, to destroy weeds, &c. Per cwt., 2/6

Sods (Turfs), for potting. 12 bushels, 7/-; 5 bushels, 3/6; per bushel, 1/-. A good loam for chrysanthemums, geraniums, roses, &c.

Silver Sand, coarse or fine. Per cwt., 3/-; 10 cwt., 27/6

Sphagnum Moss, for orchids. Per bushel, 3/6; 5 bushels, 15/-

Compost, ready for use, made up in bags, for ferns, azaleas, hard-wooded plants, roses, &c. Per bushel, 3/6

Compost, for chrysanthemums, bulbs, soft-wooded plants, such as fuchsias, geraniums, &c. Per bushel, 2/-

Turfs (Sods). See above.

ABRIDGED LIST OF

Insect Destroyers, Appliances, &c.

Abol Insecticide, per pint 1/6, quart 2/6, $\frac{1}{2}$ gall. 4/-, gallon 7/6, 3 gallon drum 18/-

Aphicide for the distribution of Insecticides, 1/6 each.

Aphls Brushes, with japanned handles, 2/- per pair.

Auto-Shreds, the new fumigant, the most effective insect killer on the market; requires no apparatus; simple, safe and easy to use. For 1000 cub. ft., 6d. per paeket; for 10,000 cub. ft., 3/6 per paeket.

Bellows, for the distribution of tobacco powder, &c., 2/6 each.

Bordeaux Mixture, Campbell's Improved, for curing mildew, potato disease, phylloxera, &c.

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Grafting Wax. See French Grafting Wax.

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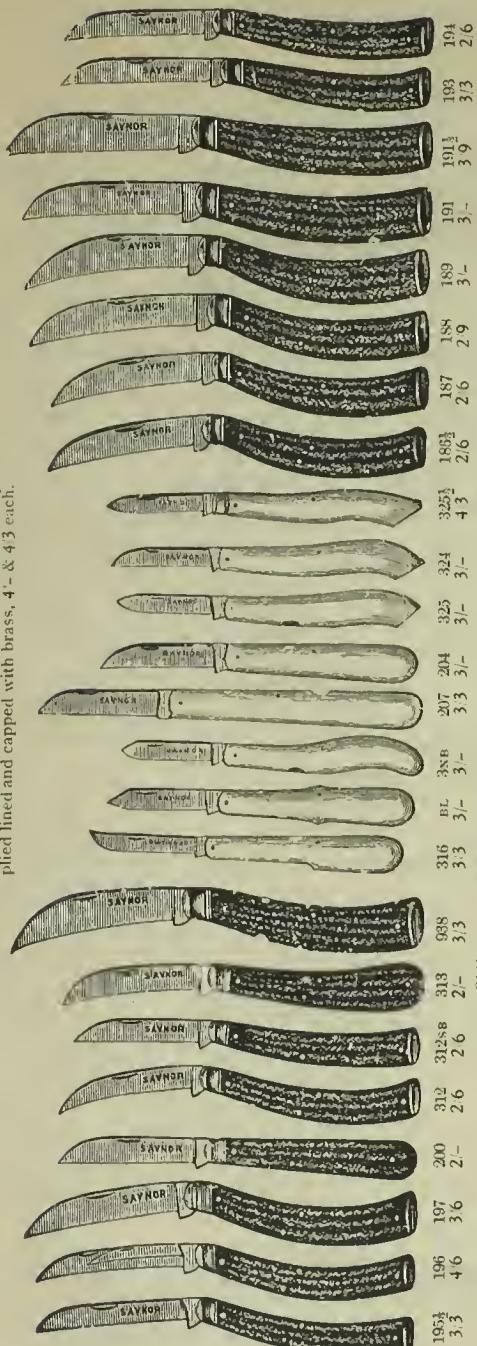
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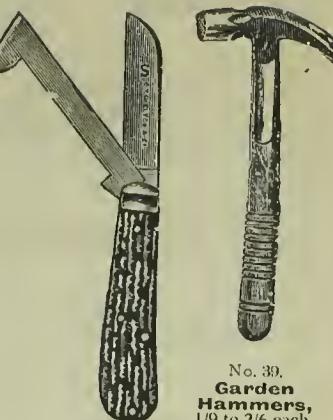
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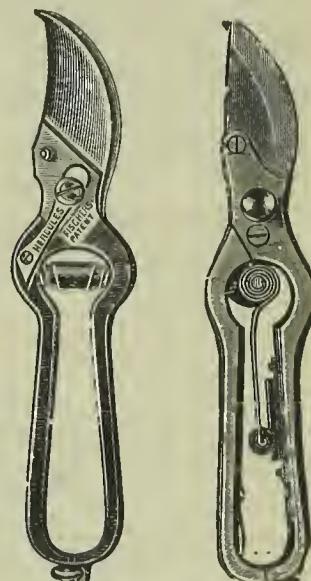


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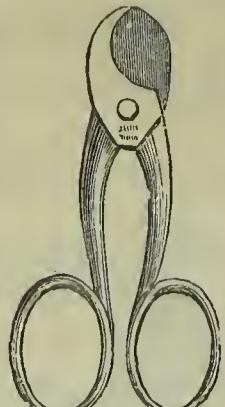
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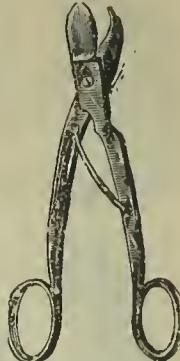
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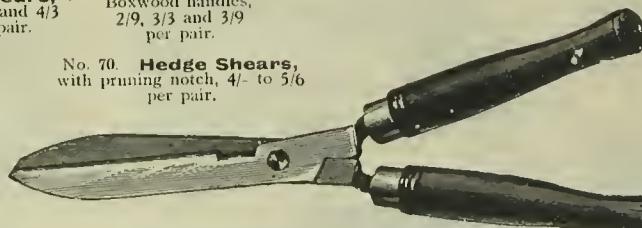


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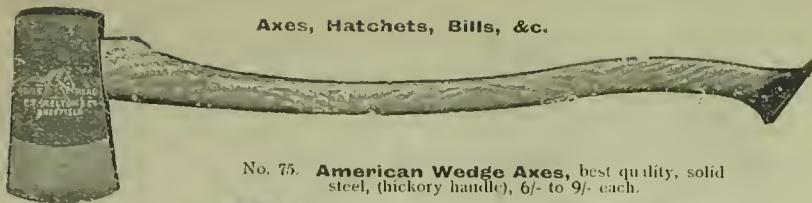


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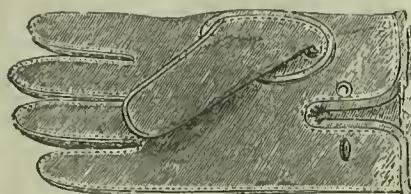
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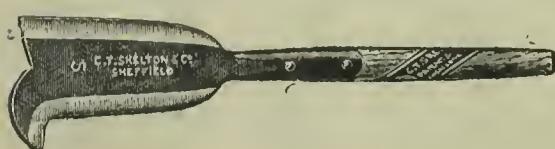


No. 81.
Bill Hooks,
(Knighton)
2/6 to 3/- each.



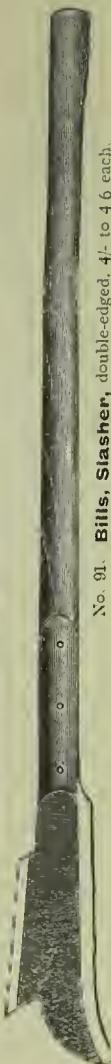
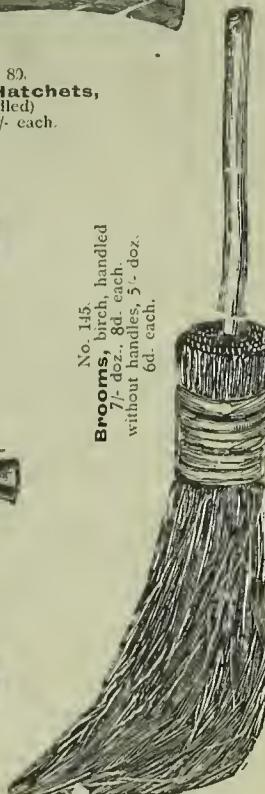
No. 109. **Pruning Gloves**, Drummond
pattern, 2/6 per pair.

No. 110. **Mock Buck Gloves**, 3/6 and 4/6
per pair.



No. 85.
Bill Hooks (Yorkshire), 4/- to 4/6 each.

No. 145.
Brooms, birch, handled
7/- doz., 8d. each.
without handles, 5/- doz.,
6d. each.



No. 91. **Bills, Slasher**, double-edged, 4/- to 4/6 each.



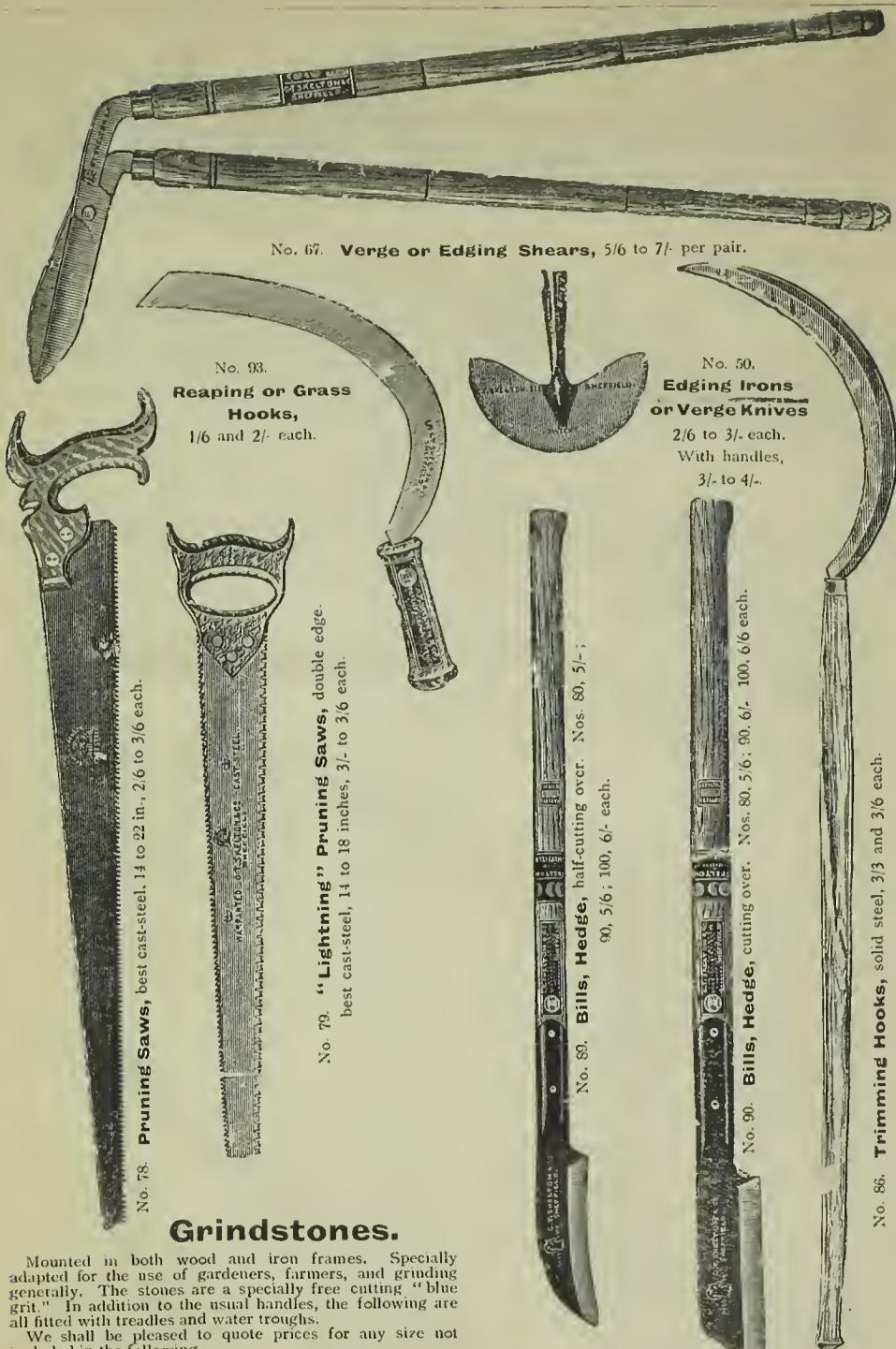
No. 106.
Pruning Gloves, Oxford Pattern,
2/6 per pair.

No. 107.

Hedge Pruning Gloves, strong,
2/6 to 3/6 per pair.

No. 108.

Ladies' Pruning Gloves,
1/6 to 2/6 per pair.



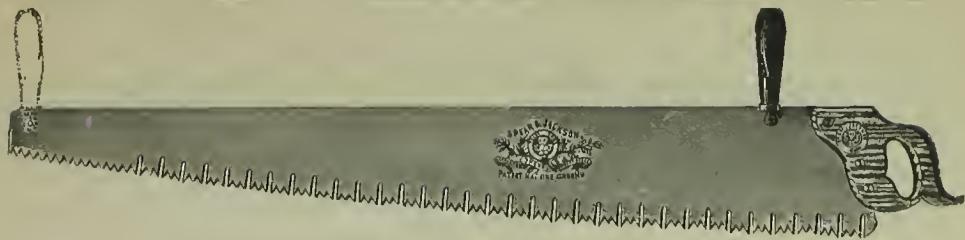
Grindstones.

Mounted in both wood and iron frames. Specially adapted for the use of gardeners, farmers, and grudging generally. The stones are a specially free cutting "blue grit." In addition to the usual handles, the following are all fitted with treadles and water troughs.

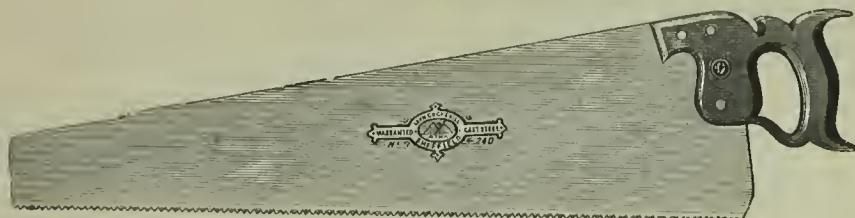
We shall be pleased to quote prices for any size not included in the following.

SIZE	WOOD FRAMES			IRON FRAMES		
	On anti-friction rollers			On anti-friction rollers		
18 ins. by 3 ins.	£1	3	0	£1	7	6
18 " 4 "	1	6	6	1	13	0
21 " 3 "	1	10	9	1	17	6
21 " 4 "	1	14	0	2	1	9
24 " 4 "	1	18	6	2	6	0
26 " 4 "	2	6	3	2	19	6
30 " 5 "	3	6	0	3	17	0

Pulley for steam power, 5/-. Fast and loose pulleys, per pair, 10/-. Larger sizes than above can be supplied; also dressed stones, unmounted, from 6 to 50 inches diameter, of varying thicknesses. Prices and full particulars on application.



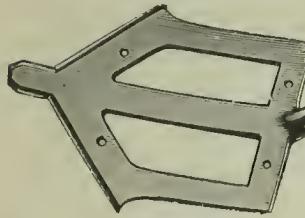
No. 76. "One Man" Cross-Cut Saws, each 8/- to 12/-.



No. 77. Saws for General Purposes, each 3/- to 3/6.

Spades, Shovels, Forks, &c.

When ordering Spades and Forks, please state if preferred with or handles.



Phillip's Patent Digger.
A combination of a Digging Spade, Cultivator, Sub-soiler, and Aerator.

This implement is lighter than the ordinary spade, enters the ground as easily as a fork, subsoils, and aerates it better than any other tool. handle, as illustration, 5/6; handle, 5/9 each.



No. 19. Spades, strapped, all bright solid steel. No. 1, 4/3. No. 2, 4/6.



No. 20. Spades, socket, all bright solid steel. No. 1, 4/3. No. 2, 4/6.



No. 22. Shovels, square, solid steel, each 2/-, 2/6 and 3/-.

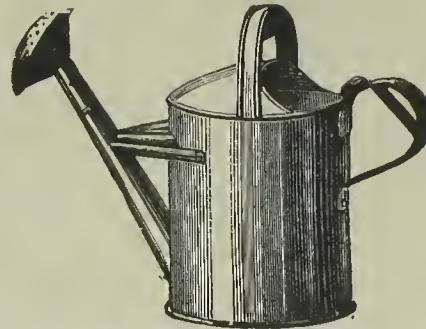


No. 23. a Shovels, diamond pointed, each 2/9 to 3/-.

Also supplied in half-bright solid steel.
No. 1, 4/-. No. 2, 4/3.

Spades, for ladies and children,
2/- and 3/- each.

Shovels for Stoking, extra strong,
8 ins. wide, 4/- each.

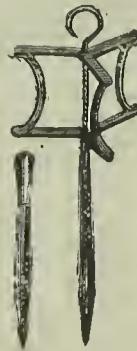
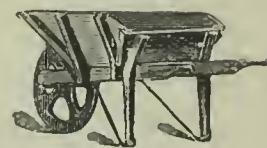
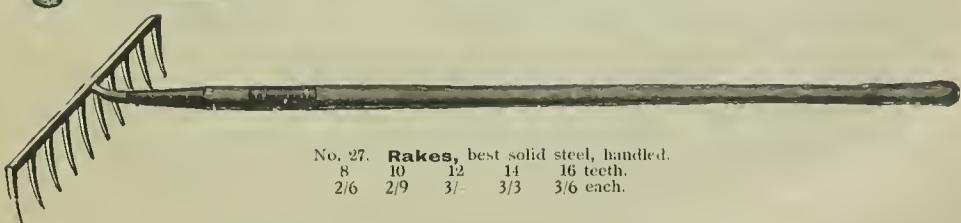
No. 63. **Pickaxes**, solid eyed, best steeled, 7 lbs., 3/- each.No. 62. **Mattocks**, solid eyed, best steeled, 7 lbs., 3/- each.No. 43A. **Garden Lines**, 30 yds. and 60 yds. qd. and 16 each.No. 66. **Hickory Handles**, for mattocks and pickaxes, 1/- and 1/3 each.

No. 155.

Water Can.Strong, with short spout, and rim bottom.
Japanned Green.

2	3	4	6 quarts.
1/9	2/3	2/9	3/6 each.
8	12	16	24 quarts.

4/6 6/- 7/6 12/- each.

No. 40. **Dibblers**, iron shod, 1 6 each.No. 12. **Reels**, with Stakes
(Triangular),
2/6 each.No. 43. **Reels**, with Stakes
2/- each.No. 95. **Garden Barrows**,
from 28/- to 35/- each.No. 27. **Rakes**, best solid steel, handled.
8 10 12 14 16 teeth.
2/6 2/9 3/- 3/3 3/6 each.No. 90. **Handles**, ash for hoes, forks, rakes, &c., from 4 ft. to 6 ft., 6d. to 10d. each. **Handles**, white wood for brooms, &c., 4d. each.



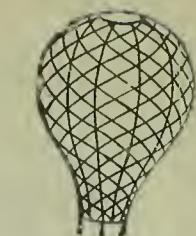
No. 51.
Turfing Irons,
each 8/- to 10/6. With
handles, 9/- to 11/6.



No. 103.
Garden Scrapers,
2/- each.



No. 374.
**Ornamental Wire
Hanging Baskets,**
10 diam., 1/6 each.



No. 405 J.
**Galvanized Wire
Balloon Trainers.**

For training plants in
pots or open garden.
Height 12 15 18 ins.
Price 2/6 2/9 3/3 each.
Height 21 24 in.
Price 4/- 5/- each.

Larger sizes can be sup-
plied at proportionate prices.



No. 57.
Spade Foot Irons,
with leather sides,
1/3 each.



No. 161. **Galvanized Barbed Fencing Wire,** 18/- per cwt.

No. 101J. **Galvanized Wire Pea Trainers,** Specially made of 1 in.
mesh netting; 6 ft. by 4 ft., 2/- each.

Diamond Tied, 6 in. by 9 in. mesh, 6 ft. by 4 ft., 4/- each.

No. 166J. **Galvanized Wire,** No. 14 gauge, the size most used for walls,
3d. per lb. 100 yds. weighs about 7 lbs.

Galvanized Wrought-Iron Fittings, for Wiring Vineries, &c., and
for Espaliers.

No. 227J. **Galvanized Radisseurs,** for tightening the wires of Es-
paliers for training fruit trees, &c., against walls. One required for each
line of wire. 4/6 per dozen. Key for winding Radisseurs, 6d. each.

No. 239J. **Galvanized Terminal Holdfasts.** Two of these are
required for each length of wire.

Bent as illustration, 4 in. 1/3; 5 in. 1/6 per doz.

Straight, 1 in. 9d.; 5 in. 1/3 per doz.

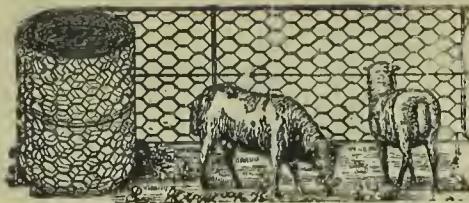
When ordering please say if required bent or straight.



**All Wire Goods are subject to alteration in prices, and offered free
on rails here at purchaser's risk.**

**Price List of Lawn Mowers, Tennis Markers, Garden Rollers,
and other Implements, Free on application.**

No. 100J. **Galvanized Wire Seed and Pea Protectors.** Made of $\frac{3}{8}$ in. mesh wire netting. Per doz. 3/- including 2 ends.



No. 162. **Galvanized Wire Netting.** These prices are for 19's gauge, the one in greatest demand; other widths and strengths supplied at proportionate rates.

$\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{5}{8}$, $\frac{7}{8}$ in. mesh can also be supplied; each roll is 50 yards in length. Shorter lengths at proportionately higher rates.

Mesh.	12 in.	18 in.	24 in.	30 in.	36 in.	42 in.	48 in.	60 in.	72 in.	Wide.
1 inch.....	7/3	10/11	14/6	18/2	21/9	25/5	29/-	36/3	43/6	Per Roll.
1 $\frac{1}{2}$ "	4/9	7/2	9/6	11/11	14/3	16/8	19/-	23/9	28/6	"
2 "	3/5	5/3	7/-	8/9	10/6	12/3	14/-	17/6	21/-	"
3 "	2/11	4/4	5/9	7/3	8/8	10/1	11/6	14/5	17/3	"

Labels, Sticks, Stakes, &c.

ACME LABELS.

Very neat imperishable Labels, the letters are raised in hard rolled zinc. No writing required.

For Roses per doz. 1/3, postage extra.
For Fruit Trees " 1/9, " "

THE "STRATFORD" IMPROVED LABELS. (Smith's Imperishable).

These Labels are made of a White Metal, and the names are raised from the surface in bold *black-faced* letters. Labels bearing names of Roses, Fruit Trees, &c., are manufactured, but any name ordered can be supplied. Price from 1/- to 12/- per dozen.

SQUARE STAKES, for Roses, Dahlias, &c.* *Green Painted, Tarred Bottoms.*
3 ft., 1/6; $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft., 1/9; 4 ft., 2/-; $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft., 2/3; 5 ft., 2/6; 6 ft., 3/-; 7 ft., 5/- per dozen.

Other sizes at proportionate prices.

BAMBOO CANES.

Very durable about 3 ft. 10 in. long, 3/6 per 100; 5 ft., 6/6 per 100; 6 ft., 9/6 per 100; 7 ft., 10/6 per 100.

WOODEN GARDEN STICKS.

1	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	2	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	3	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	4	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	5	feet.
6d.	9d.	1/-	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ /6	2/-	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ /6	3/-	3 $\frac{1}{2}$ /6	4/-	per 100.

If painted, 1/- to 1/3 per 100 extra.

WOODEN LABELS OR TALLIES.

Unpainted	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	inches.
	... 4d.	6d.	8d.	10d.	1/-	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1/4	per 100.
Painted	... 3/-	4/6	6/-	7/6	9/-	11/-	12/6	per 1000.
"	... 8d.	10d.	1/-	1/3	1/6	1/9	2/-	per 100.

	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	inches.
2 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. ... 60 to cast.	5 in. ... 30 to cast.	8 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. ... 10 to cast.						
3 " ... 50 "	5 $\frac{1}{2}$ " ... 24 "	9 $\frac{1}{2}$ " ... 8 "						
3 $\frac{1}{2}$ " ... 50 "	6 $\frac{1}{2}$ " ... 18 "	11 " ... 6 "						
4 " ... 40 "	7 " ... 15 "	12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " ... 4 "						
4 $\frac{1}{2}$ " ... 36 "	7 $\frac{1}{2}$ " ... 11 "							

3/- per cast.

14 in. ... 3 to cast.

15 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. ... 2 to cast.

18 in. ... 1 to cast.

Saucers. Prices as Pots. **Orchid Pans**, with holes in sides, in same sizes and counts as ordinary pots, 4/- per cast.
Seed Pans, square or oblong, 9/- per doz. **Seakale Pots**, 2/6 each. **Rhubarb Pots**, 3/6 each.

Flower Pots, Pans, Saucers, &c., when forwarded by rail are at purchaser's risk, and we take no responsibility should breakage occur. In all cases where orders are sent it must be clearly understood that they are only accepted on this condition, and that purchasers must apply to carriers for compensation.

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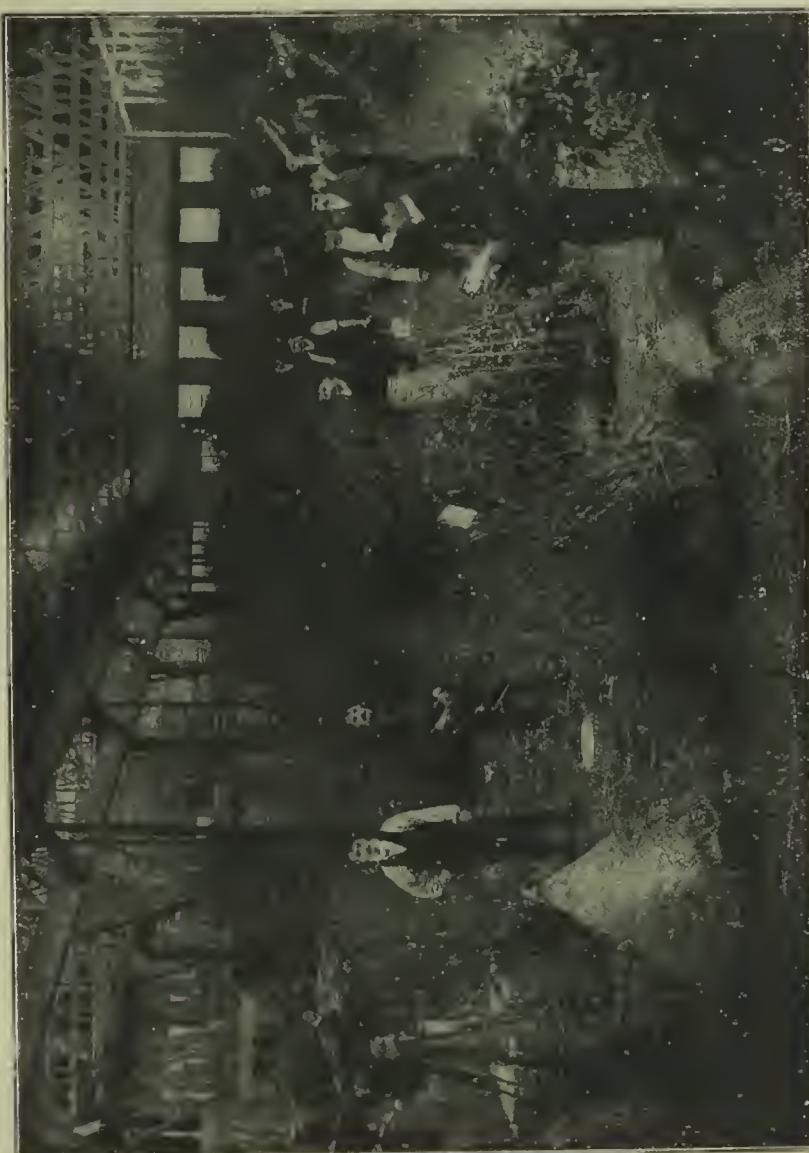
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CLIBRANS' PACKING DEPARTMENT.



[Clibrans

Photo]

View of a portion of our Packing Shed, the largest building of its kind in the country. It is of rectangular shape, with a length of 230 feet, and a width of 105 feet. An overhead travelling crane is erected near the centre of the shed, enabling the largest crates and packages to be handled with ease.

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BEDDING PLANTS	April
GARDEN TOOLS, SUNDRIES AND REQUISITES	April
STRAWBERRIES	August
BULBS AND FORCING PLANTS	August
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A new variety of French Beech Tree, var. Kewensis.

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ALFRINCHAM,
MANCHESTER,
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